

RFA Monthly Statistics

Web Log Analysis Monthly Report September 2008

Report Range:09/01/2008 00:00:00 – 09/30/2008 23:59:59



This report was generated by WebTrends(R) Tuesday October 21, 2008 – 10:15:29
Final report conversion by WebTrends Document Utility, Version 6.1a (build 423)

(c) 1996–2004 NetIQ Corporation. All rights reserved.

Table of Contents

Overview Dashboard.....	1
Marketing Dashboard.....	3
Referrers Dashboard.....	5
Activity by Referring Site.....	7
Activity by Referring Domain.....	9
Activity by Referring Page.....	11
Search Engines Dashboard.....	13
Activity by Search Engine.....	15
Activity by Search Phrase.....	31
Activity by Search Keyword.....	35
Visitors Dashboard.....	43
Top Visitors.....	47
New vs. Return Visits.....	51
Visitors by Number of Visits.....	53
Visitors Trend.....	55
Visits Trend.....	59
Top Organizations.....	61
Top Authenticated Usernames.....	63
Top Domain Names.....	65
Top-Level Domain Types.....	67
Pages Dashboard.....	69
Top Pages.....	71
Top Content Groups.....	75
Top Directories.....	77
Files Dashboard.....	79
Most Downloaded Files.....	81

Table of Contents

Most Accessed File Types.....	83
Most Uploaded Files.....	85
Navigation Dashboard.....	87
Top Entry Pages.....	89
Top Entry Files.....	93
Top Exit Pages.....	95
Single Access Pages.....	99
Top Paths Through Site.....	103
Referrers Dashboard.....	107
Activity by Referring Site.....	109
Activity by Referring Domain.....	111
Activity by Referring Page.....	113
Search Engines Dashboard.....	115
Activity by Search Engine.....	117
Activity by Search Phrase.....	133
Activity by Search Keyword.....	137
Technical Dashboard.....	145
Page Views Trend.....	147
Hits Trend.....	149
Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend.....	151
Average Time to Serve Pages.....	153
Errors Dashboard.....	155
Client Errors.....	157
File Not Found Errors.....	159
Server Errors.....	161
Activity Dashboard.....	163

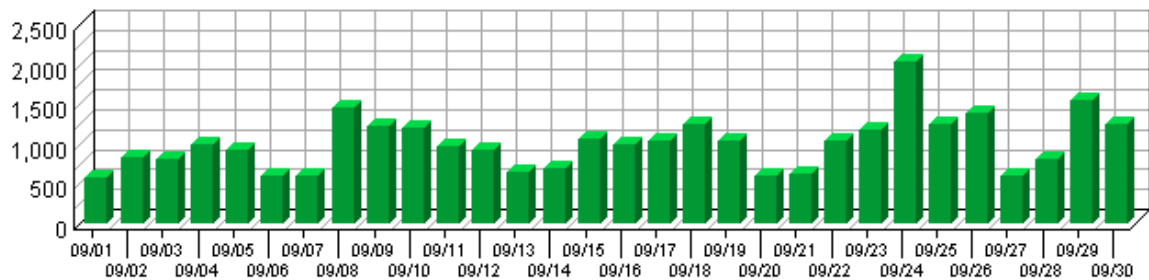
Table of Contents

Visits by Number of Pages Viewed.....	165
Visits by Day of the Week.....	167
Hits by Day of the Week.....	169
Visits by Hour of the Day.....	171
Hits by Hour of the Day.....	173
Visit Duration by Visits.....	175
Visit Duration by Page Views.....	177
Browsers and Platforms Dashboard.....	179
Top Browsers.....	181
Top Browsers by Version.....	183
Top Spiders.....	191
Top Platforms.....	193
Glossary.....	195

Overview Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the entire report. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

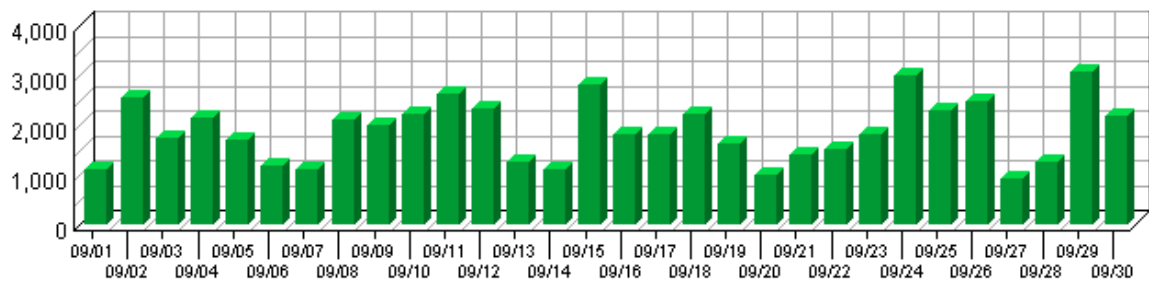
Visits Trend



Visit Summary

Visits	30,277
Average per Day	1,009
Average Visit Length	00:19:01
Median Visit Length	00:04:01
International Visits	5.60%
Visits of Unknown Origin	30.24%
Visits from Your Country: United States (US)	64.16%

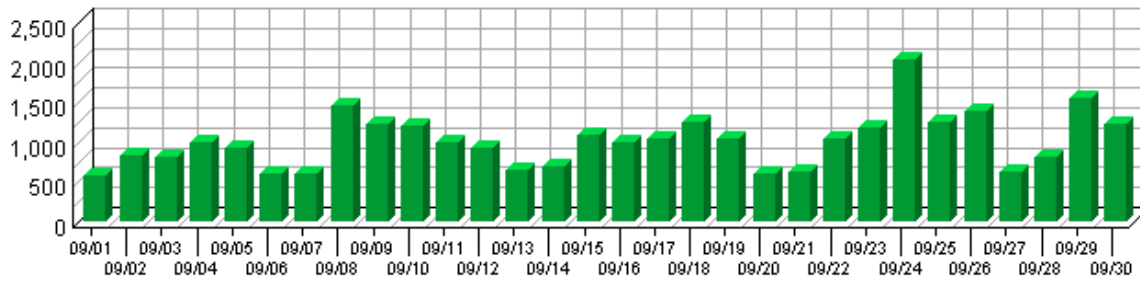
Page Views Trend



Page View Summary

Page Views	56,556
Average per Day	1,885
Average Page Views per Visit	1.87

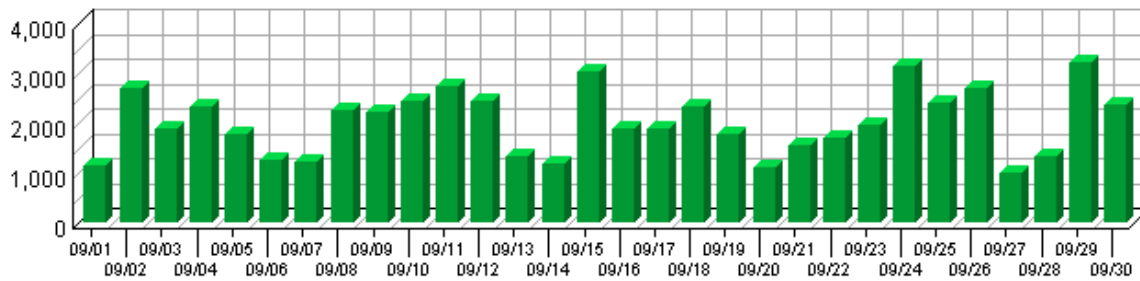
Visitors Trend



Visitor Summary

Unique Visitors	18,182
Visitors Who Visited Once	15,995
Visitors Who Visited More Than Once	2,187
Average Visits per Visitor	1.67

Hits Trend

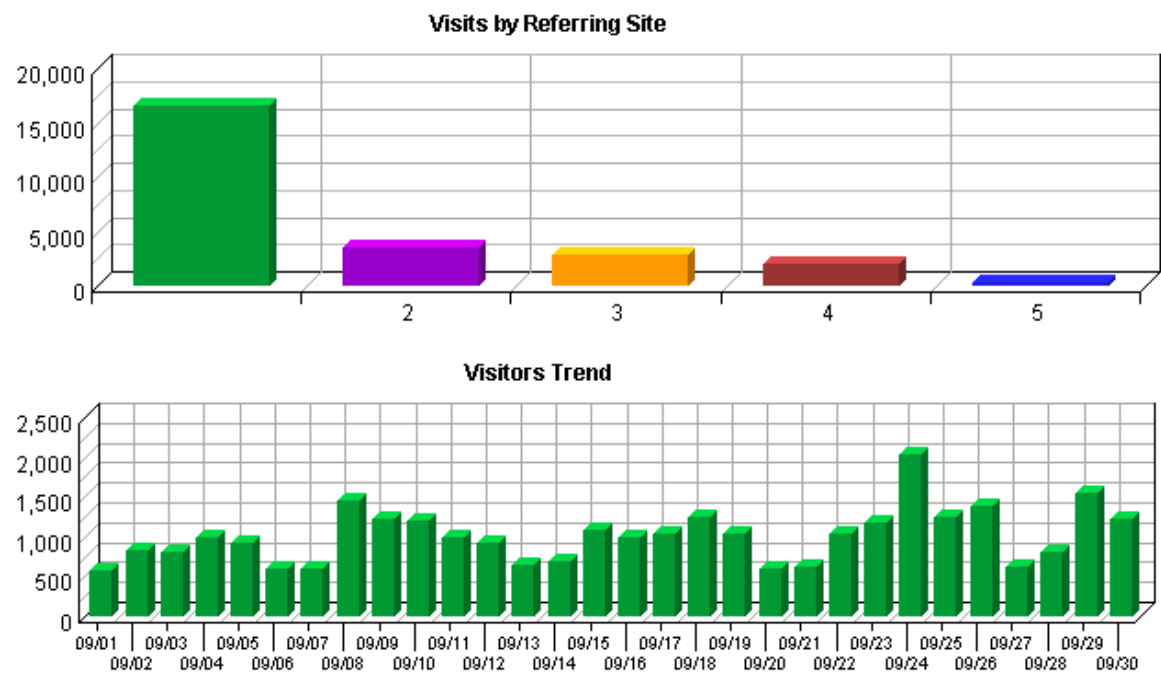


Hit Summary

Successful Hits for Entire Site	60,390
Average Hits per Day	2,013
Home Page Hits	6,975

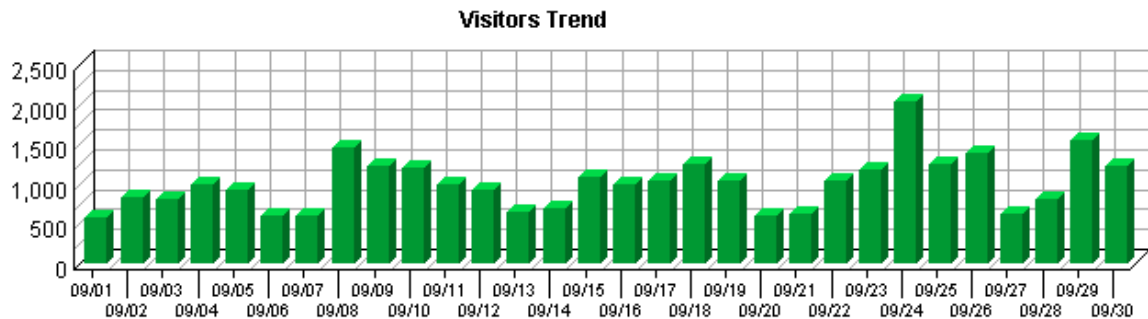
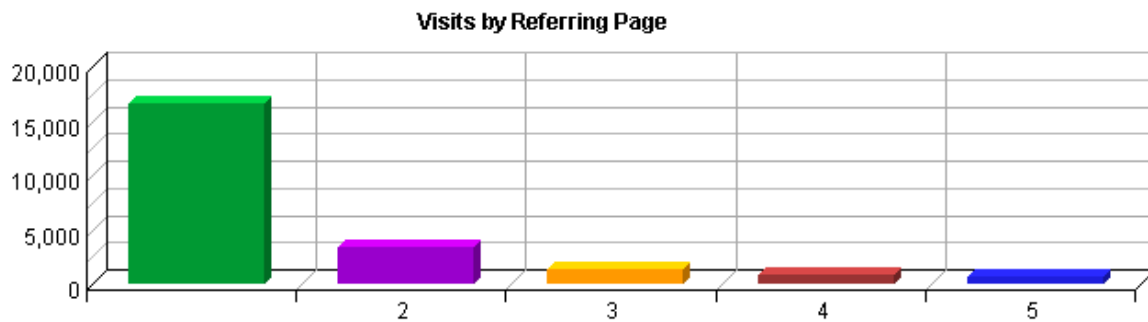
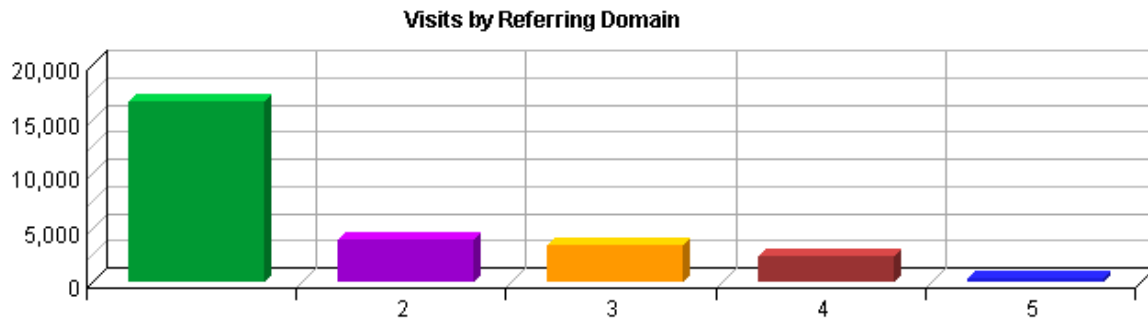
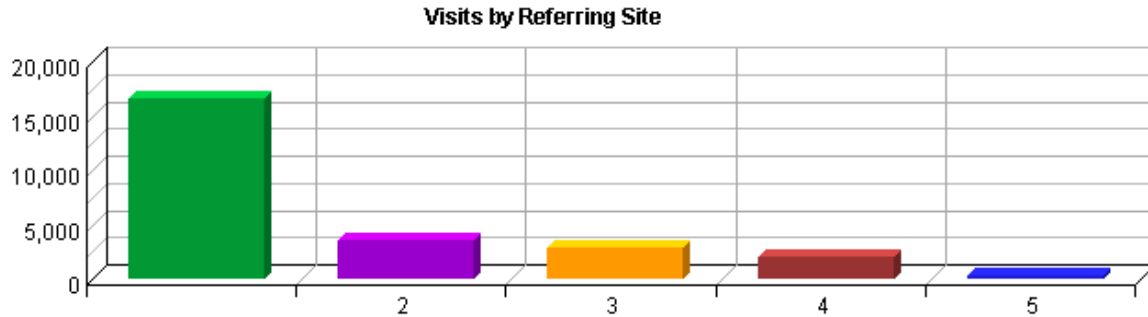
Marketing Dashboard

This dashboard summarizes important information related to online marketing activity.



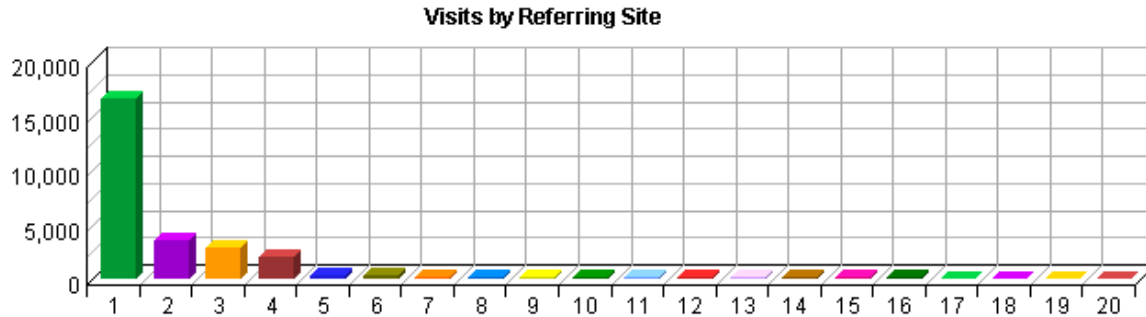
Referrers Dashboard

The table includes statistics on the total activity for this server during the reporting period. All dates and times refer to the location of the system running the analysis.



Activity by Referring Site

This report identifies the domain names and IP addresses that refer visitors to your site. This information will be displayed only if your server is logging this information.



Activity by Referring Site

	Site	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	16,561	54.70%
2.	http://www.google.com/	3,478	11.49%
3.	http://es.epa.gov/	2,916	9.63%
4.	http://www07.grants.gov/	2,073	6.85%
5.	http://images.google.com/	335	1.11%
6.	http://www.grants.gov/	266	0.88%
7.	http://www.google.co.in/	239	0.79%
8.	http://search.yahoo.com/	222	0.73%
9.	http://www.epa.gov/	144	0.48%
10.	http://www.google.co.uk/	138	0.46%
11.	http://nlquery.epa.gov/	137	0.45%
12.	http://images.google.co.in/	124	0.41%
13.	http://www.google.ca/	118	0.39%
14.	http://cfpub.epa.gov/	111	0.37%
15.	http://images.google.co.uk/	107	0.35%
16.	http://www.sws.org/	100	0.33%
17.	http://www.google.com.au/	73	0.24%
18.	http://search.msn.com/	71	0.23%
19.	http://www.ask.com/	67	0.22%
20.	http://search.live.com/	56	0.18%
	Subtotal	27,336	90.29%
	Other	2,941	9.71%
	Total	30,277	100.00%

Activity by Referring Site – Help Card

 **Referring Sites** – A web site which refers a visitor to your site by linking to it.


Site – Specific referring site being analyzed.

Visits – Number of times the specified site referred visitors to your site.

% – Percentage of referrals that came from the specified site.

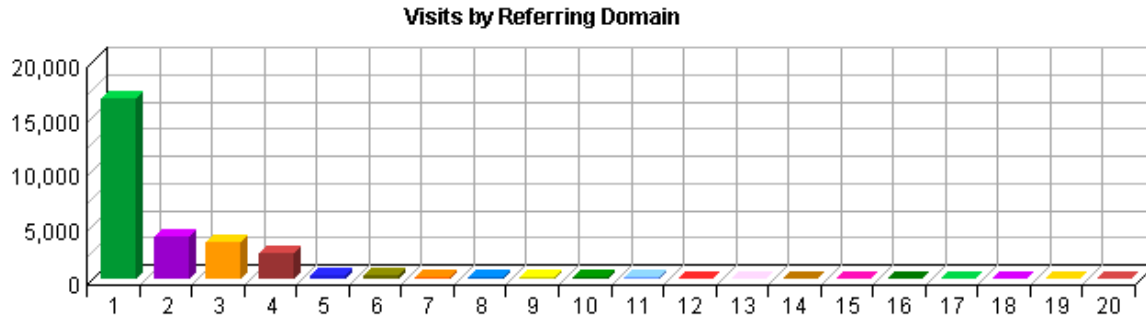
No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

 You can use this page to determine which sites are referring the most visitors to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways and places to attract visitors.

Activity by Referring Domain


This report identifies the top-level domains that refer visitors to your site. This information will be displayed only if your server is logging this information.



Activity by Referring Domain

	Domain	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	16,561	54.70%
2.	google.com	3,897	12.87%
3.	epa.gov	3,399	11.23%
4.	grants.gov	2,339	7.73%
5.	yahoo.com	391	1.29%
6.	google.co.in	363	1.20%
7.	google.co.uk	245	0.81%
8.	live.com	163	0.54%
9.	google.ca	152	0.50%
10.	google.com.au	111	0.37%
11.	sws.org	108	0.36%
12.	aol.com	80	0.26%
13.	ask.com	73	0.24%
14.	msn.com	72	0.24%
15.	google.com.ph	58	0.19%
16.	cos.com	54	0.18%
17.	usgcrp.gov	50	0.17%
18.	google.co.za	45	0.15%
19.	google.com.my	44	0.15%
20.	google.co.th	44	0.15%
	Subtotal	28,249	93.30%
	Other	2,028	6.70%
	Total	30,277	100.00%

Activity by Referring Domain – Help Card

 **Referring Domain** – A web site which refers a visitor to your site by linking to it.


Domain – Specific referring domain being analyzed.

Visits – Number of times the specified domain referred visitors to your site.

% – Percentage of referrals that came from the specified domain.

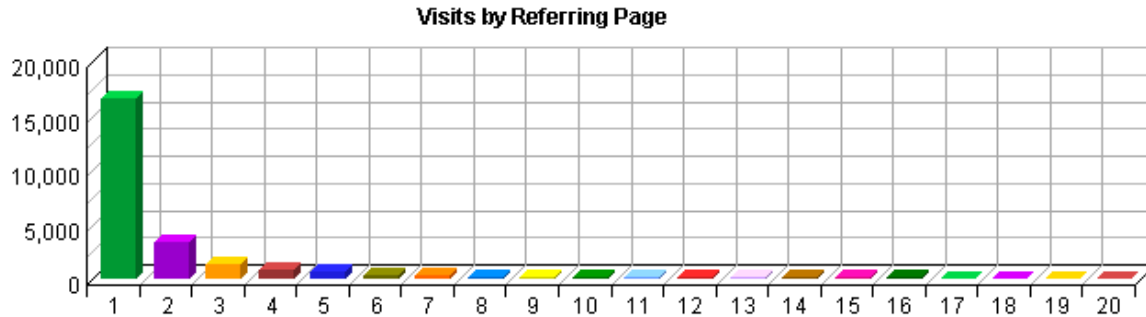
No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

 You can use this page to determine which domains are referring the most visitors to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways and places to attract visitors.

Activity by Referring Page


This report provides the pages from the sites with links to your site. This information will only be displayed if your server is logging the referrer information.



Activity by Referring Page

	Page	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	16,561	54.70%
2.	http://www.google.com/search	3,398	11.22%
3.	http://www07.grants.gov/search/search.do	1,408	4.65%
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/fellow/	851	2.81%
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/	683	2.26%
6.	http://images.google.com/imgres	335	1.11%
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/p3/	292	0.96%
8.	http://www.google.co.in/search	236	0.78%
9.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/grants/	233	0.77%
10.	http://nlquery.epa.gov/epasearch/epasearch	137	0.45%
11.	http://www.google.co.uk/search	136	0.45%
12.	http://search.yahoo.com/search	135	0.45%
13.	http://images.google.co.in/imgres	124	0.41%
14.	http://www.google.ca/search	118	0.39%
15.	http://images.google.co.uk/imgres	107	0.35%
16.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/sbir/	87	0.29%
17.	http://www.sws.org/	83	0.27%
18.	http://www.google.com.au/search	70	0.23%
19.	http://search.msn.com/results.aspx	68	0.22%
20.	http://www.ask.com/web	67	0.22%
	Subtotal	25,129	83.00%
	Other	5,148	17.00%
	Total	30,277	100.00%

Activity by Referring Page – Help Card


 **Pages** – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visitors referred from the specified URL.

% – Percentage of referred visitors who came from the specified site.

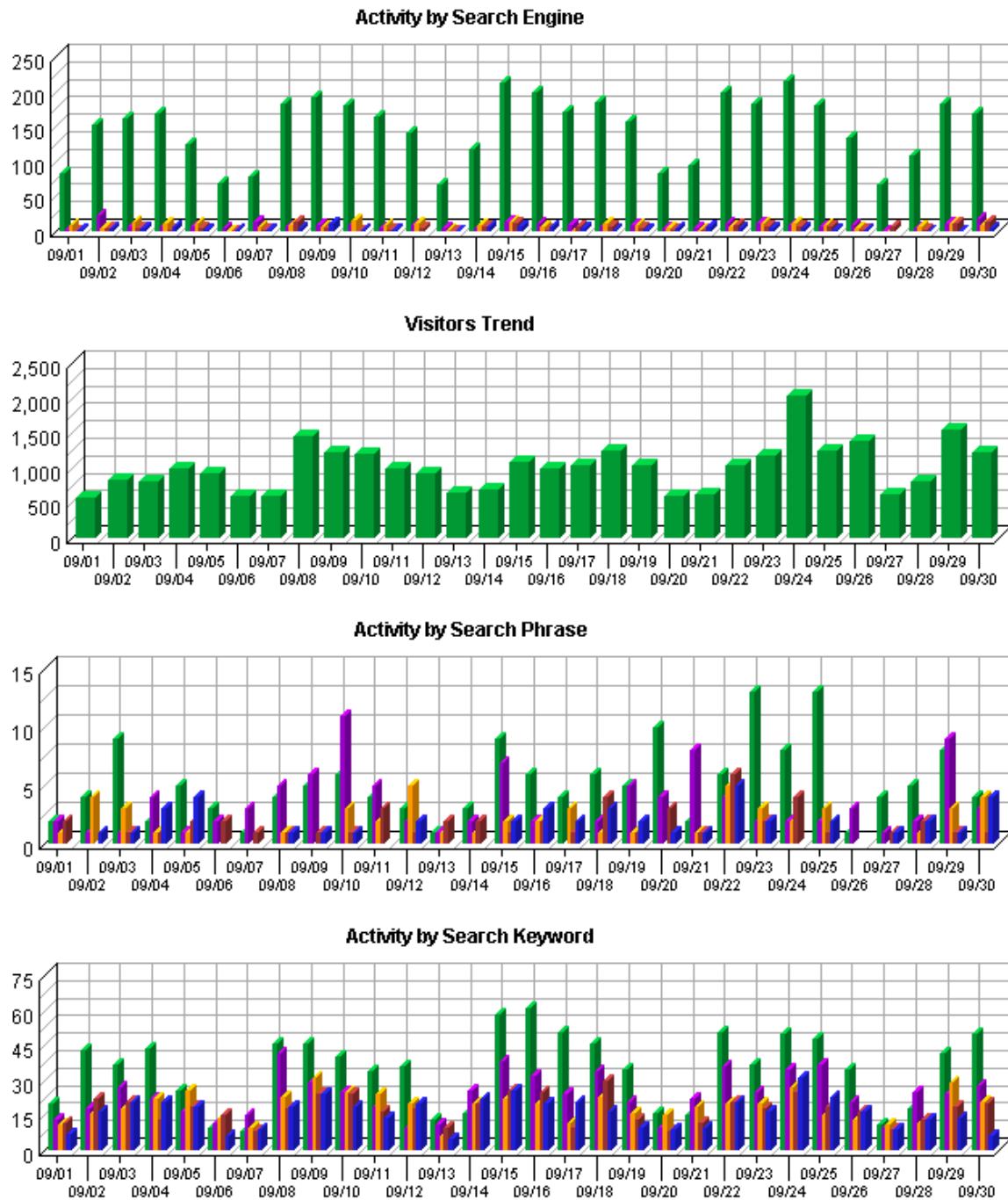
No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

 You can use this information to determine the sites that provide the most referrals to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways to attract visitors.

Search Engines Dashboard

This dashboard summarizes important information related to specific search engines.

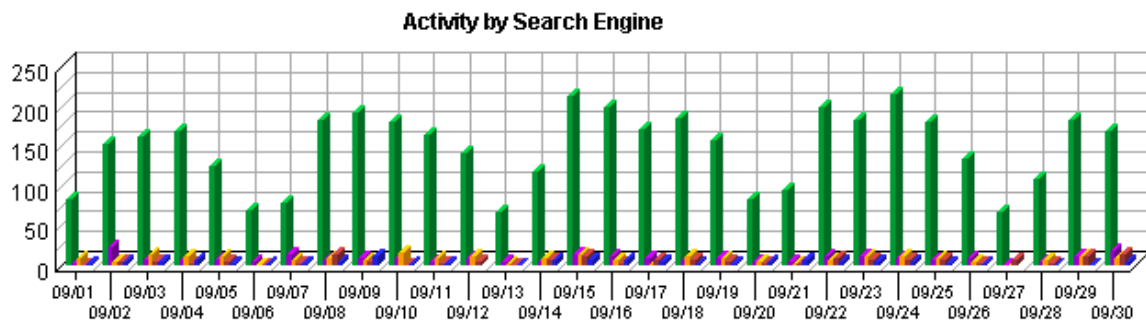


Activity by Search Engine

The first table identifies which search engines referred visitors to your site most often, the number of referrals, and its percentage of the total.

The second table identifies the most popular search phrases for each search engine.

The third table identifies the most popular keywords for each search engine.



Activity by Search Engine

	Engines	Referrals	%
1.	google	4,433	80.86%
2.	yahoo	263	4.80%
3.	google uk	251	4.58%
4.	google canada	156	2.85%
5.	google australia	112	2.04%
6.	msn	81	1.48%
7.	aol netfind	49	0.89%
8.	google germany	34	0.62%
9.	google italy	32	0.58%
10.	google france	26	0.47%
11.	yahoo india	12	0.22%
12.	yahoo uk &ireland	5	0.09%
13.	altavista	4	0.07%
14.	google austria	3	0.05%
15.	netscape	3	0.05%
16.	google japan	3	0.05%
17.	yahoo taiwan	2	0.04%
18.	yahoo spain	2	0.04%
19.	yahoo japan	2	0.04%
20.	mamma	1	0.02%
	Subtotal	5,474	99.85%
	Total	5,482	100.00%

Activity by Search Engines with Search Phrases Detail

Engines	Phrases	Referrals	%
1. google	forms	90	1.64%
	health	59	1.08%
	epa funding	50	0.91%
	epa grants	49	0.89%
	epa	43	0.78%
	epa star fellowship 2009	36	0.66%
	epa star fellowship	31	0.57%
	research grants	31	0.57%
	change	30	0.55%
	epa star	30	0.55%
	star	28	0.51%
	rfa	23	0.42%
	epa gro	22	0.40%
	epa star grant	21	0.38%
	environmental grants	20	0.36%
	market mechanisms	20	0.36%
	epa star 2009	16	0.29%
	epa star grants	16	0.29%
	climate change	16	0.29%
	future environmental issues	16	0.29%
2. yahoo	pollution prevention and protection in cambodia	12	0.22%
	epa, star	6	0.11%
	sustainability in engineering	5	0.09%
	star grant	3	0.05%
	academic research grants in environmental science	2	0.04%
	current technology/method producing discrete parts/products	2	0.04%
	epa.gov and research	2	0.04%
	where to get grant forms	2	0.04%
	free research and development grant forms	2	0.04%
	epa toxic synthesis reagents	2	0.04%
	environmental uncertainty	2	0.04%
	environmental valuation methods	2	0.04%
	list of competitor that produce formaldehyde in malaysia?	2	0.04%
	free grant applications online available for children with cerebral palsy	2	0.04%
	future environmental problems	2	0.04%
	funding opportunities in science	2	0.04%
	epa ncer	2	0.04%

	student research undergraduate fellowships	2	0.04%
	environmental research funding	2	0.04%
	why should caution be exercised in the use of the income figure derived in an income statement? what are the objectives of generally accepted accounting principles in their application to the income statement?	2	0.04%
3. google uk	forms	45	0.82%
	health	28	0.51%
	climate change	10	0.18%
	change	6	0.11%
	the star	5	0.09%
	evaluate the actions required to achieve health for children	3	0.05%
	interdisciplinary approach	3	0.05%
	safe working conditions	2	0.04%
	is there changes in air pollution	2	0.04%
	environmental health	2	0.04%
	biomarker of exposure	2	0.04%
	identifying business opportunities: small budget research	1	0.02%
	p3 key words	1	0.02%
	nanotechnologies technological hazards	1	0.02%
	us epa nanoscale project	1	0.02%
	effectiveness of direct government funding	1	0.02%
	effects of climate on an ecosystem	1	0.02%
	climate change ecosystem services	1	0.02%
	interaction between human and their environment	1	0.02%
	simple and complex chemical mixture	1	0.02%
4. google canada	forms	12	0.22%
	health	6	0.11%
	coral reef changes	3	0.05%
	change	3	0.05%
	interdisciplinary approach	3	0.05%
	urban air quality scales	2	0.04%
	nanotechnology in human health	2	0.04%
	plan of study sample fellowship application	2	0.04%
	pollution change over time	2	0.04%
	epa.gov	2	0.04%
	health –illness continuum	1	0.02%
	sample abstracts	1	0.02%
	housing fathead minnows in tanks	1	0.02%
	global change ecology	1	0.02%
	technological changes in transportation	1	0.02%
	biomarker pesticide	1	0.02%

	phd pre application	1	0.02%
	future environmental issues	1	0.02%
	scientific mixtures and procedures title page	1	0.02%
	cardiac health problems and epidemiological research	1	0.02%
5. google australia	forms	8	0.15%
	climate change	8	0.15%
	health	5	0.09%
	change	3	0.05%
	rfa tide flow images	2	0.04%
	climate change images	2	0.04%
	climate change introduction	2	0.04%
	determining the effectiveness of budgeting	2	0.04%
	air pollution	2	0.04%
	ecological land use change	2	0.04%
	interaction between natural and social processes	1	0.02%
	air pollution consequences	1	0.02%
	consequences of environmental change made by humans	1	0.02%
	long term health effects of methaemoglobin	1	0.02%
	what changes daily in an ecosystem	1	0.02%
	climate change can be an opportunity for travel agency	1	0.02%
	journal articles on evaluate the evidence for potential environmental and health effects of endocrine disrupting chemicals.	1	0.02%
	executive support system article after 2005	1	0.02%
	decaprio 1997 biomarkers	1	0.02%
	health outcome indicators	1	0.02%
6. msn	tom barnwell epa	3	0.05%
	program description for an undergraduate student fellowship	2	0.04%
	epa fellowships	2	0.04%
	setting biocriteria thresholds	2	0.04%
	epa requirements for outdated pharmaceuticals	2	0.04%
	epa funding opportunities	2	0.04%
	samples of stessor letter	2	0.04%
	what date does falll fall on 2008	2	0.04%
	health effects of chemicals in drinking water	1	0.02%
	2008grant announcements for the fall	1	0.02%
	environmental behavior	1	0.02%
	funding form for environmental protection	1	0.02%
	future changes in technology	1	0.02%
	info p3 transactions	1	0.02%
	global early futures global all business summary top	1	0.02%
	climate change and ecosystem services	1	0.02%
	decision making plan and research proposal	1	0.02%

	student reports on epa	1	0.02%
	criteria would you use to determine if the individual research reports used to support an innovation provide strong enough base of support for that change	1	0.02%
	google e-computer waste disposal	1	0.02%
7. aol netfind	epa grants	3	0.05%
	research grants	2	0.04%
	interactions between climate change, biodiversity and water	2	0.04%
	epa	2	0.04%
	epa undergraduate fellowship opportunity	2	0.04%
	environmental policy: decision making and problem solving	2	0.04%
	nature and the marketplace: capturing the value of the ecosystem services.	1	0.02%
	uncertainty analyses	1	0.02%
	ecological impacts global warming	1	0.02%
	when does fall start in 2008?	1	0.02%
	national science research grant	1	0.02%
	guidline of procedural steps gov/help public law	1	0.02%
	effect of climate change on coral reefs	1	0.02%
	grant high throughput screening approaches for toxicology	1	0.02%
	when does fall start in 2008	1	0.02%
	major characteristics of global, regional and local spatial organizations?	1	0.02%
	change	1	0.02%
	outcome indicators and the operating room	1	0.02%
	watershed ratings by epa	1	0.02%
	analyzing agency and ecological organization	1	0.02%
8. google germany	what are biomarkers	1	0.02%
	future quality organisation	1	0.02%
	arsenic removal technologies for drinking water treatment	1	0.02%
	programming considered as human activity	1	0.02%
	body and health	1	0.02%
	climate change and human interaction	1	0.02%
	rfa chrom problem	1	0.02%
	high throughput screening	1	0.02%
	star diagnose set developer	1	0.02%
	central basin states	1	0.02%
	biomarker of exposure	1	0.02%
	conference on point processes announcement 2008	1	0.02%
	ecosystem climate depending	1	0.02%
	business innovation address	1	0.02%
	critical window development toxic effects	1	0.02%
	pharmacokinetic modeling	1	0.02%

	germany research funding	1	0.02%
	specifity and biomarker	1	0.02%
	increasing temperatures trigger plant invasions	1	0.02%
	climate change	1	0.02%
9. google italy	biomarkers	2	0.04%
	endocrine disrupters funding	2	0.04%
	urban pollution consequences carbon monoxide	1	0.02%
	pcb cause adverse biological effects at the different biological level.	1	0.02%
	diffusion part in regional development	1	0.02%
	which institutions will be offering month training in hazardous and hazardous waste management in 2009	1	0.02%
	particulate matter submit paper	1	0.02%
	sample of keywords in an abstract	1	0.02%
	example of application for fellowship in medical specialization	1	0.02%
	parent directory rfa	1	0.02%
	development indicators and environmental resources	1	0.02%
	human biomarkers and exposure assessment	1	0.02%
	molecular genetics and malformations and review	1	0.02%
	arsenic removal from drink water	1	0.02%
	gob opportunities f.a.o.rome	1	0.02%
	road building and health consequences	1	0.02%
	funding agricultural research 2009	1	0.02%
	courier form	1	0.02%
	environmental health	1	0.02%
	pm2.5 long term effects	1	0.02%
10. google france	types of biomarkers	2	0.04%
	health	2	0.04%
	before and after concentrated female hormone	1	0.02%
	ingestion of chalcogenides	1	0.02%
	ziska et al 2003	1	0.02%
	consequence of pollutant on aquatic ecosystem	1	0.02%
	research grant	1	0.02%
	approaches for assessing climate change effects on natural ecosystems, biodiversity	1	0.02%
	endocrine disruptors regulation toxicology	1	0.02%
	ph fellowships environment 2008	1	0.02%
	epa star grants	1	0.02%
	endocrine research grant	1	0.02%
	regional development technology	1	0.02%
	incentives market mechanism	1	0.02%
	us epa 2006	1	0.02%
	small firms innovation 2008 best results	1	0.02%

	incentives market mechanisms	1	0.02%
	protection goal scale extrapolation ecosystems	1	0.02%
	gnrh fish endocrine disrupters	1	0.02%
	grants and research fundings 2009	1	0.02%
11. yahoo india	tropospheric pollution	2	0.04%
	effects of abiotic components on the climate of an area	1	0.02%
	fabric costing ppt	1	0.02%
	acknowledgement on enviornmental study	1	0.02%
	environmental valuation	1	0.02%
	research grants from epa	1	0.02%
	consequences of human activities on the environment	1	0.02%
	consequences of human activity on the environment	1	0.02%
	nanocomposites and human health	1	0.02%
	funding research projects on portability of water	1	0.02%
	concequences of human activities regarding environment	1	0.02%
12. yahoo uk & ireland	2009 rfp on biodiversity	2	0.04%
	epa pool address	2	0.04%
	market mechanism	1	0.02%
13. altavista	sample research proposal environment economics	2	0.04%
	risk assessment biology toxicology	1	0.02%
	nanotechnology futures	1	0.02%
14. google austria	bad water quality consequences	1	0.02%
	incentives case study	1	0.02%
	sinte gleska doctoral planned	1	0.02%
15. netscape	health	2	0.04%
	good topic to do research in microbiology for master student	1	0.02%
16. google japan	please click here for more information about	1	0.02%
	usepa formation	1	0.02%
	image of public health	1	0.02%
17. yahoo taiwan	season change allergic	1	0.02%
	procurement management ppt	1	0.02%
18. yahoo spain	biomarkers	2	0.04%
19. yahoo japan	epaâ€œparticulate matter distribution	1	0.02%
	epa label 2005 cfr title40	1	0.02%
20. mamma	for the social sciences area of interest to you, how will you know about opportunities to have research funded?	1	0.02%

Activity by Search Engines with Keywords Detail

Engines	Keywords	Referrals	%
1. google	epa	957	17.46%
	of	540	9.85%
	research	477	8.70%
	environmental	431	7.86%
	star	394	7.19%
	for	389	7.10%
	grants	334	6.09%
	funding	328	5.98%
	in	327	5.96%
	the	321	5.86%
	grant	251	4.58%
	health	243	4.43%
	change	217	3.96%
	fellowship	203	3.70%
	2008	192	3.50%
	climate	181	3.30%
	to	176	3.21%
	2009	174	3.17%
	air	136	2.48%
	on	127	2.32%
2. yahoo	in	63	1.15%
	of	49	0.89%
	environmental	45	0.82%
	the	40	0.73%
	epa	40	0.73%
	research	34	0.62%
	for	33	0.60%
	pollution	23	0.42%
	to	20	0.36%
	funding	16	0.29%
	protection	14	0.26%
	grant	14	0.26%
	star	14	0.26%
	prevention	12	0.22%
	cambodia	12	0.22%
	opportunities	11	0.20%
	business	10	0.18%
	grants	10	0.18%
	air	10	0.18%

3. google uk	science	9	0.16%
	forms	47	0.86%
	health	42	0.77%
	change	35	0.64%
	of	29	0.53%
	the	27	0.49%
	climate	25	0.46%
	for	18	0.33%
	environmental	14	0.26%
	ecosystem	13	0.24%
	in	13	0.24%
	funding	13	0.24%
	to	13	0.24%
	research	12	0.22%
	how	11	0.20%
	air	10	0.18%
	on	8	0.15%
	children	8	0.15%
	achieve	7	0.13%
	effects	6	0.11%
	human	6	0.11%
4. google canada	of	29	0.53%
	in	15	0.27%
	research	13	0.24%
	health	13	0.24%
	change	13	0.24%
	for	12	0.22%
	forms	12	0.22%
	environmental	11	0.20%
	climate	9	0.16%
	the	8	0.15%
	on	8	0.15%
	what	8	0.15%
	to	7	0.13%
	an	7	0.13%
	human	7	0.13%
	application	6	0.11%
	are	6	0.11%
	air	5	0.09%
	approach	5	0.09%
	time	5	0.09%
5. google australia	change	32	0.58%

	climate	24	0.44%
	of	22	0.40%
	health	12	0.22%
	the	12	0.22%
	in	10	0.18%
	ecosystem	8	0.15%
	to	8	0.15%
	forms	8	0.15%
	environmental	7	0.13%
	for	7	0.13%
	on	6	0.11%
	pollution	5	0.09%
	project	5	0.09%
	how	5	0.09%
	what	5	0.09%
	an	4	0.07%
	consequences	4	0.07%
	risk	4	0.07%
	methods	4	0.07%
6. msn	epa	16	0.29%
	for	15	0.27%
	of	14	0.26%
	environmental	9	0.16%
	on	7	0.13%
	funding	7	0.13%
	the	5	0.09%
	to	5	0.09%
	what	4	0.07%
	an	4	0.07%
	letter	4	0.07%
	requirements	4	0.07%
	student	4	0.07%
	in	4	0.07%
	fellowships	4	0.07%
	tom	3	0.05%
	opportunities	3	0.05%
	research	3	0.05%
	that	3	0.05%
	grant	3	0.05%
7. aol netfind	epa	11	0.20%
	of	8	0.15%
	research	7	0.13%

	grants	7	0.13%
	the	6	0.11%
	in	6	0.11%
	climate	4	0.07%
	change	4	0.07%
	grant	3	0.05%
	for	3	0.05%
	fall	3	0.05%
	environmental	3	0.05%
	fellowship	2	0.04%
	solving	2	0.04%
	between	2	0.04%
	when	2	0.04%
	start	2	0.04%
	problem	2	0.04%
	national	2	0.04%
	decision	2	0.04%
8. google germany	climate	3	0.05%
	biomarker	3	0.05%
	processes	2	0.04%
	research	2	0.04%
	rfa	2	0.04%
	removal	2	0.04%
	human	2	0.04%
	star	2	0.04%
	of	2	0.04%
	on	2	0.04%
	arsenic	2	0.04%
	change	2	0.04%
	drinking	2	0.04%
	ecosystem	2	0.04%
	exploratories	1	0.02%
	states	1	0.02%
	citizen	1	0.02%
	diseases	1	0.02%
	only	1	0.02%
	window	1	0.02%
9. google italy	in	6	0.11%
	biomarkers	4	0.07%
	for	4	0.07%
	funding	4	0.07%
	health	3	0.05%

	effects	3	0.05%
	environmental	3	0.05%
	human	3	0.05%
	2009	3	0.05%
	of	3	0.05%
	exposure	2	0.04%
	water	2	0.04%
	indicators	2	0.04%
	hazardous	2	0.04%
	statistical	2	0.04%
	removal	2	0.04%
	biological	2	0.04%
	assessment	2	0.04%
	disrupters	2	0.04%
	application	2	0.04%
10. google france	of	4	0.07%
	research	4	0.07%
	endocrine	3	0.05%
	types	2	0.04%
	epa	2	0.04%
	2008	2	0.04%
	funding	2	0.04%
	grants	2	0.04%
	on	2	0.04%
	incentives	2	0.04%
	biomarkers	2	0.04%
	market	2	0.04%
	toxicology	2	0.04%
	grant	2	0.04%
	health	2	0.04%
	small	2	0.04%
	firms	1	0.02%
	ph	1	0.02%
	assessing	1	0.02%
	effect	1	0.02%
11. yahoo india	of	6	0.11%
	on	5	0.09%
	human	4	0.07%
	the	3	0.05%
	environment	3	0.05%
	activities	2	0.04%
	pollution	2	0.04%

	tropospheric	2	0.04%
	consequences	2	0.04%
	research	2	0.04%
	activity	1	0.02%
	epa	1	0.02%
	study	1	0.02%
	water	1	0.02%
	regarding	1	0.02%
	effects	1	0.02%
	valuation	1	0.02%
	costing	1	0.02%
	an	1	0.02%
	environmental	1	0.02%
12. yahoo uk & ireland	2009	2	0.04%
	epa	2	0.04%
	rfp	2	0.04%
	address	2	0.04%
	pool	2	0.04%
	biodiversity	2	0.04%
	on	2	0.04%
	mechanism	1	0.02%
	market	1	0.02%
13. altavista	proposal	2	0.04%
	research	2	0.04%
	economics	2	0.04%
	environment	2	0.04%
	sample	2	0.04%
	biology	1	0.02%
	risk	1	0.02%
	assessment	1	0.02%
	futures	1	0.02%
	toxicology	1	0.02%
	nanotechnology	1	0.02%
14. google austria	study	1	0.02%
	quality	1	0.02%
	water	1	0.02%
	bad	1	0.02%
	planned	1	0.02%
	case	1	0.02%
	incentives	1	0.02%
	consequences	1	0.02%
	doctoral	1	0.02%

	gleska	1	0.02%
	sinte	1	0.02%
15. netscape	health	2	0.04%
	do	1	0.02%
	student	1	0.02%
	topic	1	0.02%
	master	1	0.02%
	microbiology	1	0.02%
	to	1	0.02%
	in	1	0.02%
	research	1	0.02%
	for	1	0.02%
	good	1	0.02%
16. google japan	about	1	0.02%
	information	1	0.02%
	more	1	0.02%
	for	1	0.02%
	here	1	0.02%
	click	1	0.02%
	please	1	0.02%
	health	1	0.02%
	public	1	0.02%
	usepa	1	0.02%
	formation	1	0.02%
	of	1	0.02%
	image	1	0.02%
17. yahoo taiwan	season	1	0.02%
	management	1	0.02%
	change	1	0.02%
	allergic	1	0.02%
	ppt	1	0.02%
	procurement	1	0.02%
18. yahoo spain	biomarkers	2	0.04%
19. yahoo japan	2005	1	0.02%
	title40	1	0.02%
	label	1	0.02%
	distribution	1	0.02%
	epaã€œparticulate	1	0.02%
	matter	1	0.02%
	cfr	1	0.02%
	epa	1	0.02%
20. mamma	to	2	0.04%

area	1	0.02%
sciences	1	0.02%
the	1	0.02%
have	1	0.02%
you,	1	0.02%
how	1	0.02%
will	1	0.02%
know	1	0.02%
you	1	0.02%
of	1	0.02%
about	1	0.02%
research	1	0.02%
funded?	1	0.02%
opportunities	1	0.02%
interest	1	0.02%
social	1	0.02%
for	1	0.02%

Activity by Search Engine – Help Card

? **Top Search Engines Table**

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who were referred by the search engine specified.

Top Search Engines with Search Phrases Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the phrase in the adjacent column.

Phrases – The search phrases being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. A search phrase is the entire search string entered by a visitor, which can include one or more individual keywords.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified phrase in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and phrase.

Top Search Engines with Keywords Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the keyword in the

adjacent column.

Keywords – The search keywords being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified keywords in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.



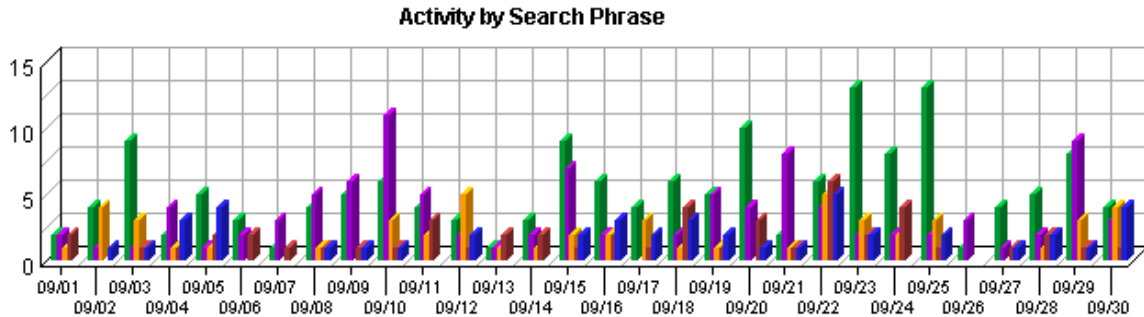
—
This information can give you an idea how your meta tags are performing with each search engine.

Activity by Search Phrase

The threshold set for this section in the wtm_wtx.ini file was reached. Results shown in tables and graphs do not reflect the entire contents of the log file(s).

The first table identifies search phrases that led the most visitors to your site, regardless of the search engine they used.

The second table identifies, for each phrase, which search engines led visitors to the site.



Activity by Search Phrase

	Phrases	Referrals	%
1.	forms	156	2.85%
2.	health	102	1.86%
3.	epa grants	54	0.99%
4.	epa funding	51	0.93%
5.	epa	45	0.82%
6.	change	43	0.78%
7.	epa star fellowship 2009	36	0.66%
8.	climate change	35	0.64%
9.	epa star fellowship	33	0.60%
10.	research grants	33	0.60%
11.	epa star	30	0.55%
12.	star	28	0.51%
13.	rfa	23	0.42%
14.	epa gro	22	0.40%
15.	market mechanisms	21	0.38%
16.	epa star grant	21	0.38%
17.	environmental grants	20	0.36%
18.	future environmental issues	18	0.33%
19.	interdisciplinary approach	18	0.33%
20.	epa star grants	17	0.31%
	Subtotal	806	14.70%
	Total	5,482	100.00%

Activity by Search Phrase with Engines Detail

Phrases	Engines	Referrals	%
1. forms	google	90	1.64%
	google uk	45	0.82%
	google canada	12	0.22%
	google australia	8	0.15%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
2. health	google	59	1.08%
	google uk	28	0.51%
	google canada	6	0.11%
	google australia	5	0.09%
	google france	2	0.04%
	netscape	2	0.04%
3. epa grants	google	49	0.89%
	aol netfind	3	0.05%
	searchalot	1	0.02%
	yahoo	1	0.02%
4. epa funding	google	50	0.91%
	google uk	1	0.02%
5. epa	google	43	0.78%
	aol netfind	2	0.04%
6. change	google	30	0.55%
	google uk	6	0.11%
	google australia	3	0.05%
	google canada	3	0.05%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
7. epa star fellowship 2009	google	36	0.66%
8. climate change	google	16	0.29%
	google uk	10	0.18%
	google australia	8	0.15%
	google germany	1	0.02%
9. epa star fellowship	google	31	0.57%
	yahoo	2	0.04%
10. research grants	google	31	0.57%
	aol netfind	2	0.04%
11. epa star	google	30	0.55%
12. star	google	28	0.51%
13. rfa	google	23	0.42%
14. epa gro	google	22	0.40%
15. market mechanisms	google	20	0.36%

	aol netfind	1	0.02%
16. epa star grant	google	21	0.38%
17. environmental grants	google	20	0.36%
18. future environmental issues	google	16	0.29%
	google canada	1	0.02%
	yahoo	1	0.02%
19. interdisciplinary approach	google	12	0.22%
	google uk	3	0.05%
	google canada	3	0.05%
20. epa star grants	google	16	0.29%
	google france	1	0.02%

Activity by Search Phrase – Help Card

? Top Search Phrases Table

Phrases – The specific search phrases being analyzed. A search phrase is the entire search string entered by a visitor. It can include one or more keywords.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site who used the specified search phrase, regardless of the search engine they used.

% – Percentage of referred visitors who used the specified search phrase.

Top Search Phrases with Engines Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the phrase in the adjacent column.

Phrase – The search phrase a visitor used to find your site.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified phrase in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and phrase.

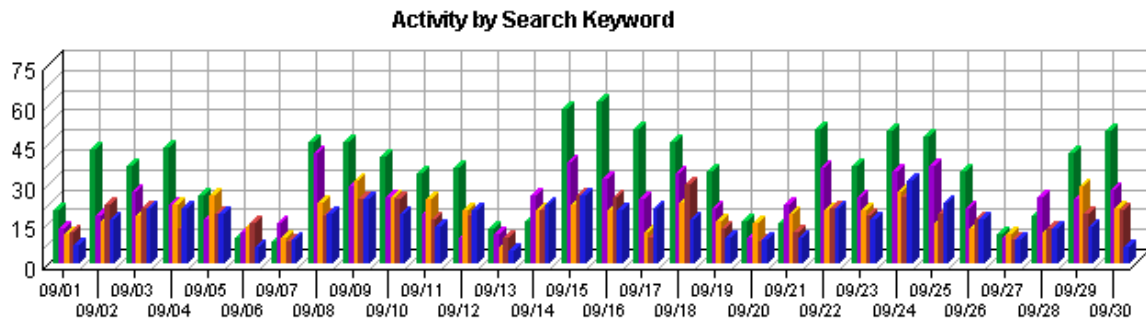


How are people getting to your site? Use these tables to find out if your visitors are using the search phrases you expect. Do you need to use different keywords in page titles to make it easier for people to find your site with search engines?

Activity by Search Keyword

The first table identifies keywords that led the most visitors to the site (regardless of the search engine).

The second table identifies, for each keyword, which search engines led visitors to the site.



Activity by Search Keyword

	Keywords	Referrals	%
1.	epa	1,043	4.47%
2.	of	708	3.03%
3.	research	561	2.40%
4.	environmental	526	2.25%
5.	for	487	2.09%
6.	in	445	1.91%
7.	the	425	1.82%
8.	star	423	1.81%
9.	funding	375	1.61%
10.	grants	358	1.53%
11.	health	325	1.39%
12.	change	312	1.34%
13.	grant	277	1.19%
14.	climate	256	1.10%
15.	to	235	1.01%
16.	fellowship	218	0.93%
17.	2008	214	0.92%
18.	2009	188	0.81%
19.	forms	187	0.80%
20.	on	178	0.76%
	Subtotal	7,741	33.16%
	Total	23,347	100.00%

Activity by Search Keyword with Engines Detail

Keywords	Engines	Referrals	%
1. epa	google	957	4.10%
	yahoo	40	0.17%
	msn	16	0.07%
	aol netfind	11	0.05%
	google uk	4	0.02%
	google canada	3	0.01%
	yahoo uk &ireland	2	0.01%
	google france	2	0.01%
	yandex	1	0.00%
	ninemsn	1	0.00%
	yahoo mexico	1	0.00%
	google germany	1	0.00%
	yahoo germany	1	0.00%
	yahoo india	1	0.00%
	searchalot	1	0.00%
	yahoo japan	1	0.00%
2. of	google	540	2.31%
	yahoo	49	0.21%
	google uk	29	0.12%
	google canada	29	0.12%
	google australia	22	0.09%
	msn	14	0.06%
	aol netfind	8	0.03%
	yahoo india	6	0.03%
	google france	4	0.02%
	google italy	3	0.01%
	google germany	2	0.01%
	mamma	1	0.00%
	google japan	1	0.00%
3. research	google	477	2.04%
	yahoo	34	0.15%
	google canada	13	0.06%
	google uk	12	0.05%
	aol netfind	7	0.03%
	google france	4	0.02%
	msn	3	0.01%
	google germany	2	0.01%
	altavista	2	0.01%
	google australia	2	0.01%

	yahoo india	2	0.01%
	mamma	1	0.00%
	google italy	1	0.00%
	netscape	1	0.00%
4. environmental	google	431	1.85%
	yahoo	45	0.19%
	google uk	14	0.06%
	google canada	11	0.05%
	msn	9	0.04%
	google australia	7	0.03%
	google italy	3	0.01%
	aol netfind	3	0.01%
	yahoo germany	1	0.00%
	yahoo india	1	0.00%
	google germany	1	0.00%
5. for	google	389	1.67%
	yahoo	33	0.14%
	google uk	18	0.08%
	msn	15	0.06%
	google canada	12	0.05%
	google australia	7	0.03%
	google italy	4	0.02%
	aol netfind	3	0.01%
	google france	1	0.00%
	netscape	1	0.00%
	mamma	1	0.00%
	ninemsn	1	0.00%
	google japan	1	0.00%
	google germany	1	0.00%
6. in	google	327	1.40%
	yahoo	63	0.27%
	google canada	15	0.06%
	google uk	13	0.06%
	google australia	10	0.04%
	aol netfind	6	0.03%
	google italy	6	0.03%
	msn	4	0.02%
	netscape	1	0.00%
7. the	google	321	1.37%
	yahoo	40	0.17%
	google uk	27	0.12%
	google australia	12	0.05%

	google canada	8	0.03%
	aol netfind	6	0.03%
	msn	5	0.02%
	yahoo india	3	0.01%
	mamma	1	0.00%
	google italy	1	0.00%
	ninemsn	1	0.00%
8. star	google	394	1.69%
	yahoo	14	0.06%
	google uk	6	0.03%
	google canada	4	0.02%
	google germany	2	0.01%
	google france	1	0.00%
	msn	1	0.00%
	aol netfind	1	0.00%
9. funding	google	328	1.40%
	yahoo	16	0.07%
	google uk	13	0.06%
	msn	7	0.03%
	google italy	4	0.02%
	google france	2	0.01%
	google canada	1	0.00%
	aol netfind	1	0.00%
	google australia	1	0.00%
	yahoo india	1	0.00%
	google germany	1	0.00%
10. grants	google	334	1.43%
	yahoo	10	0.04%
	aol netfind	7	0.03%
	google france	2	0.01%
	google australia	1	0.00%
	google uk	1	0.00%
	google canada	1	0.00%
	searchalot	1	0.00%
	yahoo india	1	0.00%
11. health	google	243	1.04%
	google uk	42	0.18%
	google canada	13	0.06%
	google australia	12	0.05%
	google italy	3	0.01%
	netscape	2	0.01%
	msn	2	0.01%

	yahoo	2	0.01%
	google france	2	0.01%
	yahoo india	1	0.00%
	google japan	1	0.00%
	aol netfind	1	0.00%
	google germany	1	0.00%
12. change	google	217	0.93%
	google uk	35	0.15%
	google australia	32	0.14%
	google canada	13	0.06%
	aol netfind	4	0.02%
	yahoo	3	0.01%
	google germany	2	0.01%
	msn	2	0.01%
	google italy	1	0.00%
	yahoo taiwan	1	0.00%
	google france	1	0.00%
	yahoo canada	1	0.00%
13. grant	google	251	1.08%
	yahoo	14	0.06%
	msn	3	0.01%
	aol netfind	3	0.01%
	google france	2	0.01%
	google canada	1	0.00%
	google germany	1	0.00%
	google italy	1	0.00%
	google uk	1	0.00%
14. climate	google	181	0.78%
	google uk	25	0.11%
	google australia	24	0.10%
	google canada	9	0.04%
	yahoo	4	0.02%
	aol netfind	4	0.02%
	google germany	3	0.01%
	msn	2	0.01%
	google italy	1	0.00%
	yahoo india	1	0.00%
	google france	1	0.00%
	yahoo canada	1	0.00%
15. to	google	176	0.75%
	yahoo	20	0.09%
	google uk	13	0.06%

	google australia	8	0.03%
	google canada	7	0.03%
	msn	5	0.02%
	aol netfind	2	0.01%
	mamma	2	0.01%
	google italy	1	0.00%
	netscape	1	0.00%
16. fellowship	google	203	0.87%
	yahoo	5	0.02%
	google canada	4	0.02%
	msn	2	0.01%
	aol netfind	2	0.01%
	google germany	1	0.00%
	google italy	1	0.00%
17. 2008	google	192	0.82%
	yahoo	6	0.03%
	google uk	4	0.02%
	google canada	3	0.01%
	msn	3	0.01%
	google france	2	0.01%
	google germany	1	0.00%
	ninemsn	1	0.00%
	aol netfind	1	0.00%
	google australia	1	0.00%
18. 2009	google	174	0.75%
	yahoo	7	0.03%
	google italy	3	0.01%
	yahoo uk &ireland	2	0.01%
	google france	1	0.00%
	google australia	1	0.00%
19. forms	google	114	0.49%
	google uk	47	0.20%
	google canada	12	0.05%
	google australia	8	0.03%
	yahoo	5	0.02%
	aol netfind	1	0.00%
20. on	google	127	0.54%
	yahoo	9	0.04%
	google uk	8	0.03%
	google canada	8	0.03%
	msn	7	0.03%
	google australia	6	0.03%

yahoo india	5	0.02%
yahoo uk & ireland	2	0.01%
google france	2	0.01%
google germany	2	0.01%
aol netfind	1	0.00%
yahoo germany	1	0.00%

Activity by Search Keyword – Help Card

? Top Search Keywords Table

Keywords – The keyword being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. To see the entire search strings entered by visitors, see the Top Search Phrases page.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site with the specified keywords.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

Top Search Keywords Table with Engines Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the keyword in the adjacent column.

Keywords – The keyword being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. To see the entire search strings entered by visitors, see the Top Search Phrases page.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified keywords in their search.

% Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

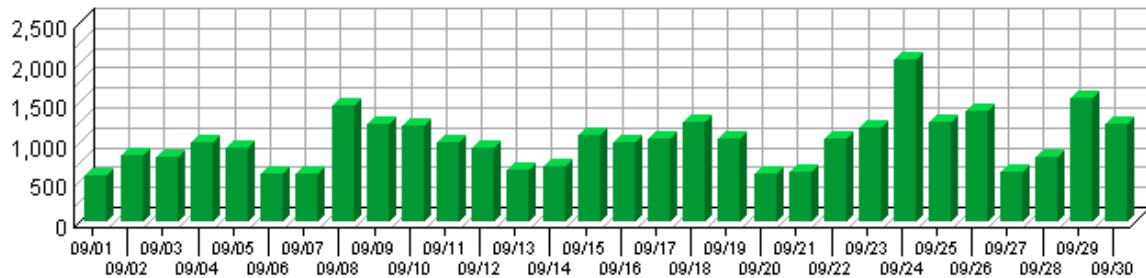


At the most basic level, this section tells you which search engines are being used most frequently to find your site. You also may find that some search engines are referring visitors to your site with the keywords you expect and that other search engines are not.

Visitors Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Visitors chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

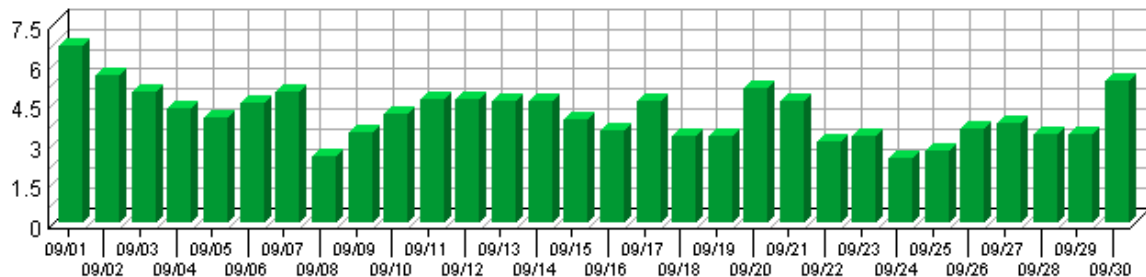
Visitors Trend



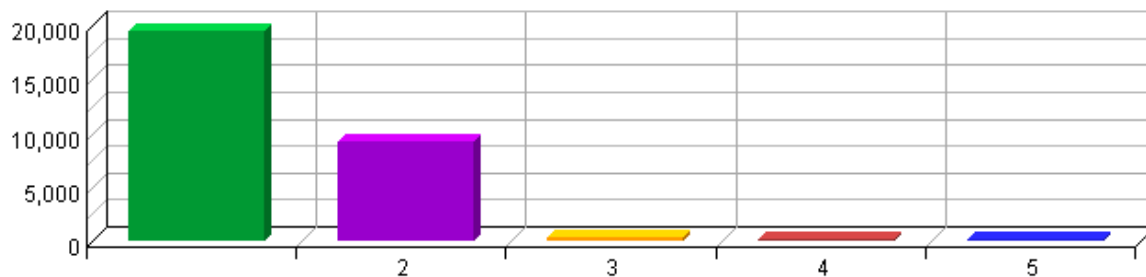
Visit Summary

Visits	30,277
Average per Day	1,009
Average Visit Length	00:19:01
Median Visit Length	00:04:01
International Visits	5.60%
Visits of Unknown Origin	30.24%
Visits from Your Country: United States (US)	64.16%

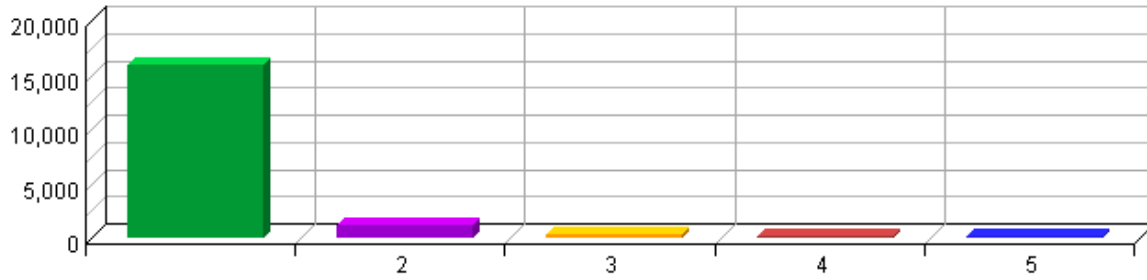
Average Length of Visit Trend



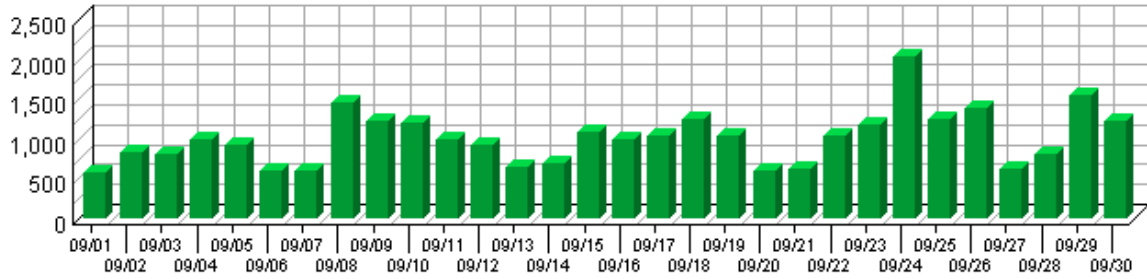
Top Countries by Visits



Visitors by Number of Visits



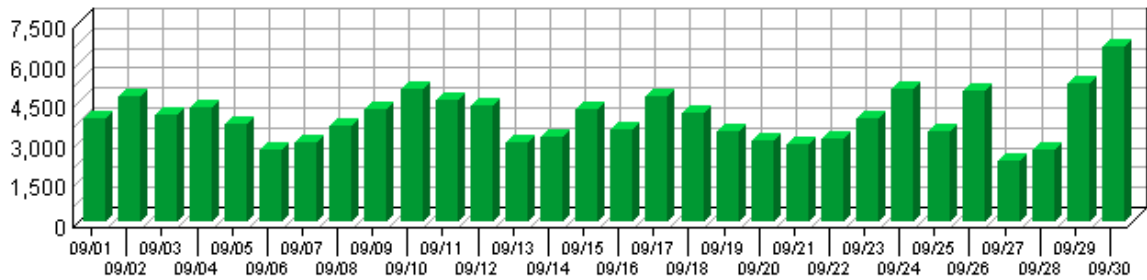
Visitors Trend



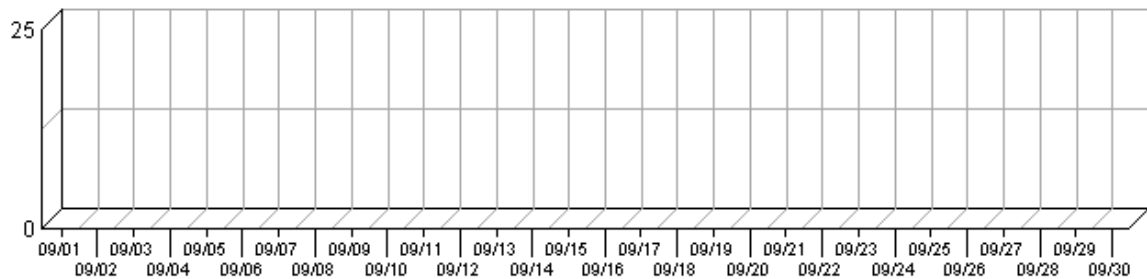
Visitor Summary

Unique Visitors	18,182
Visitors Who Visited Once	15,995
Visitors Who Visited More Than Once	2,187
Average Visits per Visitor	1.67

Visitor Minutes Trend



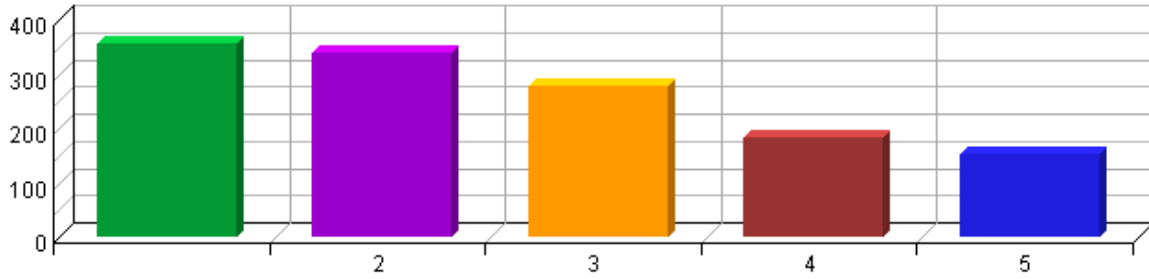
First Time Visitors Trend



New vs. Return Visits

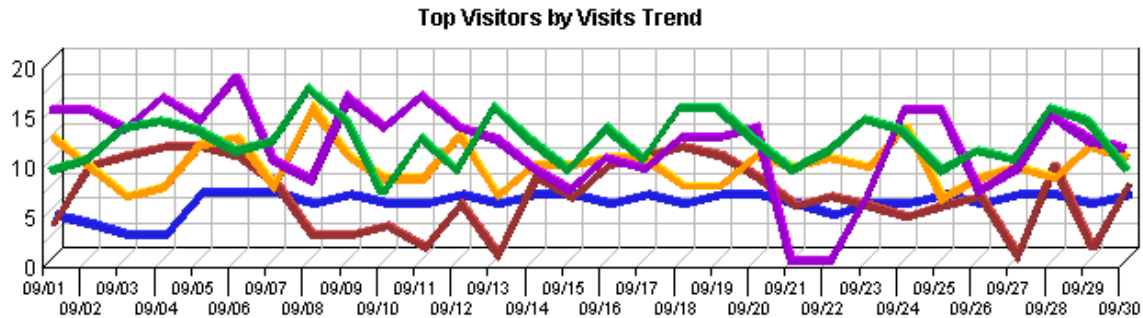


Top Visitors by Visits



Top Visitors

This report identifies the IP address, domain name, or cookie of each visitor, and identifies the visitor's relative activity level on the site. If you use cookies to track visits, Reporting Center can differentiate between hits from different visitors with the same IP address.




Top Visitors

	Visitor	Visits	%	Hits
1.	65.214.44.28_Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; en-US; rv:1.9a1) Gecko/20070308 Minefield/3.0a1	357	1.18%	551
2.	crawler4093.ask.com_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Ask Jeeves/ Teoma; +http://about.ask.com/en/docs/about/webmasters.shtml)	340	1.12%	586
3.	ip-78-137-163-133.dedi.digiweb.ie_Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; en-US; rv:1.9a1) Gecko/ 20070308 Minefield/3.0a1	278	0.92%	350
4.	65.55.232.34_msnbot/1.1 (+http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	184	0.61%	347
5.	216.91.52.168_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Page2RSS/0.4; +http://page2rss.com/)	154	0.51%	157
6.	be2.cos.com_libwww-perl/5.812	153	0.51%	386
7.	rg44.riverglassinc.com_Jakarta Commons-HttpClient/3.0.1	143	0.47%	684
8.		126	0.42%	209

	crawl1.nat.svl.searchme. com_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Charlotte/1.1; http://www.searchme. com/support/)			
9.	66.231.188.52_Gigabot/3.0 (http://www.gigablast.com/spider. html)	108	0.36%	547
10.	165.215.40.252_libwww-perl/5. 808	107	0.35%	275
11.	msnbot-65-55-104-29.search. msn.com_msnbot/1.1 (+http:// search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	97	0.32%	167
12.	llf320053.crawl.yahoo. net_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/ help/us/ysearch/slurp)	97	0.32%	276
13.	llf520012.crawl.yahoo. net_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/ help/us/ysearch/slurp)	96	0.32%	179
14.	crawl2.nat.svl.searchme. com_Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Charlotte/1.1; http://www.searchme. com/support/)	95	0.31%	146
15.	crawl-6.cuill.com_Mozilla/5.0 (Twiceler-0.9 http://www.cuil. com/twiceler/robot.html)	92	0.30%	264
16.	91.205.124.20_Yanga WorldSearch Bot v1.1/beta (http://www. yanga.co.uk/)	86	0.28%	567
17.	65.55.25.153_msnbot/1.1 (+ http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	86	0.28%	205
18.	msnbot-65-55-105-238.search. msn.com_msnbot/1.1 (+http:// search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	83	0.27%	105
19.	msnbot-65-55-105-240.search. msn.com_msnbot/1.1 (+http:// search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	77	0.25%	105
20.	msnbot-65-55-105-245.search. msn.com_msnbot/1.1 (+http:// search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	73	0.24%	81
	Subtotal	2,832	9.35%	6,187
	Other	27,441	90.65%	54,211
	Total	30,273	100.00%	60,398


Top Visitors – Help Card

 **Hits** – Number of hits attributed to the specified visitor. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Visitor – The IP address, domain name, or cookie of the visitor.

Visits – Number of times the specified visitor visited your site. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

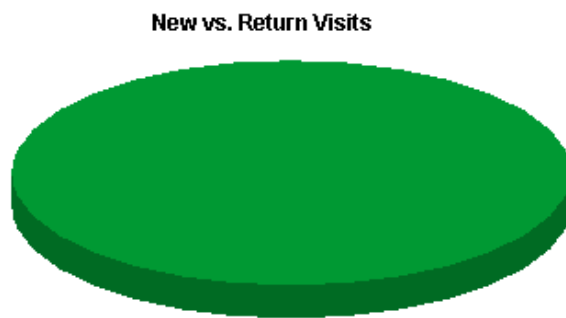
% – Percentage of total visits or hits made by the specified visitor.

 Consider the visitors who use the site most, and tailor your site to their interests and needs. If your site is an intranet, notice which employees use the site most, and find out what they like about it. You might also get feedback from those who use it the least and find out what they are looking for.

Note: If a visitor has a dynamic IP address, or if a group of visitors are behind a proxy server or firewall, this data might be misleading. In the case of a dynamic IP address, multiple IP addresses could be shown for a single visitor, and in the case of a firewall or proxy server, one IP address could be used by more than one visitor.

New vs. Return Visits

This report compares the number of visits by new and returning visitors to your site.



New vs. Return Visits

Visitor Type		Visits	%
1.	Returning Visitors	30,273	100.00%
Total		30,273	100.00%

New vs. Return Visits – Help Card

? New Visitors – Visitors who didn't have a cookie from your site on their first hit, but had one on later hits.

Returning Visitors – Visitors who already had a cookie from your site when they visited.

Visitors Not Accepting Cookies – Visitors not accepting cookies from your site. There is no way to determine if these visitors are new or returning.

Visits – Number of visits by visitors who fit into the specified visitor category. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

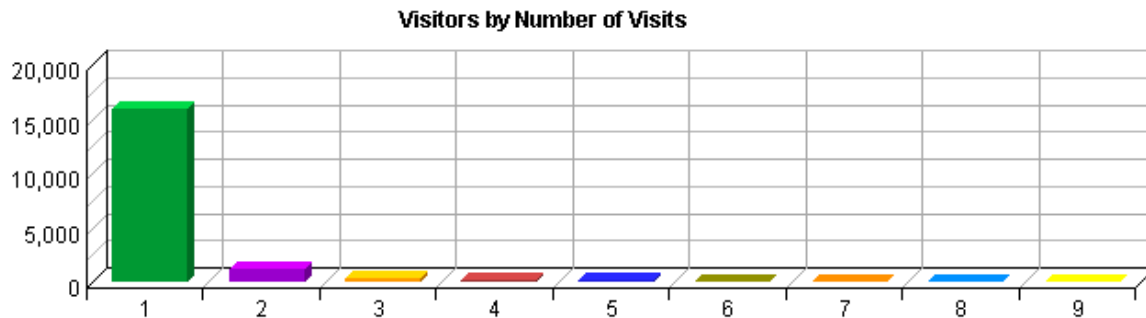
% – Percentage of visitors who fit into the specified visitor category.



By tracking the ratio between new and return visits over a period of time, you can determine if your site is attracting enough returning visitors.

Visitors by Number of Visits

This report shows the distribution of visitors based on how many times each visitor visited your site.



Visitors by Number of Visits

Number of Visits	Unique Visitors	%
1 visit	15,995	87.97%
2 visits	1,207	6.64%
3 visits	285	1.57%
4 visits	131	0.72%
5 visits	86	0.47%
6 visits	42	0.23%
7 visits	47	0.26%
8 visits	30	0.16%
9 visits	28	0.15%
Subtotal	17,851	98.18%
Other	331	1.82%
Total	18,182	100.00%

Visitors by Number of Visits – Help Card

? Number of Visits – The number of visits, beginning with one and increasing by increments of one, being analyzed in the other columns.

Unique Visitors– Number of unique individuals who came to your site the amount of times specified in the Number of Visits column.

% – Percentage of unique visitors who came to your site the amount of times specified in the Number of Visits column.

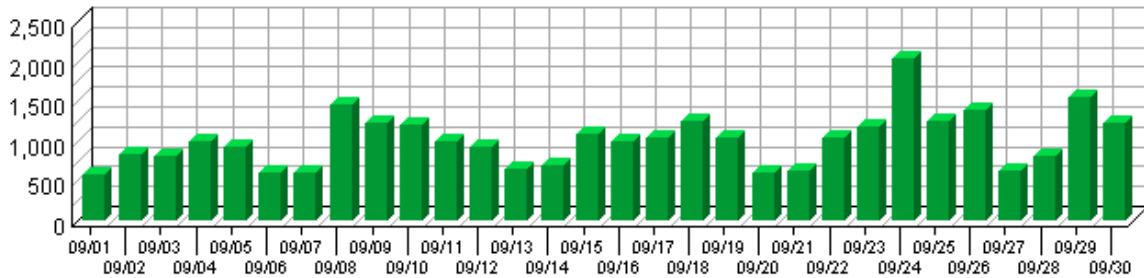
💡 This information can indicate whether or not your site compels visitors to return. Updating web site content is one way to draw return visitors.

--	--

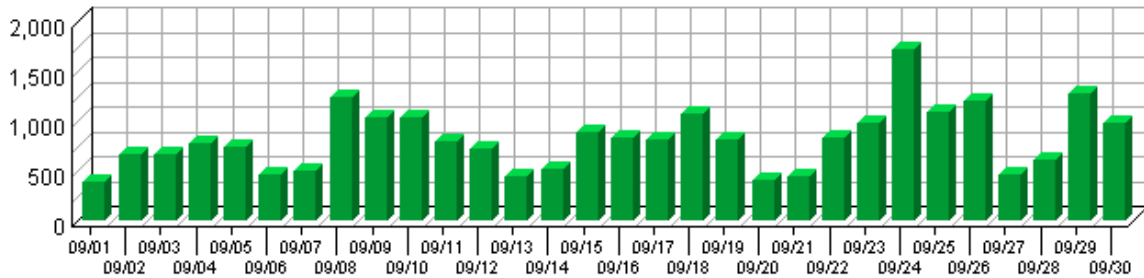
Visitors Trend

This report shows how many times visitors visited your web site and how long they stayed. The information is divided into time slices based on the duration of the log file. Visits are freshly counted during each time interval in the report. Some visits may span more than one time interval, and therefore a single visit may be counted more than once. This manner of counting visits may cause the Visits Trend total visits to exceed the total visits shown on the Overview Dashboard page.

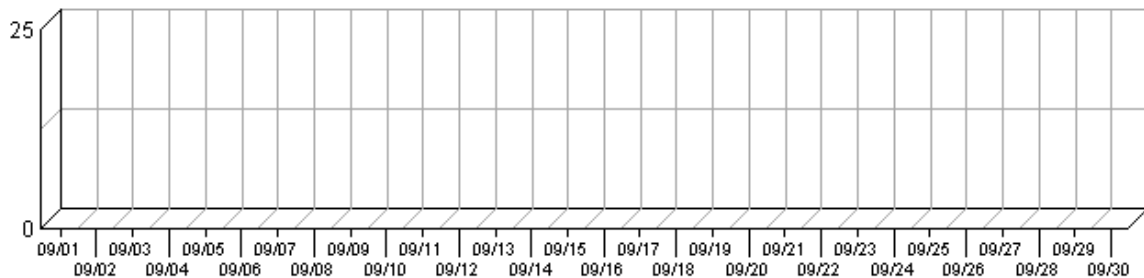
Visitors Trend



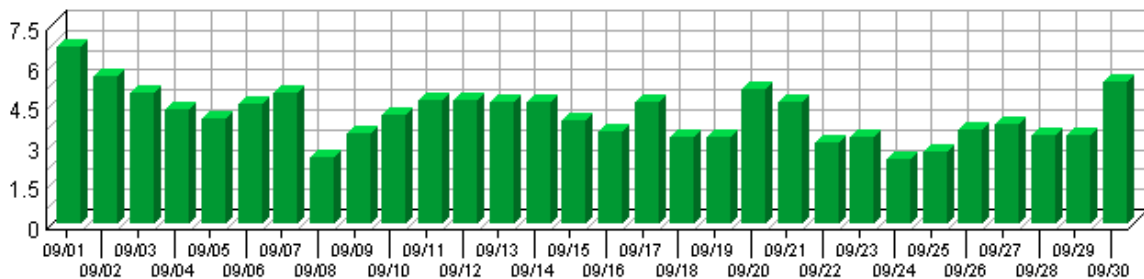
Unique Visitors Trend



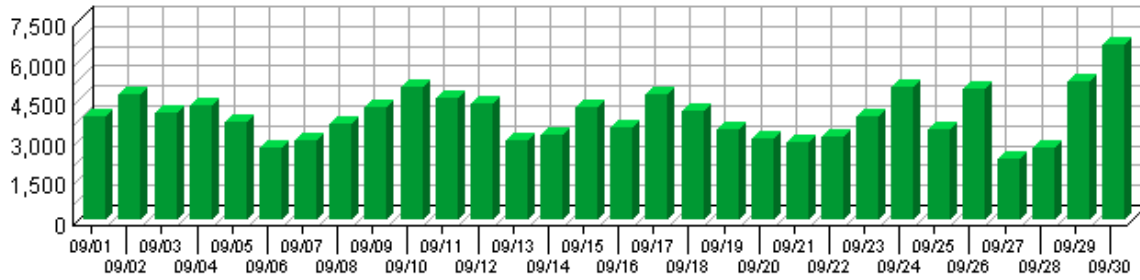
First Time Visitors Trend



Average Length of Visit Trend



Visitor Minutes Trend



Visitors Trend

Time Interval	Visits	Unique Visitors	First Time Visitors	Avg Visit Length	Visitor Minutes
09/01	583	392	0	00:06:39	3,881.67
09/02	840	674	0	00:05:35	4,703.33
09/03	817	659	0	00:04:58	4,060.95
09/04	1,004	776	0	00:04:18	4,320.97
09/05	927	740	0	00:03:58	3,682.50
09/06	608	466	0	00:04:30	2,737.07
09/07	601	493	0	00:04:55	2,963.27
09/08	1,449	1,249	0	00:02:29	3,619.27
09/09	1,238	1,046	0	00:03:26	4,257.08
09/10	1,214	1,028	0	00:04:05	4,970.08
09/11	984	804	0	00:04:41	4,617.82
09/12	936	719	0	00:04:41	4,386.62
09/13	643	446	0	00:04:36	2,958.68
09/14	692	525	0	00:04:34	3,161.13
09/15	1,080	894	0	00:03:55	4,241.97
09/16	1,002	830	0	00:03:28	3,490.10
09/17	1,032	821	0	00:04:34	4,727.32
09/18	1,259	1,069	0	00:03:15	4,104.60
09/19	1,042	818	0	00:03:14	3,384.22
09/20	609	413	0	00:05:03	3,076.25
09/21	635	453	0	00:04:36	2,922.42
09/22	1,038	832	0	00:03:02	3,156.37
09/23	1,189	979	0	00:03:17	3,922.70
09/24	2,037	1,716	0	00:02:27	5,006.70
09/25	1,260	1,091	0	00:02:41	3,385.17
09/26	1,391	1,200	0	00:03:31	4,896.87
09/27	614	460	0	00:03:45	2,308.78
09/28	810	619	0	00:03:20	2,704.05
09/29	1,556	1,279	0	00:03:20	5,201.62
09/30	1,233	980	0	00:05:20	6,593.12

Average	1,010	815	0	N/A	3,914.76
Total	30,323	24,471	0	N/A	117,442.67

Visitors Trend – Help Card

? Time Interval – A one-year report displays monthly time increments. A one-quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one-month report or a one-week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour-long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Visits – Number of visits to your web site. If a visit spans multiple time intervals, it is counted in each interval. Every visit from a visitor is counted, even if the same visitor came to your web site multiple times. Also included are zero-length visits. A zero-length visit occurs when all hits for that visit are logged with the exact same time stamp.

Unique Visitors – Number of individuals who visited your site during the report period. If someone visits more than once, they are counted only the first time they visit. Values of "N/A" indicate that the detailed data required for Unique Visitors per time period is not available. This situation occurs when the Top Visitors report has reached its configured limit.

First Time Visitors – Number of visitors who had never visited your web site before.

Avg Visit Length – The average amount of time visitors spent at your site within the given time interval. The data is formatted as hh:mm:ss (hours:minutes:seconds). The average visit length is calculated by dividing the value from the Visitor Minutes column by the value from the Visits column.

Visitor Minutes – Number of minutes your web site was viewed, regardless of who was viewing it.

Average – This row gives the average for each column.

Total – The total for the column. Some visits may span more than one time interval, and be counted more than once. These duplicate visit counts may cause the total visits count on this row to exceed the actual total number of visits shown on the Overview Dashboard page.

💡 Use this page to determine which times your web site is busiest.

Daily averages cut off visits that continue into the next day, whereas weekly averages do not. Therefore, weekly averages may appear a bit longer than daily averages.

Visits Trend

This report helps you understand the bandwidth requirements of your site by tracking visits over the course of the report period.




Visits Trend

Time Interval	Visits	%
09/01	581	1.92%
09/02	838	2.77%
09/03	816	2.70%
09/04	1,002	3.31%
09/05	925	3.06%
09/06	605	2.00%
09/07	600	1.98%
09/08	1,447	4.78%
09/09	1,237	4.09%
09/10	1,209	3.99%
09/11	980	3.24%
09/12	932	3.08%
09/13	640	2.11%
09/14	691	2.28%
09/15	1,076	3.55%
09/16	1,000	3.30%
09/17	1,031	3.41%
09/18	1,257	4.15%
09/19	1,041	3.44%
09/20	607	2.00%
09/21	633	2.09%
09/22	1,038	3.43%
09/23	1,187	3.92%
09/24	2,033	6.71%
09/25	1,259	4.16%


09/26	1,389	4.59%
09/27	612	2.02%
09/28	808	2.67%
09/29	1,555	5.14%
09/30	1,248	4.12%
Total	30,277	100.00%

Visits Trend – Help Card

 **Time Interval** – A one-year report displays monthly time increments. A one-quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one-month report or a one-week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour-long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Visits – Number of visits to your site during the specified time interval. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visits to your site during the specified time interval compared with all visits to your site during the report period.

 Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

Top Organizations

If you have enabled the WebTrends GeoTrends Database for this profile, this page will list the most active companies and other organizations visiting your web site. The second table will show you the most active domain names from each organization.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Top Organizations – Help Card

? **Domain Name** – The text name corresponding to the IP address of a computer on the Internet. For example, netiq.com is a domain name. The domain name can be determined if it was logged by the web server or, if it is defined in the Internet Domain Name System then it may be found using DNS resolution. Otherwise, the domain name is not known and this table shows the IP address.

The domain name shown is the second-level domain name, such as netiq.com. If the top-level domain name is a country code, then this shows the third-level domain name, such as anycompany.com.au. For example, all visitors from sales.netiq.com, us.sales.netiq.com, and service.net.iq.com are combined in the statistics for netiq.com.

Click on the domain name to generate an Internet whois lookup.

Organization – The name of the organization, which could be a company, a government agency, a school, or any other type of organization. This name was determined by looking up the visitor's IP address in the WebTrends GeoTrends Database. Click on the organization name to generate an Internet whois lookup.

Total – The total for all visits or hits.

Unknown – The sum for any IP addresses which could not be found in the WebTrends GeoTrends Database.

Visits – Number of visits to your site from this organization. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits – Number of hits to your site from this organization. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

% – Percentage of the total activity that was from this organization.



--


Use this information when you are interested in an organization as a whole, such as NetIQ Corporation. You can identify the major domain names from each company, such as netiq.com and webtrends.com from NetIQ.

Top Authenticated Usernames

This report identifies the true name and relative activity level of the visitors logging onto a server that requires a user name and password.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Top Authenticated Usernames – Help Card


 **Authenticated Username** – A unique visitor tracked by user name and password rather than by IP address. You may find more authenticated user names than total visitors because several persons may be using the same IP address. Since many ISPs dynamically assign IP addresses, and since multiple visitors may use a single IP address, authentication is a much more accurate way to identify visitors.

Hits – Number of hits generated by the specified visitor. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Visitor – Authenticated name of the user being analyzed.

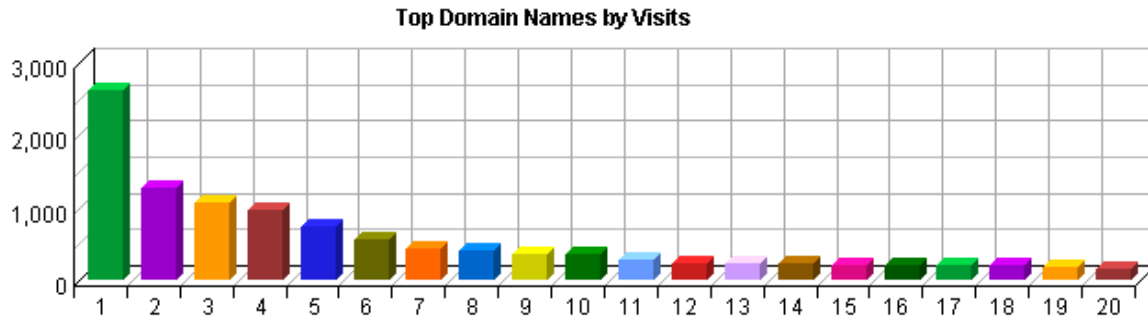
Visits – Number of times the specified visitor visited your site. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visits or hits to your site by the specified visitor out of those by all authenticated user names.

 You may use this information for your marketing efforts, such as special promotions or newsletters.

Top Domain Names


This report lists the domain name that generates the most activity to your web site.



Top Domain Names

	Domain Name	Visits	%	Hits
1.	googlebot.com	2,624	8.67%	3,075
2.	comcast.net	1,259	4.16%	1,745
3.	msn.com	1,066	3.52%	1,361
4.	yahoo.net	956	3.16%	6,721
5.	rr.com	730	2.41%	992
6.	verizon.net	559	1.85%	789
7.	ask.com	436	1.44%	696
8.	cox.net	419	1.38%	600
9.	65.214.44.28	357	1.18%	551
10.	sbcglobal.net	344	1.14%	478
11.	dedi.digiweb.ie	279	0.92%	351
12.	bellsouth.net	239	0.79%	289
13.	searchme.com	236	0.78%	372
14.	charter.com	227	0.75%	322
15.	aol.com	197	0.65%	254
16.	riverglassinc.com	192	0.63%	1,087
17.	bezeqint.net	192	0.63%	193
18.	qwest.net	191	0.63%	270
19.	65.55.232.34	185	0.61%	348
20.	216.91.52.168	154	0.51%	157
	Subtotal	10,842	35.81%	20,651
	Other	19,435	64.19%	39,739
	Total	30,277	100.00%	60,390

Top Domain Names – Help Card

 **Domain Name** – The text name corresponding to the IP address of a computer on the Internet. For example, netiq.com is a domain name. The domain name can be determined if it was logged by the web server or, if it is defined in the Internet Domain Name System then it may be found using DNS resolution. Otherwise, the domain name is not known and this table shows the IP address.

The domain name shown is the second-level domain name, such as netiq.com. If the top-level domain name is a country code, then this shows the third-level domain name, such as anycompany.com.au. For example, all visitors from sales.netiq.com, us.sales.netiq.com, and service.net.iq.com are combined in the statistics for netiq.com.


Click on the domain name to generate an Internet whois lookup.

Total – The total for all visits or hits.

Hits – Number of hits to your site from this domain name. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

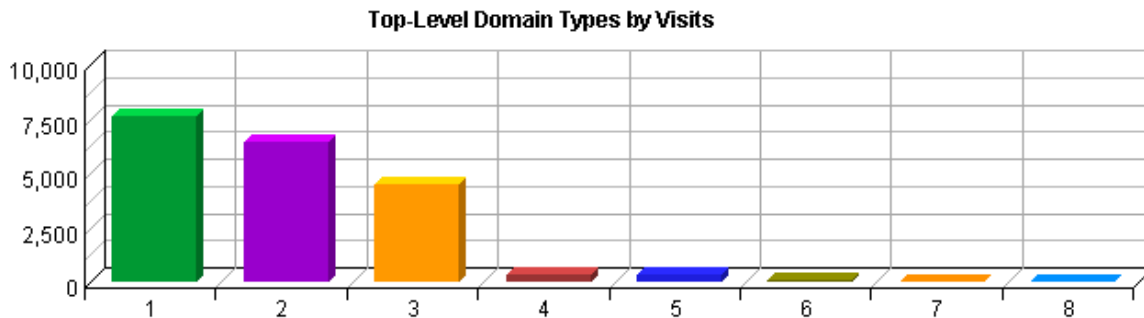
Visits – Number of visits to your site from this domain name. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of the total activity that was from this domain name or IP address.

 Use this information when you are interested in high-level domain names of visitors generating the most activity to your web site.

Top-Level Domain Types

This report provides a breakdown of top-level domain types.



Top-Level Domain Types

	Top-Level Domain Types	Visits	%	Hits
1.	Commercial	7,657	39.56%	16,982
2.	Network	6,459	33.37%	14,391
3.	Education	4,475	23.12%	7,507
4.	Government	365	1.89%	524
5.	Organization	317	1.64%	2,040
6.	Military	67	0.35%	73
7.	ARPANET	13	0.07%	14
8.	International	2	0.01%	3
	Total	19,355	100.00%	41,534

Top-Level Domain Types – Help Card

? Top-Level Domain – The suffix of a domain name. A top-level domain can be based on the type of organization (.com, .edu, .museum, .name, etc) or it can be a country code (.uk, .de, .jp, .us, etc.). The top-level domain can be used to identify the type of web site. The following is a partial list of how this report categorizes top-level domains:

ARPANET: .arpa

Commercial: .com .co .com.[country code] .co.[country code] .firm.co .firm.ve .ltd.uk .info .biz

Education: .edu .edu.[country-code] .ed.[country code] .ac.[country code] .school.[country code] .k12.[country code] .re.kr .sch.uk .edunet.tn

International: .int .int.co .int.ve .intl.tn

Government: .gov .gov.[country code] .gove.[country code] .go.[country code]

Military: .mil .mil.[country code]

Network: .net .ad.jp .ne.kr .net.[country code]

Organization: .org .or .org.[country code] .or.[country code]

Personal: .name

Hits – Number of hits to your site from the specified top-level domain. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Total – The total visits or hits where there was sufficient information to identify the top-level domain. This number may be less than the total activity overall.

Visits – Number of visits to your site from the specified top-level domain. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total visits or hits from sites in the specified top-level domain. The percentages refer to the total number of visits for which the domain name can be determined. Some IP addresses cannot be resolved to a domain name.



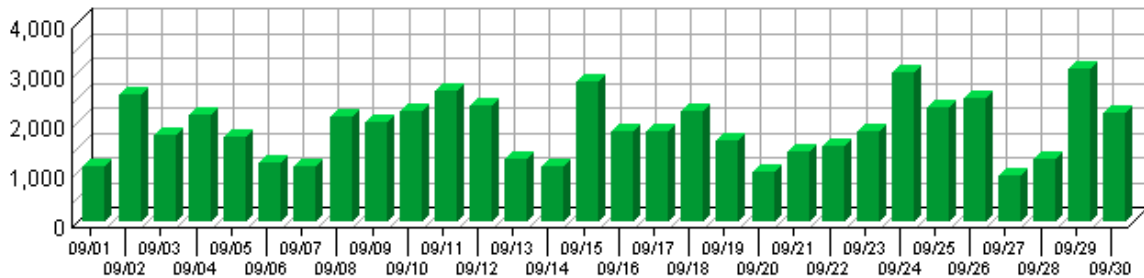
Consider which types of organizations are interested in your site, and consider how you can interest other types of organizations.

Note: This information can be displayed only if reverse DNS lookups have been performed. Even when DNS lookups are performed, some IP addresses cannot be resolved to a domain name.

Pages Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Pages chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

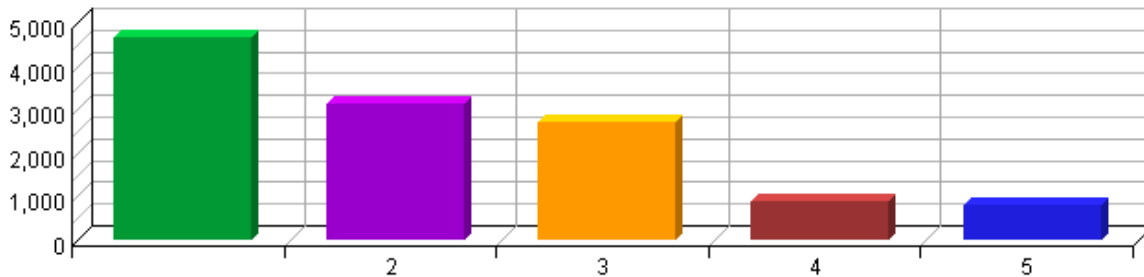
Page Views Trend



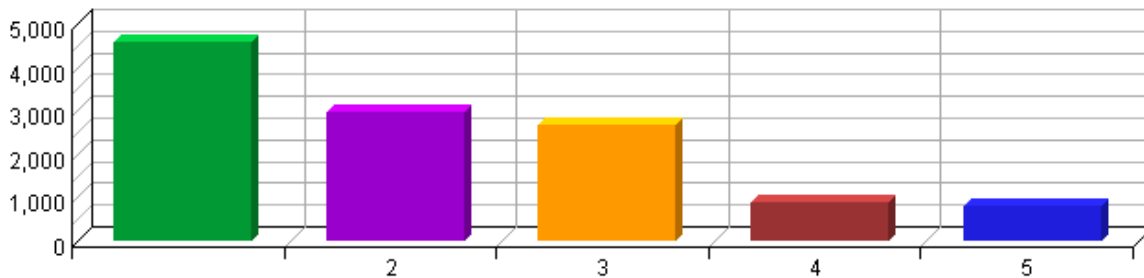
Page View Summary

Page Views	56,556
Average per Day	1,885
Average Page Views per Visit	1.87

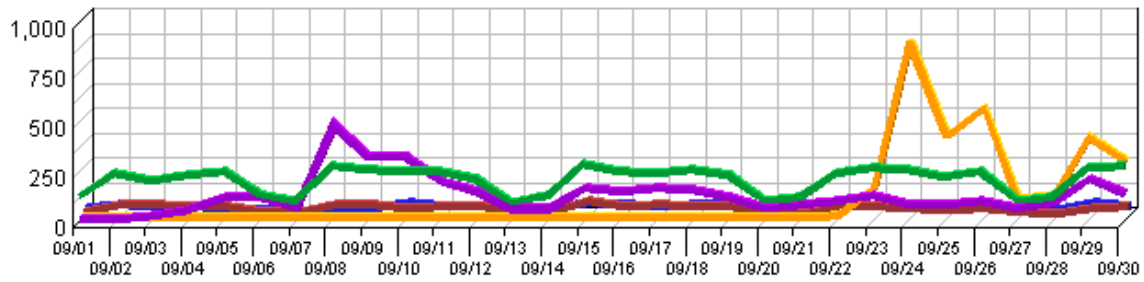
Top Entry Pages



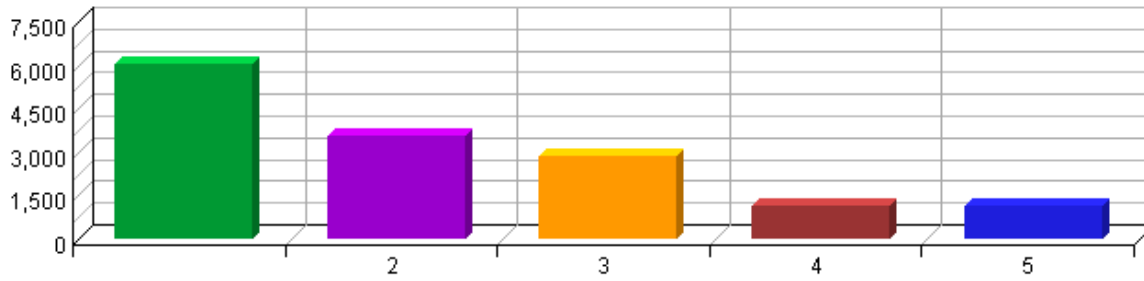
Top Exit Pages



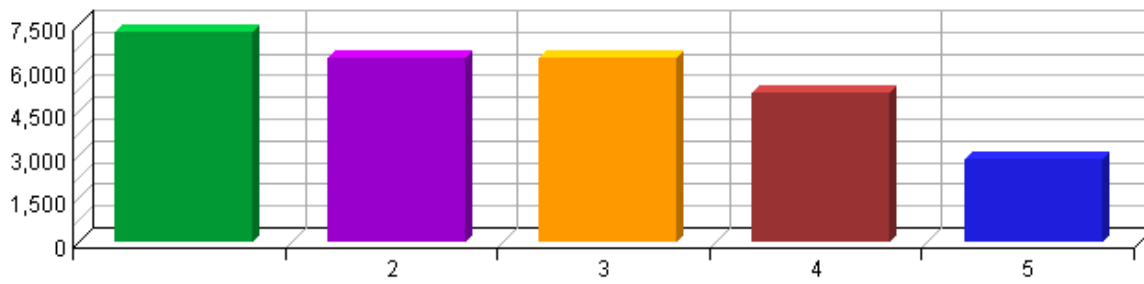
Top Pages by Visits Trend



Top Pages by Visits

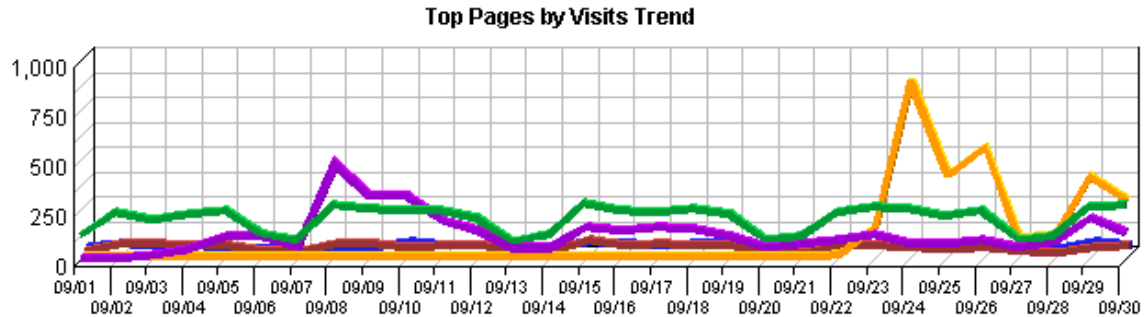


Top Directories by Visits



Top Pages

This identifies the most popular web pages on your site and shows you the number of visits for each, and displays the average length of time the page was viewed.



Top Pages

	Pages	Visits	%	Views	Avg Time Viewed	Avg Time to Serve
1.	Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/	6,025	11.47%	6,975	00:03:16	0
2.	2009 Academic Year EPA Greater Research Opportunities (GRO) Fellowships for Unde http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2009/ 2009_gro_undergrad. html	3,561	6.78%	3,943	00:04:44	0
3.	6th Annual P3 Awards Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2009/ 2009_p3.html	2,841	5.41%	3,143	00:04:10	0
4.	Forecasting Ecosystem Services from Wetland Condition Analyses Funding Opportu http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_wetlands. html	1,172	2.23%	1,334	00:03:39	0
5.	FALL 2008 EPA Science to Achieve Results (STAR) Fellowships for Graduate Environ	1,157	2.20%	1,217	00:02:51	0

	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_fellow.html					
6.	STAR Grant Forms and Instructions Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/forms/	1,152	2.19%	1,472	00:03:39	0
7.	Climate Change and Allergic Airway Disease Funding Opportunities NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_climate_change.html	1,085	2.07%	1,213	00:03:57	0
8.	Adaptation for Future Air Quality Analysis and Decision Support Tools in Light o http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_adaptation.html	1,019	1.94%	1,091	00:04:03	0
9.	Broad Agency Announcement for Conferences, Workshops, and/ or Meetings Funding http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_baa.html	899	1.71%	987	00:05:14	0
10.	Novel Approaches for Assessing Exposure for School-Aged Children in Longitudinal http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_novelapproaches.html	722	1.37%	880	00:03:40	0
11.	Small Business Innovation Research Phase I Archive Funding Opportunities N http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_sbir_phase1.html	513	0.98%	544	00:05:29	0
12.	Effects of Climate Change on Ecosystem Services Provided by Coral Reefs and Tida http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2004/2004_climate_change.html	460	0.88%	486	00:05:02	0
13.	2008 GRO Fellowships For Graduate Environmental Study Funding Opportunities http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_gro_grad.html	430	0.82%	443	00:04:03	0
14.	Consequences of Global Change for Water Quality 2008 Grant Archives Archive http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_gcwq.html	397	0.76%	425	00:04:03	0
15.	Development of Environmental Health Outcome Indicators 2007 Grant Archives A http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2007/2007_star_health_indicators.html	330	0.63%	346	00:02:42	0
16.		329	0.63%	333	00:03:38	0

	Fall 2008 GRO Fellowships For Undergraduate Environmental Study Archive Fund http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_gro_undergrad.html					
17.	Archive Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/archive/	315	0.60%	373	00:02:11	0
18.	Innovative and Integrative Approaches for Advancing Public Health Protection Thr http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_water.html	312	0.59%	343	00:05:22	0
19.	P3 Award Archive Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_p3.html	304	0.58%	330	00:04:18	0
20.	Fall 2007 EPA Science to Achieve Results (STAR) Fellowships for Graduate Environ http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2007/2007_star_fellow.html	299	0.57%	321	00:04:03	0
	Subtotal	23,322	44.41%	26,199	00:03:49	
	Other	29,193	55.59%	30,357	00:04:09	
	Total	52,515	100.00%	56,556	00:04:03	

Top Pages – Help Card



Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visits to this page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views the first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Views – Number of times this page was viewed by visitors.

% – Percentage of the total visits in which the visitor viewed this page at least once.

Average Time Viewed – Average length of time the specified page was viewed. (The format is hh:mm:ss – hours:minutes:seconds.)

Average Time to Serve – Average amount of time (in milliseconds) it took to serve each document during the specified time interval. The time to serve spans from the time the server got a page request until it transmitted all the data.

Note: Zero values in this column probably indicates that your web server is not logging Time to Serve information.



Pages with good content and design are more likely to attract visitors and be revisited. Less popular pages on a site can be made more appealing by improving the content or incorporating design elements similar to that on the more important pages. Always remember that people are far more interested in content than in design, and average view times can help determine which content is most important to your visitors.

Top Content Groups

This report identifies the most popular groups of web site pages and how often they were visited.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Top Content Groups – Help Card



Content Group – A defined group of web pages with specific things in common, such as the same types of products, services, or information.

Group Name – Name of the content group being analyzed.

Total – The sum of the visit counts for the content groups. During a single visit, the visitor may view pages in zero, one, or multiple content groups, causing some visits to be omitted from this total and some visits to be counted more than once.

Visits – Number of visits where the visitor viewed at least one page in the specified content group. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

% – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

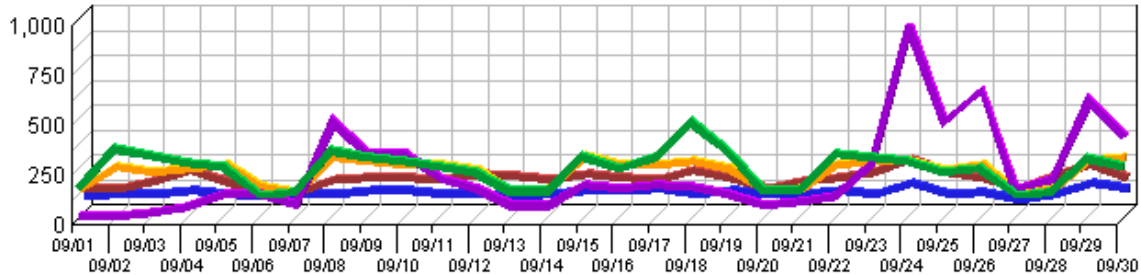


The information on this page can show you which content groups were most popular. This will reveal the reasons people visit your web site, and what is most interesting and least interesting to them.

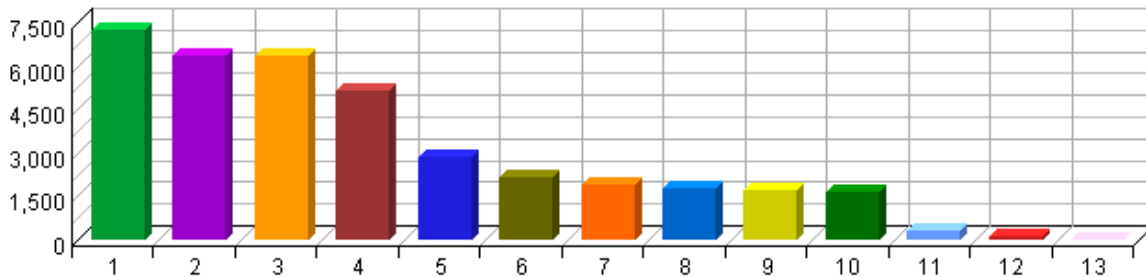
Top Directories

This report lists the most commonly accessed directories on your web site. This information can help determine the types of data most often requested.

Top Directories by Visits Trend



Top Directories by Visits



Top Directories

	Path To Directory	Visits	%	Hits	Kbytes Transferred
1.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ 2008	7,237	19.27%	10,683	942,286
2.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ 2009	6,358	16.93%	7,104	669,132
3.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/	6,344	16.90%	7,463	152,810
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ archive	5,176	13.79%	16,472	517,880
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ 2004	2,840	7.56%	4,296	259,019
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ 2007	2,144	5.71%	2,890	302,992
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ current	1,923	5.12%	2,941	192,260
8.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ 2006	1,778	4.74%	2,465	209,782
9.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ forms	1,697	4.52%	3,171	103,304
10.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ 2005	1,644	4.38%	2,246	195,139
11.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ pdf	291	0.78%	492	68,898
12.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ partners	115	0.31%	166	6,136
13.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/..	1	0.00%	1	13
	Total	37,548	100.00%	60,390	3,619,643

Top Directories – Help Card


 **Path to Directory** – The full URL path to the directory being analyzed.

Visits – Number of visits to pages within the specified directory. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Kbytes Transferred – Number of kilobytes of data transferred by the server from the specified directory to your visitors.

% – Percentage of visits or hits to, or kilobytes of data transferred from the specified directory compared to all other directories.

 This report indicates the content visitors are most interested in. Use this information to determine which content areas to develop further, which areas to focus on less, and how you can arrange your content most effectively. If the table is sorted by kilobytes of data transferred, this page reveals what kind of data the server spends the most time transferring, and may suggest different ways to organize your data, or different ways to distribute the server load if you have more than one server.

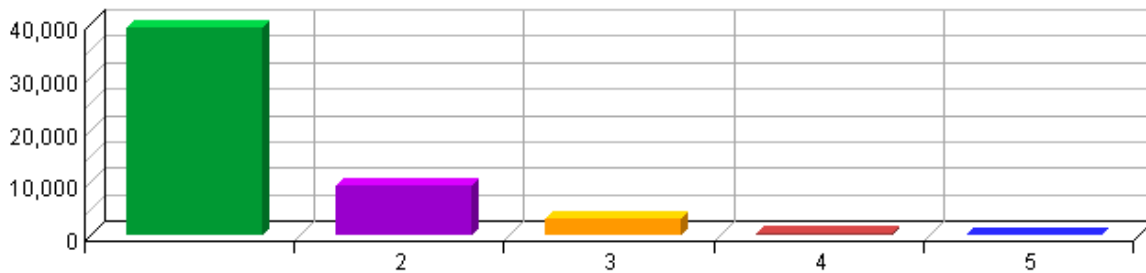
Files Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Files chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

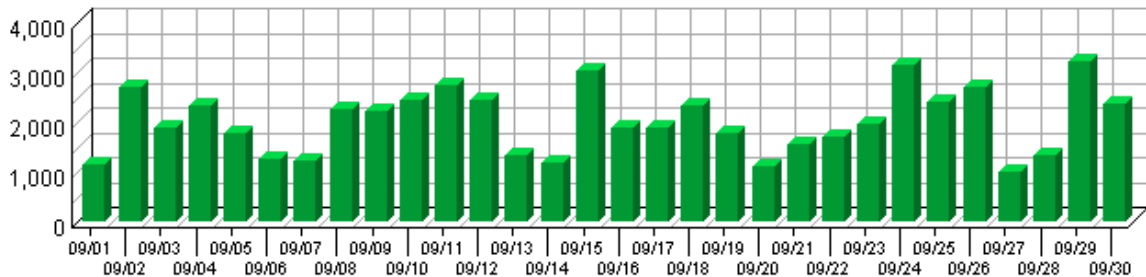
Hit Summary

Successful Hits for Entire Site	60,390
Average Hits per Day	2,013
Home Page Hits	6,975

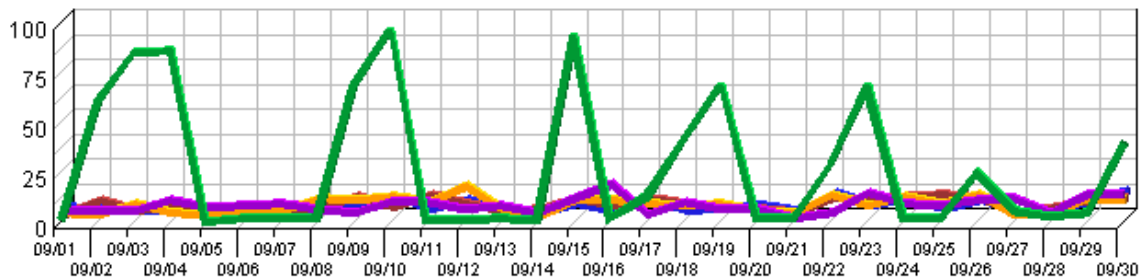
Most Accessed File Types by Files



Hits Trend

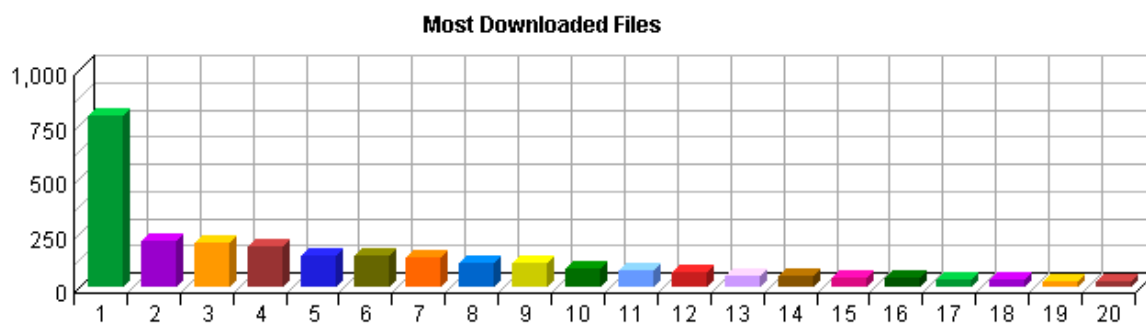
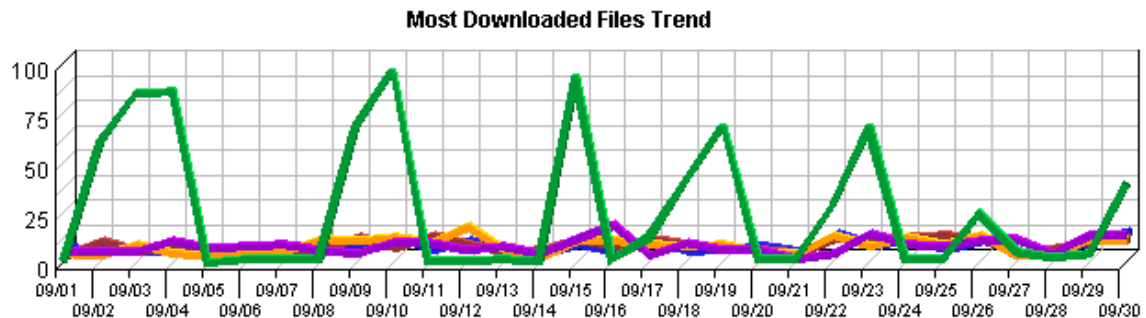


Most Downloaded Files Trend



Most Downloaded Files

This report identifies the most popular files downloaded from your site.




Most Downloaded Files

	Downloaded Files	Downloads	%	Visits
1.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ 2008/ compilation_of_epa_ord_res_prog_descrip.pdf	785	20.90%	67
2.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ forms/p3abstract.pdf	216	5.75%	170
3.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ forms/sf424_i.pdf	201	5.35%	169
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ forms/sf424-v2.0.pdf	186	4.95%	161
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ forms/sf424i_instructions.pdf	146	3.89%	121
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ forms/NCER_std_form_5- STAR_Grant_applications.pdf	145	3.86%	107
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ forms/keycontacts.pdf	139	3.70%	119
8.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ 2008/2008_sbir_phase1.pdf	106	2.82%	94
9.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ forms/approved_budget_sheet.pdf	106	2.82%	96
10.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ forms/sf424instructions.pdf	81	2.16%	75
11.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/ forms/epaf2006.pdf	74	1.97%	67

12.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_sbir_phase1.doc	70	1.86%	67
13.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/forms/GG_LobbyingForm-V1.1.pdf	52	1.38%	50
14.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/forms/approved_budget_sheet.doc	51	1.36%	50
15.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/pdf/a98hexval.pdf	43	1.14%	35
16.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/forms/424b.pdf	43	1.14%	42
17.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/forms/424b.doc	38	1.01%	38
18.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2006/staa_call_2006.pdf	32	0.85%	32
19.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2004/2004_sbir_phase1_poll-prev.pdf	28	0.75%	17
20.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2005/2005_sbir_phase1_table.pdf	28	0.75%	28
Subtotal		2,570	68.42%	1,605
Other		1,186	31.58%	1,145
Total		3,756	100.00%	2,750


Most Downloaded Files – Help Card

 **Downloads** – Number of times the specified file was downloaded by a visitor. If an error occurred during a transfer, the transfer is not counted.

Files – The path and filename of the file being analyzed.

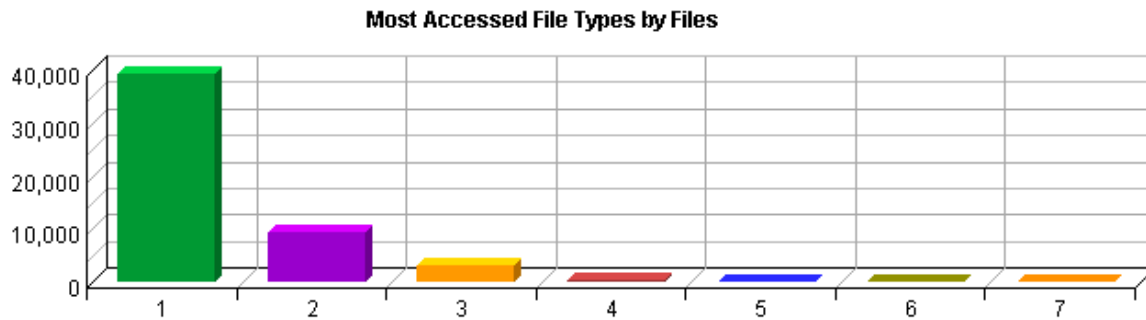
Visits – The number of unique visitors who downloaded the specified file. If an error occurred in the transfer, the transfer is not counted.

% – Percentage of times the specified file was downloaded compared to all downloaded files.

 This information shows you the most popular downloadable files on your web site. Files that don't appear on the list, or appear low on the list, may require maintenance such as decreasing the file size, improving link placement, or elimination to make room for more popular content.

Most Accessed File Types

This report identifies the types of files accessed on your site and the total number of kilobytes of data transferred for each file type. Cached requests and erred hits are excluded from the totals. The types of files accessed are listed in descending order.



Most Accessed File Types

	File Type	Files	%	Kbytes Transferred
1.	html	39,271	75.72%	3,095,096
2.	htm	9,234	17.81%	174,750
3.	pdf	2,984	5.75%	299,807
4.	doc	298	0.57%	48,300
5.	wpd	63	0.12%	1,393
6.	hold	7	0.01%	298
7.	scc	4	0.01%	1
	Total	51,861	100.00%	3,619,643

Most Accessed File Types – Help Card



File Type – Identifies types of files by their file extension. For example, a file named graphic.gif is identified as type "gif."

Files – Number of files of the specified type accessed by visitors to your site.

Kbytes Transferred – Number of kilobytes of data transferred for all files of the specified type.

% – Percentage of all kilobytes of data transferred for the specified file type.



This report provides general statistics for the type of data that visitors access on your site.

Most Uploaded Files

This report identifies the most popular files uploaded using FTP PUT, HTTP PUT, or HTTP POST.

No data for this section in the log data analyzed.

Most Uploaded Files – Help Card



Files – The path and filename of the uploaded file being analyzed.

Top Uploads – Number of times the specified file was uploaded to your site. If an error occurred during a transfer, the transfer is not counted.

Visits – Number of visits to your site where the specified file was uploaded. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

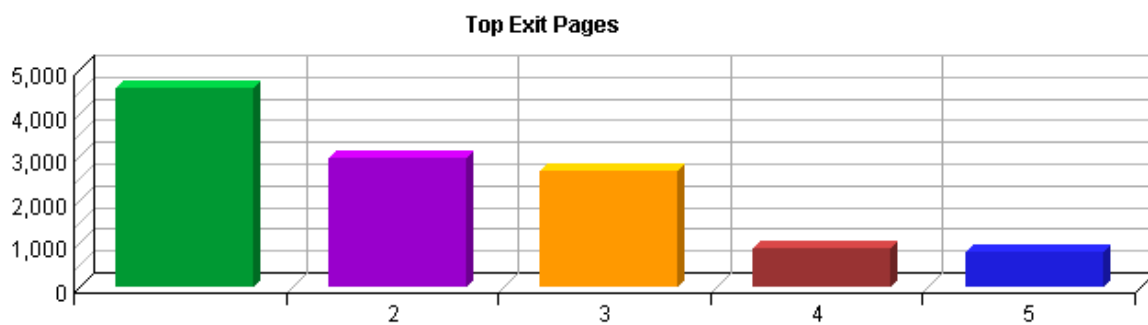
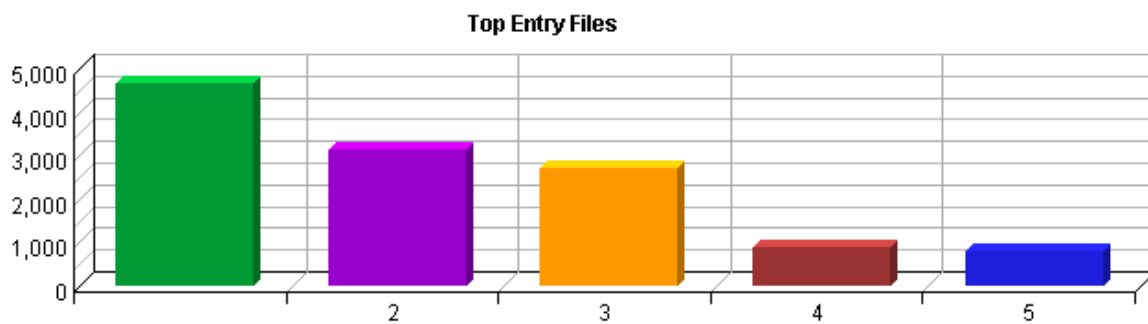
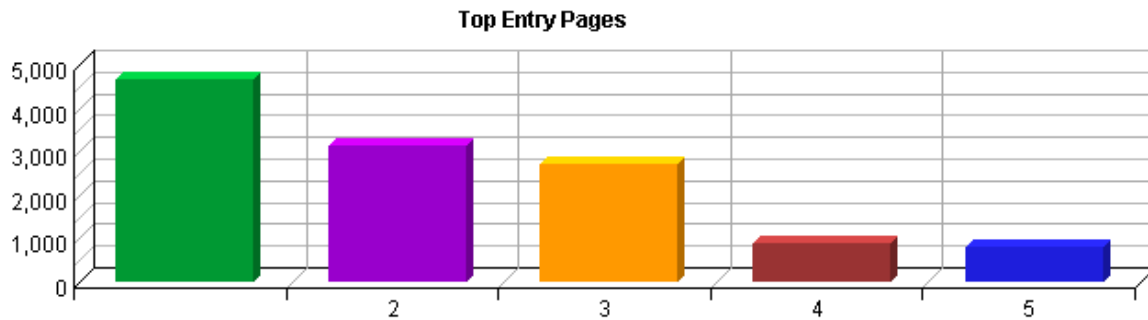
% – Percentage of times the specified file was uploaded compared with all uploaded files.



You may want to run virus scans on uploaded files.

Navigation Dashboard

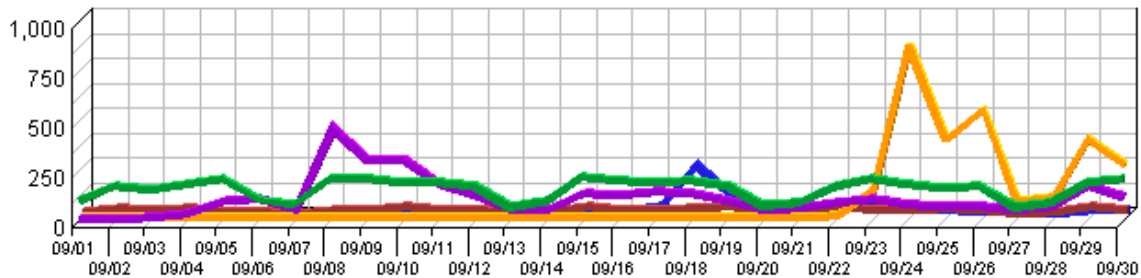
This dashboard summarizes important information related to online navigation.



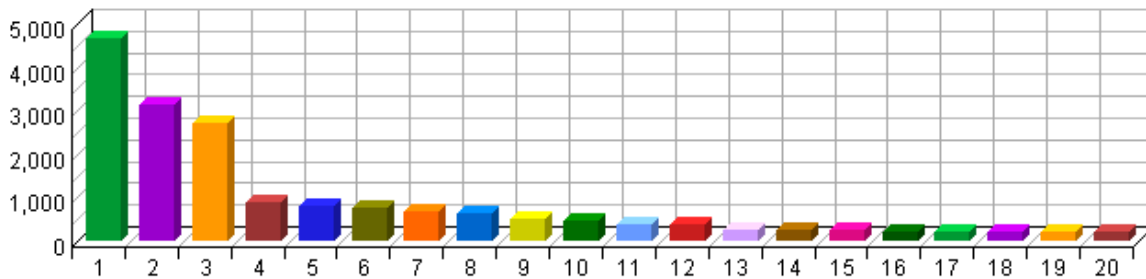
Top Entry Pages

This report identifies the first page viewed when a visitor visits your site. The most common entry page is usually the home page, but other common entry pages include specific URLs that visitors type, pages that have been bookmarked, or pages referred to by other sites.

Top Entry Pages Trend



Top Entry Pages



Top Entry Pages

	Pages	Visits	%
1.	Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/	4,672	15.87%
2.	2009 Academic Year EPA Greater Research Opportunities (GRO) Fellowships for Unde http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2009/ 2009_gro_undergrad. html	3,120	10.60%
3.	6th Annual P3 Awards Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2009/ 2009_p3.html	2,723	9.25%
4.	FALL 2008 EPA Science to Achieve Results (STAR) Fellowships for Graduate Environ http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_fellow.html	905	3.07%
5.	Climate Change and Allergic Airway Disease Funding Opportunities NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/	807	2.74%

	2008_star_climate_change.html		
6.	Forecasting Ecosystem Services from Wetland Condition Analyses Funding Opportunities http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_wetlands. html	773	2.63%
7.	Adaptation for Future Air Quality Analysis and Decision Support Tools in Light o http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_adaptation. html	662	2.25%
8.	Broad Agency Announcement for Conferences, Workshops, and/ or Meetings Funding http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_baa.html	654	2.22%
9.	STAR Grant Forms and Instructions Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ forms/	500	1.70%
10.	Novel Approaches for Assessing Exposure for School–Aged Children in Longitudinal http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_novelapproaches.html	453	1.54%
11.	Effects of Climate Change on Ecosystem Services Provided by Coral Reefs and Tida http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2004/ 2004_climate_change. html	383	1.30%
12.	Small Business Innovation Research Phase I Archive Funding Opportunities N http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_sbir_phase1.html	373	1.27%
13.	Development of Environmental Health Outcome Indicators 2007 Grant Archives A http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2007/ 2007_star_health_indicators.html	269	0.91%
14.	Treatment Technologies for Arsenic Removal for Small Drinking Water Systems 20 http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ current/ 2003arsenic.html	252	0.86%
15.	2008 GRO Fellowships For Graduate Environmental Study Funding Opportunities http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_gro_grad.html	235	0.80%
16.	P3 Award Archive Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA	224	0.76%

	http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_p3.html		
17.	Fall 2007 EPA Science to Achieve Results (STAR) Fellowships for Graduate Environ http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2007/ 2007_star_fellow.html	221	0.75%
18.	Fall 2008 GRO Fellowships For Undergraduate Environmental Study Archive Fund http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_gro_undergrad. html	216	0.73%
19.	Exploratory Research: Nanotechnology Research Grants Investigating Environmental http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2005/ 2005_star_nano.html	215	0.73%
20.	Centers for Children's Environmental Health and Disease Prevention Research Fu http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2005/ 2005_childrens_enviro_health.html	209	0.71%
	Subtotal	17,866	60.70%
	Other	11,567	39.30%
	Total	29,433	100.00%

Top Entry Pages – Help Card



Entry Page – The first page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non–page files, that visit has no entry page. This can cause the total number of entry pages to be less than the total number of visits.

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visits where the specified page was the entry page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of times this page was the entry page compared with other entry pages.



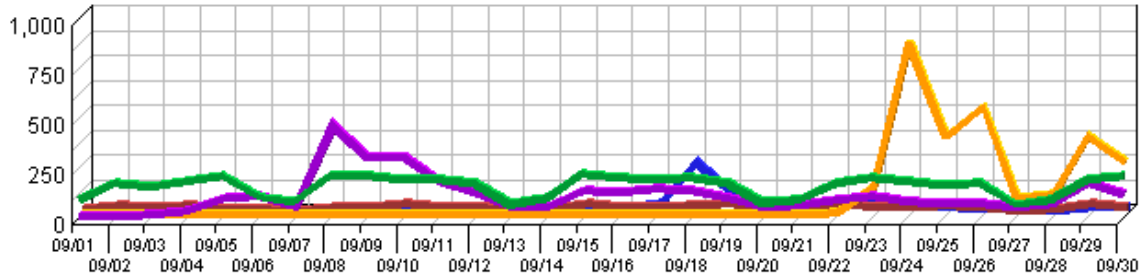
This information can indicate how you might want to optimize the architecture of your web site based on where your visitors are entering. It can also help you determine which external links are most effective. Consider updating meta tags and links.



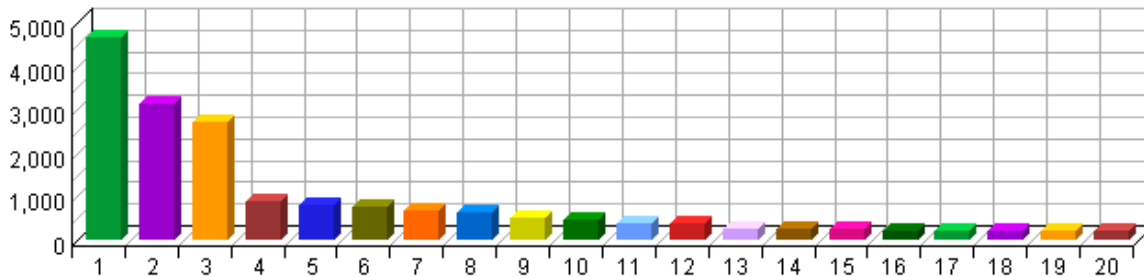
Top Entry Files

This report identifies the first hit from a visitor visiting your site. This is most likely the home page but, in some cases it may also be specific URLs that visitors enter to go directly to a particular file or page.

Top Entry Files Trend



Top Entry Files




Top Entry Files

	Files	Visits	%
1.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/	4,661	15.39%
2.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2009/2009_gro_undergrad.html	3,120	10.30%
3.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2009/2009_p3.html	2,723	8.99%
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_fellow.html	905	2.99%
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_climate_change.html	807	2.67%
6.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_wetlands.html	771	2.55%
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_adaptation.html	662	2.19%
8.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_baa.html	652	2.15%
9.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/forms/	488	1.61%
10.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_novelapproaches.html	451	1.49%
11.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2004/2004_climate_change.html	383	1.26%


12.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_sbir_phase1.html	372	1.23%
13.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2007/2007_star_health_indicators.html	269	0.89%
14.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/current/2003arsenic.html	252	0.83%
15.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_gro_grad.html	234	0.77%
16.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_p3.html	224	0.74%
17.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2007/2007_star_fellow.html	220	0.73%
18.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_gro_undergrad.html	216	0.71%
19.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2005/2005_star_nano.html	215	0.71%
20.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2005/2005_childrens_enviro_health.html	209	0.69%
Subtotal		17,834	58.90%
Other		12,443	41.10%
Total		30,277	100.00%

Top Entry Files – Help Card

 **Files** – Refers to the first file loaded to a visitor's browser. Contrast this with the first page loaded to a visitor's browser. The entry page for some visitors is not a formally defined page, so the information in this table and graph include all first hits regardless if the hit was on a formal page or not.

Visits – Number of visits by visitors whose first hit was the specified file. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

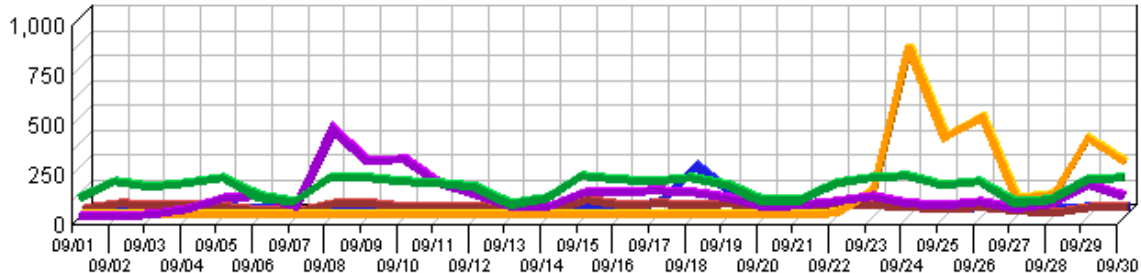
% – Refers to the total numbers of visits.

 Consider what catches the attention of visitors most quickly and effectively.

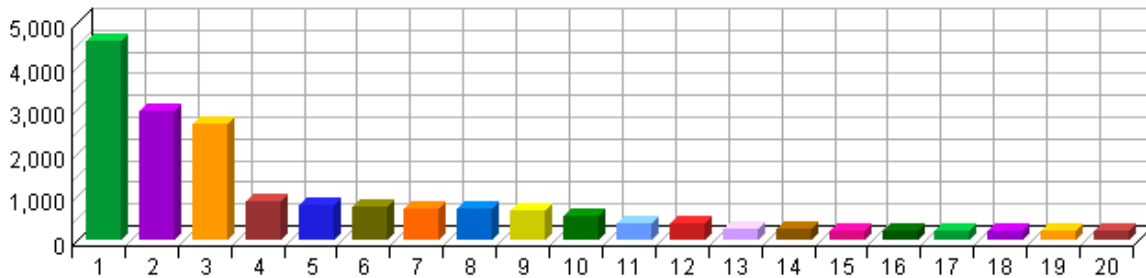
Top Exit Pages

This report identifies the last page visitors viewed before they left your site.

Top Exit Pages Trend



Top Exit Pages



Top Exit Pages

	Pages	Visits	%
1.	Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/	4,597	15.62%
2.	2009 Academic Year EPA Greater Research Opportunities (GRO) Fellowships for Unde http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2009/ 2009_gro_undergrad. html	2,974	10.11%
3.	6th Annual P3 Awards Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2009/ 2009_p3.html	2,659	9.04%
4.	Forecasting Ecosystem Services from Wetland Condition Analyses Funding Opportu http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_wetlands. html	884	3.00%
5.	Climate Change and Allergic Airway Disease Funding Opportunities NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_climate_change.html	812	2.76%

6.	FALL 2008 EPA Science to Achieve Results (STAR) Fellowships for Graduate Environ http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_fellow.html	757	2.57%
7.	Adaptation for Future Air Quality Analysis and Decision Support Tools in Light o http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_adaptation. html	729	2.48%
8.	STAR Grant Forms and Instructions Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ forms/	720	2.45%
9.	Broad Agency Announcement for Conferences, Workshops, and/ or Meetings Funding http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_baa.html	658	2.24%
10.	Novel Approaches for Assessing Exposure for School–Aged Children in Longitudinal http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_novelapproaches.html	530	1.80%
11.	Effects of Climate Change on Ecosystem Services Provided by Coral Reefs and Tida http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2004/ 2004_climate_change. html	380	1.29%
12.	Small Business Innovation Research Phase I Archive Funding Opportunities N http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_sbir_phase1.html	379	1.29%
13.	Development of Environmental Health Outcome Indicators 2007 Grant Archives A http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2007/ 2007_star_health_indicators.html	266	0.90%
14.	Treatment Technologies for Arsenic Removal for Small Drinking Water Systems 20 http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ current/ 2003arsenic.html	255	0.87%
15.	P3 Award Archive Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_p3.html	220	0.75%
16.	Exploratory Research: Nanotechnology Research Grants Investigating Environmental http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2005/	220	0.75%

	2005_star_nano.html		
17.	2008 GRO Fellowships For Graduate Environmental Study Funding Opportunities http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_gro_grad.html	219	0.74%
18.	Centers for Children's Environmental Health and Disease Prevention Research Fu http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2005/ 2005_childrens_enviro_health.html	212	0.72%
19.	Fall 2007 EPA Science to Achieve Results (STAR) Fellowships for Graduate Environ http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2007/ 2007_star_fellow.html	207	0.70%
20.	Consequences of Global Change for Water Quality 2008 Grant Archives Archive http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_gcwq.html	203	0.69%
	Subtotal	17,881	60.76%
	Other	11,548	39.24%
	Total	29,429	100.00%

Top Exit Pages – Help Card

? Exit Page – The last page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non–page files, that visit has no exit page. This can cause the total number of exit pages to be less than the total number of visits.

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visits where the specified page was the exit page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of times this page was the exit page compared with other exit pages.

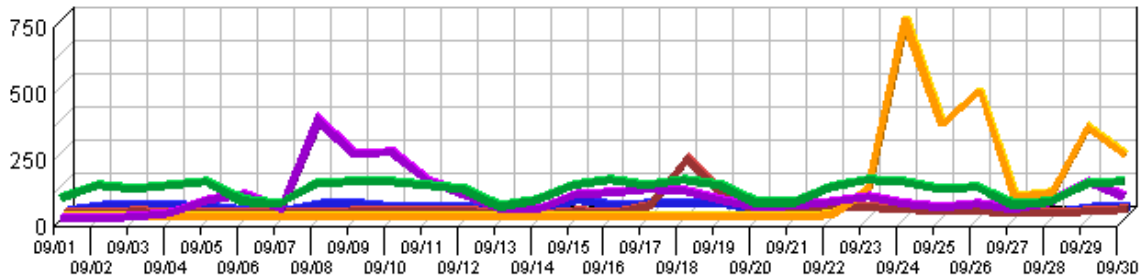
💡 You can use this information to determine your visitors' satisfaction with their visits. Visitors may have left this page because they found what they were looking for, lost interest, determined the content didn't apply to them, or for many other reasons. If your top exit page is your home page, this may be an indication that you are alienating a lot of first time visitors.



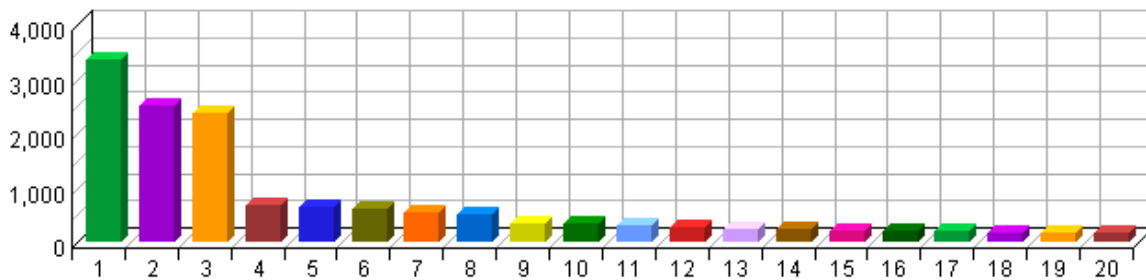
Single Access Pages

This report identifies the pages on your web site that visitors open, then exit from, without viewing any other page.

Single Access Pages Trend



Single Access Pages



Single Access Pages

	Pages	Visits	%
1.	Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/	3,363	14.38%
2.	2009 Academic Year EPA Greater Research Opportunities (GRO) Fellowships for Unde http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2009/ 2009_gro_undergrad. html	2,498	10.68%
3.	6th Annual P3 Awards Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2009/ 2009_p3.html	2,386	10.20%
4.	Climate Change and Allergic Airway Disease Funding Opportunities NCER ORD http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_climate_change.html	665	2.84%
5.	Forecasting Ecosystem Services from Wetland Condition Analyses Funding Opportu http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_wetlands. html	658	2.81%

6.	FALL 2008 EPA Science to Achieve Results (STAR) Fellowships for Graduate Environ http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_fellow.html	627	2.68%
7.	Adaptation for Future Air Quality Analysis and Decision Support Tools in Light o http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_adaptation. html	544	2.33%
8.	Broad Agency Announcement for Conferences, Workshops, and/ or Meetings Funding http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_baa.html	502	2.15%
9.	Novel Approaches for Assessing Exposure for School–Aged Children in Longitudinal http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_star_novelapproaches.html	353	1.51%
10.	Effects of Climate Change on Ecosystem Services Provided by Coral Reefs and Tida http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2004/ 2004_climate_change. html	347	1.48%
11.	Small Business Innovation Research Phase I Archive Funding Opportunities N http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_sbir_phase1.html	318	1.36%
12.	STAR Grant Forms and Instructions Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ forms/	283	1.21%
13.	Development of Environmental Health Outcome Indicators 2007 Grant Archives A http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2007/ 2007_star_health_indicators.html	240	1.03%
14.	Treatment Technologies for Arsenic Removal for Small Drinking Water Systems 20 http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ current/ 2003arsenic.html	233	1.00%
15.	Centers for Children's Environmental Health and Disease Prevention Research Fu http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2005/ 2005_childrens_enviro_health.html	206	0.88%
16.	Exploratory Research: Nanotechnology Research Grants Investigating Environmental	195	0.83%

	http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2005/ 2005_star_nano.html		
17.	P3 Award Archive Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2008/ 2008_p3.html	192	0.82%
18.	Fall 2007 EPA Science to Achieve Results (STAR) Fellowships for Graduate Environ http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2007/ 2007_star_fellow.html	185	0.79%
19.	Regional Development, Population Trend, and Technology Change Impacts on Future http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2004/ 2004_air_poll_em.html	180	0.77%
20.	Ecological Impacts from the Interactions of Climate Change, Land Use Change and http:// es.epa.gov/ ncer/ rfa/ 2007/ 2007_star_ecoimpacts. html	170	0.73%
	Subtotal	14,145	60.47%
	Other	9,246	39.53%
	Total	23,391	100.00%

Single Access Pages – Help Card

? Single Access Page – A page on your web site that visitors open, then exit from, without viewing any other page. To qualify, the visit must be to a page with a valid document type. If the visit is to a document with a different type (such as a graphic or sound file), the file does not count as a single access page, and the visit is not included in the total. Such visits are often the result of other sites referencing a specific downloadable file or graphic on your site. In these cases, a visit may have a single hit to a non–document type file, and will not be counted in the percentage calculations.

Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visits where the specified page was the exit page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of times this page was a single access page compared with other single access pages.

—



This information can be helpful when considering the design of the site with respect to the kind of visitors you attract. Consider how well these pages convey your message. Do they need improvement to extend visits, or is it possible that are you attracting the wrong visitors?

Top Paths Through Site

This report tracks visitor activity beginning with their entry page into the site—the first page they open—then all subsequent pages during their visit. The default definition for a page in this context is defined as a document ending with the extension .htm, .html, or .asp. This definition can be changed by the system administrator.

Top Paths Through Site

Starting Page	Paths from Start	Visits	%
All Entry Pages	1. Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/	3,687	12.53%
	1. 2009 Academic Year EPA Greater Research Opportunities (GRO) Fellowships for Undergraduates http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2009/2009_gro_undergrad.html	2,687	9.13%
	1. Climate Change and Allergic Airway Disease Funding Opportunities NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_climate_change.html	711	2.42%
	1. Forecasting Ecosystem Services from Wetland Condition Analyses Funding Opportunities NCER ORD http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_wetlands.html	690	2.34%
	1. FALL 2008 EPA Science to Achieve Results (STAR) Fellowships for Graduate Environmental Scientists http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_fellow.html	641	2.18%
	1. Adaptation for Future Air Quality Analysis and Decision Support Tools in Light of Climate Change http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_adaptation.html	568	1.93%
	1. Broad Agency Announcement for Conferences, Workshops, and/or Meetings Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_baa.html	531	1.80%
	1. Novel Approaches for Assessing Exposure for School-Aged Children in Longitudinal Studies http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_novelapproaches.html	378	1.28%
	1. Effects of Climate Change on Ecosystem Services Provided by Coral Reefs and Tidal Wetlands http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2004/2004_climate_change.html	371	1.26%
	1. STAR Grant Forms and Instructions Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/forms/	342	1.16%

1. Small Business Innovation Research Phase I Archive Funding Opportunities N http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_sbir_phase1.html	332	1.13%
1. Development of Environmental Health Outcome Indicators 2007 Grant Archives A http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2007/2007_star_health_indicators.html	253	0.86%
1. Treatment Technologies for Arsenic Removal for Small Drinking Water Systems 20 http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/current/2003arsenic.html	246	0.84%
1. Centers for Children's Environmental Health and Disease Prevention Research Fu http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2005/2005_childrens_enviro_health.html	207	0.70%
1. Exploratory Research: Nanotechnology Research Grants Investigating Environmental http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2005/2005_star_nano.html	200	0.68%
1. P3 Award Archive Funding Opportunities NCER ORD US EPA http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_p3.html	198	0.67%
1. Fall 2007 EPA Science to Achieve Results (STAR) Fellowships for Graduate Environ http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2007/2007_star_fellow.html	195	0.66%
1. Regional Development, Population Trend, and Technology Change Impacts on Future http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2004/2004_air_poll_em.html	185	0.63%
1. Ecological Impacts from the Interactions of Climate Change, Land Use Change and http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2007/2007_star_ecoimpacts.html	172	0.58%
1. Fall 2008 GRO Fellowships For Undergraduate Environmental Study Archive Fund http://es.epa.gov/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_gro_undergrad.html	159	0.54%

Top Paths Through Site – Help Card



Path Through Site – The sequence of pages a visitor views, from the entry page to the exit page.

Paths From Start – With the exception of the starting page, this column lists the pages of the top paths taken through your site. The paths listed are limited to the paths configured for

path analysis for this profile. These lists are grouped so that more than one row has the same starting page. To see the starting page for each of these lists, look in the Starting Page column and find the first entry up from the Paths from Start row.

Starting Page – The first page, or entry page, in the full path visitors take through your site.

Visits – Number of visits where the specified path was followed. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

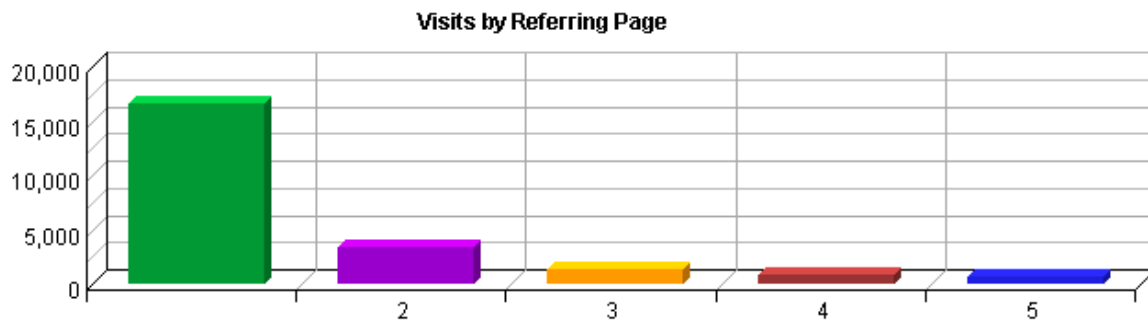
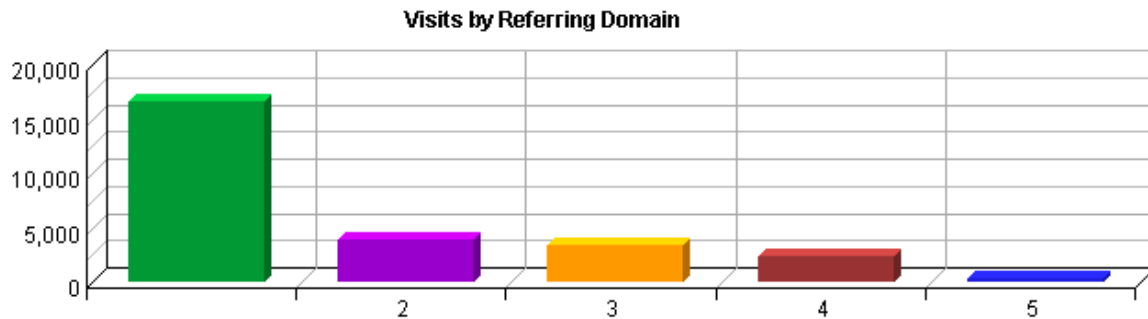
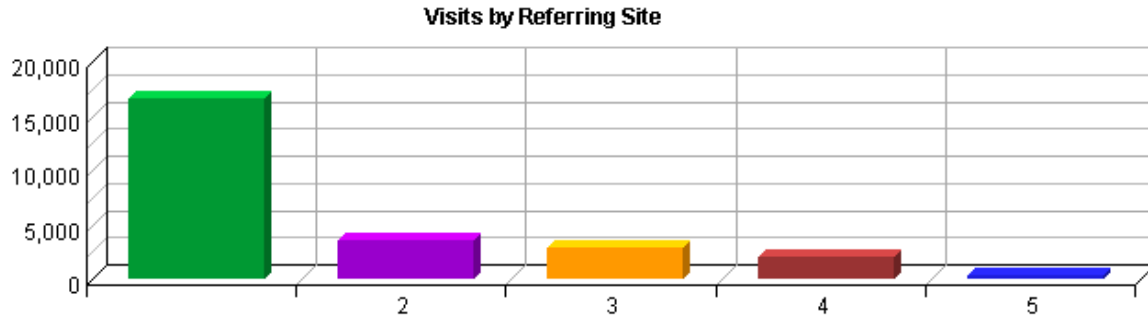
% – Percentage of times that the specified path through your site was taken compared to all other listed paths through your site.



Use this information to evaluate the design of your web site. Where do your visitors go once they reach your site? Which pages are visited first? Do your visitors appear to be looking for pages that should be more accessible?

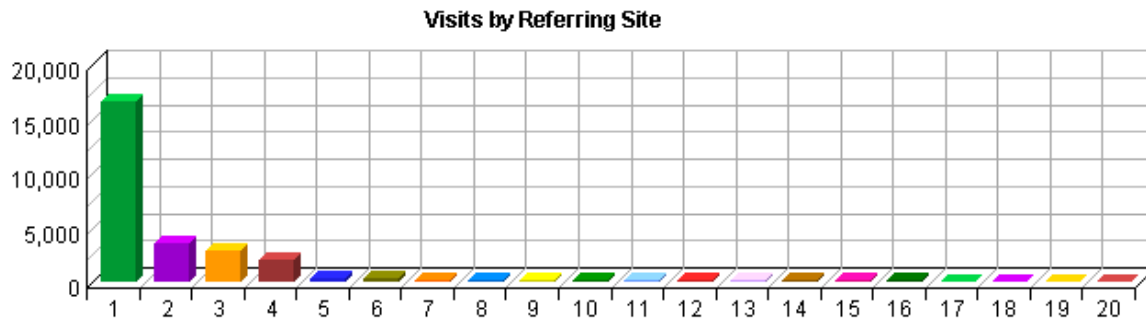
Referrers Dashboard

The table includes statistics on the total activity for this server during the reporting period. All dates and times refer to the location of the system running the analysis.



Activity by Referring Site


This report identifies the domain names and IP addresses that refer visitors to your site. This information will be displayed only if your server is logging this information.



Activity by Referring Site

	Site	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	16,561	54.70%
2.	http://www.google.com/	3,478	11.49%
3.	http://es.epa.gov/	2,916	9.63%
4.	http://www07.grants.gov/	2,073	6.85%
5.	http://images.google.com/	335	1.11%
6.	http://www.grants.gov/	266	0.88%
7.	http://www.google.co.in/	239	0.79%
8.	http://search.yahoo.com/	222	0.73%
9.	http://www.epa.gov/	144	0.48%
10.	http://www.google.co.uk/	138	0.46%
11.	http://nlquery.epa.gov/	137	0.45%
12.	http://images.google.co.in/	124	0.41%
13.	http://www.google.ca/	118	0.39%
14.	http://cfpub.epa.gov/	111	0.37%
15.	http://images.google.co.uk/	107	0.35%
16.	http://www.sws.org/	100	0.33%
17.	http://www.google.com.au/	73	0.24%
18.	http://search.msn.com/	71	0.23%
19.	http://www.ask.com/	67	0.22%
20.	http://search.live.com/	56	0.18%
	Subtotal	27,336	90.29%
	Other	2,941	9.71%
	Total	30,277	100.00%

Activity by Referring Site – Help Card

 **Referring Sites** – A web site which refers a visitor to your site by linking to it.


Site – Specific referring site being analyzed.

Visits – Number of times the specified site referred visitors to your site.

% – Percentage of referrals that came from the specified site.

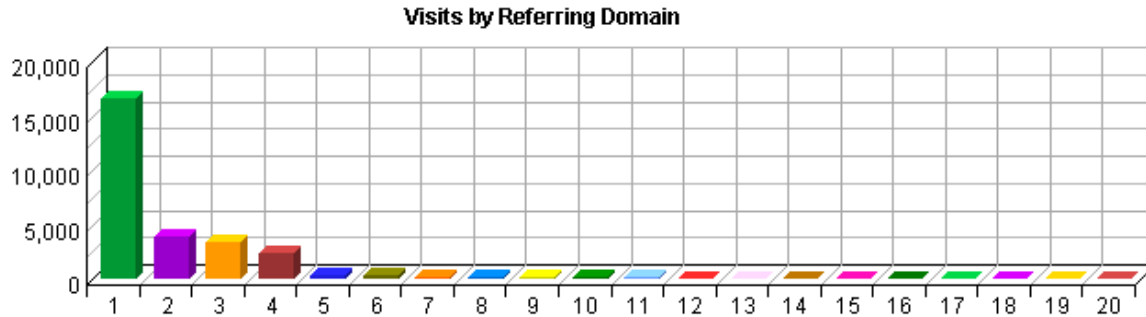
No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

 You can use this page to determine which sites are referring the most visitors to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways and places to attract visitors.

Activity by Referring Domain


This report identifies the top-level domains that refer visitors to your site. This information will be displayed only if your server is logging this information.



Activity by Referring Domain

	Domain	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	16,561	54.70%
2.	google.com	3,897	12.87%
3.	epa.gov	3,399	11.23%
4.	grants.gov	2,339	7.73%
5.	yahoo.com	391	1.29%
6.	google.co.in	363	1.20%
7.	google.co.uk	245	0.81%
8.	live.com	163	0.54%
9.	google.ca	152	0.50%
10.	google.com.au	111	0.37%
11.	sws.org	108	0.36%
12.	aol.com	80	0.26%
13.	ask.com	73	0.24%
14.	msn.com	72	0.24%
15.	google.com.ph	58	0.19%
16.	cos.com	54	0.18%
17.	usgcrp.gov	50	0.17%
18.	google.co.za	45	0.15%
19.	google.com.my	44	0.15%
20.	google.co.th	44	0.15%
	Subtotal	28,249	93.30%
	Other	2,028	6.70%
	Total	30,277	100.00%

Activity by Referring Domain – Help Card

 **Referring Domain** – A web site which refers a visitor to your site by linking to it.


Domain – Specific referring domain being analyzed.

Visits – Number of times the specified domain referred visitors to your site.

% – Percentage of referrals that came from the specified domain.

No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

 You can use this page to determine which domains are referring the most visitors to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways and places to attract visitors.

Activity by Referring Page


This report provides the pages from the sites with links to your site. This information will only be displayed if your server is logging the referrer information.



Activity by Referring Page

	Page	Visits	%
1.	No Referrer	16,561	54.70%
2.	http://www.google.com/search	3,398	11.22%
3.	http://www07.grants.gov/search/search.do	1,408	4.65%
4.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/fellow/	851	2.81%
5.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/	683	2.26%
6.	http://images.google.com/imgres	335	1.11%
7.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/p3/	292	0.96%
8.	http://www.google.co.in/search	236	0.78%
9.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/grants/	233	0.77%
10.	http://nlquery.epa.gov/epasearch/epasearch	137	0.45%
11.	http://www.google.co.uk/search	136	0.45%
12.	http://search.yahoo.com/search	135	0.45%
13.	http://images.google.co.in/imgres	124	0.41%
14.	http://www.google.ca/search	118	0.39%
15.	http://images.google.co.uk/imgres	107	0.35%
16.	http://es.epa.gov/ncer/sbir/	87	0.29%
17.	http://www.sws.org/	83	0.27%
18.	http://www.google.com.au/search	70	0.23%
19.	http://search.msn.com/results.aspx	68	0.22%
20.	http://www.ask.com/web	67	0.22%
	Subtotal	25,129	83.00%
	Other	5,148	17.00%
	Total	30,277	100.00%

Activity by Referring Page – Help Card


 **Pages** – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visits – Number of visitors referred from the specified URL.

% – Percentage of referred visitors who came from the specified site.

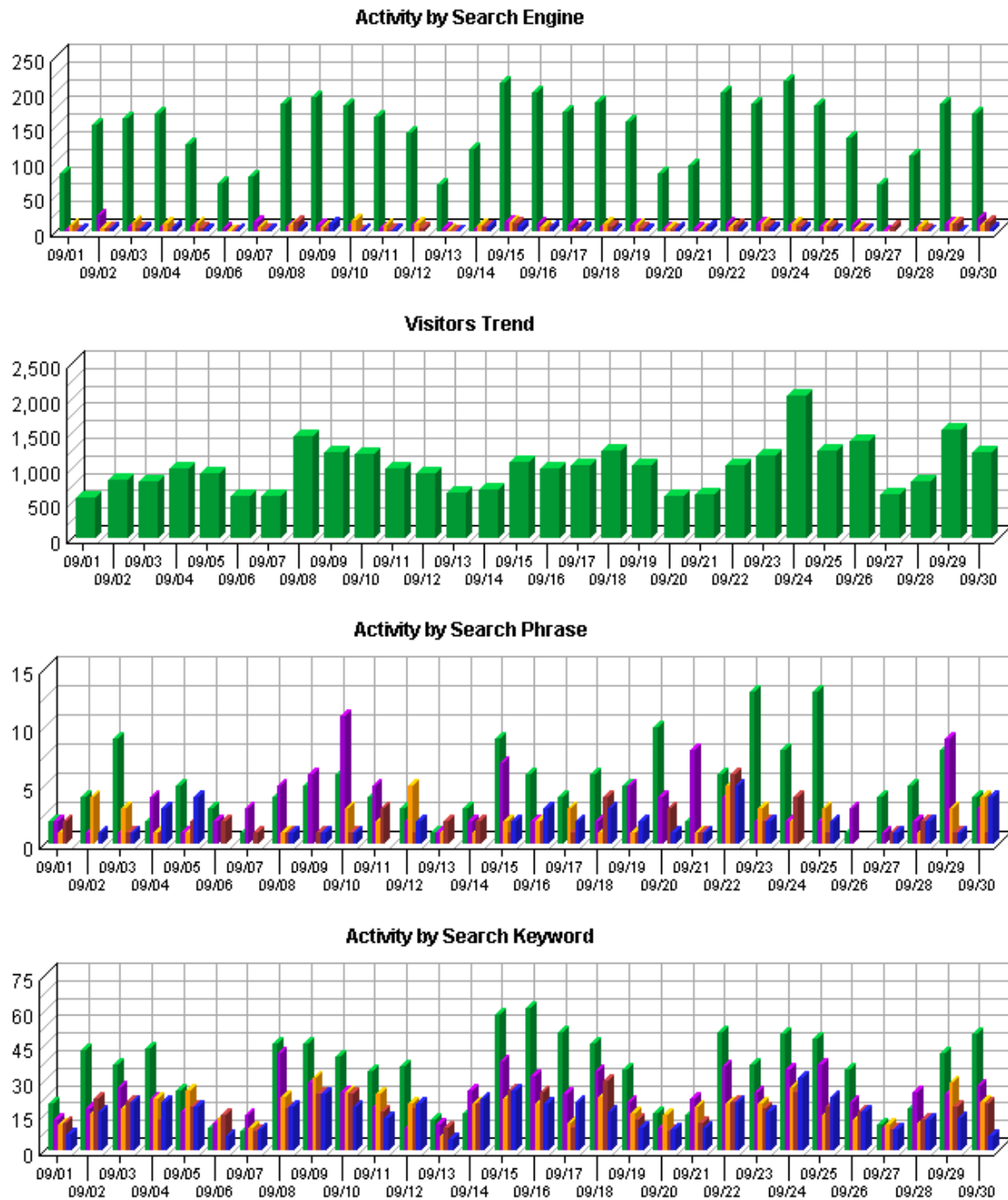
No Referrer – Represents direct traffic to the web site as one of the following: 1) the visitor typed the domain name directly into their browser, 2) the visitor bookmarked the site, or 3) the visitor clicked on an email, shortcut, or other direct link.

Note: If "No Referrer" is 100% of all your traffic, then you are probably not logging the "referrer" field in your log files. Please see your manual or the WebTrends Knowledgebase to enable extended logging on your web servers.

 You can use this information to determine the sites that provide the most referrals to your site. This can help when considering the most effective ways to attract visitors.

Search Engines Dashboard

This dashboard summarizes important information related to specific search engines.

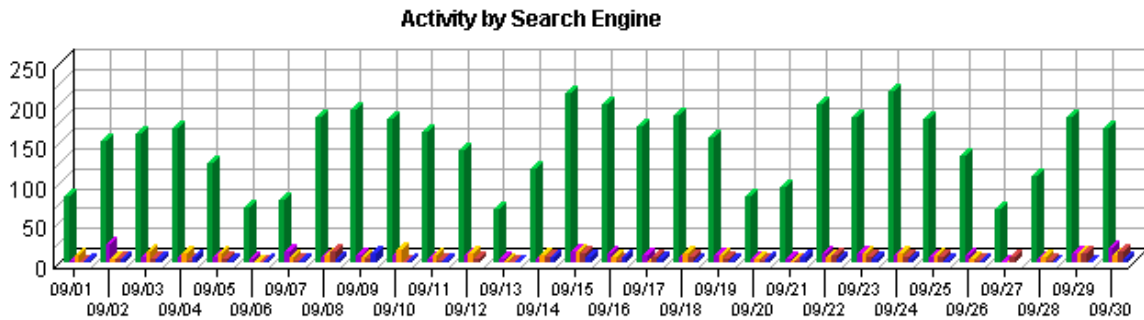


Activity by Search Engine

The first table identifies which search engines referred visitors to your site most often, the number of referrals, and its percentage of the total.

The second table identifies the most popular search phrases for each search engine.

The third table identifies the most popular keywords for each search engine.



Activity by Search Engine

	Engines	Referrals	%
1.	google	4,433	80.86%
2.	yahoo	263	4.80%
3.	google uk	251	4.58%
4.	google canada	156	2.85%
5.	google australia	112	2.04%
6.	msn	81	1.48%
7.	aol netfind	49	0.89%
8.	google germany	34	0.62%
9.	google italy	32	0.58%
10.	google france	26	0.47%
11.	yahoo india	12	0.22%
12.	yahoo uk &ireland	5	0.09%
13.	altavista	4	0.07%
14.	google austria	3	0.05%
15.	netscape	3	0.05%
16.	google japan	3	0.05%
17.	yahoo taiwan	2	0.04%
18.	yahoo spain	2	0.04%
19.	yahoo japan	2	0.04%
20.	mamma	1	0.02%
	Subtotal	5,474	99.85%
	Total	5,482	100.00%

Activity by Search Engines with Search Phrases Detail

Engines	Phrases	Referrals	%
1. google	forms	90	1.64%
	health	59	1.08%
	epa funding	50	0.91%
	epa grants	49	0.89%
	epa	43	0.78%
	epa star fellowship 2009	36	0.66%
	epa star fellowship	31	0.57%
	research grants	31	0.57%
	change	30	0.55%
	epa star	30	0.55%
	star	28	0.51%
	rfa	23	0.42%
	epa gro	22	0.40%
	epa star grant	21	0.38%
	environmental grants	20	0.36%
	market mechanisms	20	0.36%
	epa star 2009	16	0.29%
	epa star grants	16	0.29%
	climate change	16	0.29%
	future environmental issues	16	0.29%
2. yahoo	pollution prevention and protection in cambodia	12	0.22%
	epa, star	6	0.11%
	sustainability in engineering	5	0.09%
	star grant	3	0.05%
	academic research grants in environmental science	2	0.04%
	current technology/method producing discrete parts/products	2	0.04%
	epa.gov and research	2	0.04%
	where to get grant forms	2	0.04%
	free research and development grant forms	2	0.04%
	epa toxic synthesis reagents	2	0.04%
	environmental uncertainty	2	0.04%
	environmental valuation methods	2	0.04%
	list of competitor that produce formaldehyde in malaysia?	2	0.04%
	free grant applications online available for children with cerebral palsy	2	0.04%
	future environmental problems	2	0.04%
	funding opportunities in science	2	0.04%
	epa ncer	2	0.04%

	student research undergraduate fellowships	2	0.04%
	environmental research funding	2	0.04%
	why should caution be exercised in the use of the income figure derived in an income statement? what are the objectives of generally accepted accounting principles in their application to the income statement?	2	0.04%
3. google uk	forms	45	0.82%
	health	28	0.51%
	climate change	10	0.18%
	change	6	0.11%
	the star	5	0.09%
	evaluate the actions required to achieve health for children	3	0.05%
	interdisciplinary approach	3	0.05%
	safe working conditions	2	0.04%
	is there changes in air pollution	2	0.04%
	environmental health	2	0.04%
	biomarker of exposure	2	0.04%
	identifying business opportunities: small budget research	1	0.02%
	p3 key words	1	0.02%
	nanotechnologies technological hazards	1	0.02%
	us epa nanoscale project	1	0.02%
	effectiveness of direct government funding	1	0.02%
	effects of climate on an ecosystem	1	0.02%
	climate change ecosystem services	1	0.02%
	interaction between human and their environment	1	0.02%
	simple and complex chemical mixture	1	0.02%
4. google canada	forms	12	0.22%
	health	6	0.11%
	coral reef changes	3	0.05%
	change	3	0.05%
	interdisciplinary approach	3	0.05%
	urban air quality scales	2	0.04%
	nanotechnology in human health	2	0.04%
	plan of study sample fellowship application	2	0.04%
	pollution change over time	2	0.04%
	epa.gov	2	0.04%
	health –illness continuum	1	0.02%
	sample abstracts	1	0.02%
	housing fathead minnows in tanks	1	0.02%
	global change ecology	1	0.02%
	technological changes in transportation	1	0.02%
	biomarker pesticide	1	0.02%

	phd pre application	1	0.02%
	future environmental issues	1	0.02%
	scientific mixtures and procedures title page	1	0.02%
	cardiac health problems and epidemiological research	1	0.02%
5. google australia	forms	8	0.15%
	climate change	8	0.15%
	health	5	0.09%
	change	3	0.05%
	rfa tide flow images	2	0.04%
	climate change images	2	0.04%
	climate change introduction	2	0.04%
	determining the effectiveness of budgeting	2	0.04%
	air pollution	2	0.04%
	ecological land use change	2	0.04%
	interaction between natural and social processes	1	0.02%
	air pollution consequences	1	0.02%
	consequences of environmental change made by humans	1	0.02%
	long term health effects of methaemoglobin	1	0.02%
	what changes daily in an ecosystem	1	0.02%
	climate change can be an opportunity for travel agency	1	0.02%
	journal articles on evaluate the evidence for potential environmental and health effects of endocrine disrupting chemicals.	1	0.02%
	executive support system article after 2005	1	0.02%
	decaprio 1997 biomarkers	1	0.02%
	health outcome indicators	1	0.02%
6. msn	tom barnwell epa	3	0.05%
	program description for an undergraduate student fellowship	2	0.04%
	epa fellowships	2	0.04%
	setting biocriteria thresholds	2	0.04%
	epa requirements for outdated pharmaceuticals	2	0.04%
	epa funding opportunities	2	0.04%
	samples of stessor letter	2	0.04%
	what date does falll fall on 2008	2	0.04%
	health effects of chemicals in drinking water	1	0.02%
	2008grant announcements for the fall	1	0.02%
	environmental behavior	1	0.02%
	funding form for environmental protection	1	0.02%
	future changes in technology	1	0.02%
	info p3 transactions	1	0.02%
	global early futures global all business summary top	1	0.02%
	climate change and ecosystem services	1	0.02%
	decision making plan and research proposal	1	0.02%

	student reports on epa	1	0.02%
	criteria would you use to determine if the individual research reports used to support an innovation provide strong enough base of support for that change	1	0.02%
	google e-computer waste disposal	1	0.02%
7. aol netfind	epa grants	3	0.05%
	research grants	2	0.04%
	interactions between climate change, biodiversity and water	2	0.04%
	epa	2	0.04%
	epa undergraduate fellowship opportunity	2	0.04%
	environmental policy: decision making and problem solving	2	0.04%
	nature and the marketplace: capturing the value of the ecosystem services.	1	0.02%
	uncertainty analyses	1	0.02%
	ecological impacts global warming	1	0.02%
	when does fall start in 2008?	1	0.02%
	national science research grant	1	0.02%
	guidline of procedural steps gov/help public law	1	0.02%
	effect of climate change on coral reefs	1	0.02%
	grant high throughput screening approaches for toxicology	1	0.02%
	when does fall start in 2008	1	0.02%
	major characteristics of global, regional and local spatial organizations?	1	0.02%
	change	1	0.02%
	outcome indicators and the operating room	1	0.02%
	watershed ratings by epa	1	0.02%
	analyzing agency and ecological organization	1	0.02%
8. google germany	what are biomarkers	1	0.02%
	future quality organisation	1	0.02%
	arsenic removal technologies for drinking water treatment	1	0.02%
	programming considered as human activity	1	0.02%
	body and health	1	0.02%
	climate change and human interaction	1	0.02%
	rfa chrom problem	1	0.02%
	high throughput screening	1	0.02%
	star diagnose set developer	1	0.02%
	central basin states	1	0.02%
	biomarker of exposure	1	0.02%
	conference on point processes announcement 2008	1	0.02%
	ecosystem climate depending	1	0.02%
	business innovation address	1	0.02%
	critical window development toxic effects	1	0.02%
	pharmacokinetic modeling	1	0.02%

	germany research funding	1	0.02%
	specifity and biomarker	1	0.02%
	increasing temperatures trigger plant invasions	1	0.02%
	climate change	1	0.02%
9. google italy	biomarkers	2	0.04%
	endocrine disrupters funding	2	0.04%
	urban pollution consequences carbon monoxide	1	0.02%
	pcb cause adverse biological effects at the different biological level.	1	0.02%
	diffusion part in regional development	1	0.02%
	which institutions will be offering month training in hazardous and hazardous waste management in 2009	1	0.02%
	particulate matter submit paper	1	0.02%
	sample of keywords in an abstract	1	0.02%
	example of application for fellowship in medical specialization	1	0.02%
	parent directory rfa	1	0.02%
	development indicators and environmental resources	1	0.02%
	human biomarkers and exposure assessment	1	0.02%
	molecular genetics and malformations and review	1	0.02%
	arsenic removal from drink water	1	0.02%
	gob opportunities f.a.o.rome	1	0.02%
	road building and health consequences	1	0.02%
	funding agricultural research 2009	1	0.02%
	courier form	1	0.02%
	environmental health	1	0.02%
	pm2.5 long term effects	1	0.02%
10. google france	types of biomarkers	2	0.04%
	health	2	0.04%
	before and after concentrated female hormone	1	0.02%
	ingestion of chalcogenides	1	0.02%
	ziska et al 2003	1	0.02%
	consequence of pollutant on aquatic ecosystem	1	0.02%
	research grant	1	0.02%
	approaches for assessing climate change effects on natural ecosystems, biodiversity	1	0.02%
	endocrine disruptors regulation toxicology	1	0.02%
	ph fellowships environment 2008	1	0.02%
	epa star grants	1	0.02%
	endocrine research grant	1	0.02%
	regional development technology	1	0.02%
	incentives market mechanism	1	0.02%
	us epa 2006	1	0.02%
	small firms innovation 2008 best results	1	0.02%

	incentives market mechanisms	1	0.02%
	protection goal scale extrapolation ecosystems	1	0.02%
	gnrh fish endocrine disrupters	1	0.02%
	grants and research fundings 2009	1	0.02%
11. yahoo india	tropospheric pollution	2	0.04%
	effects of abiotic components on the climate of an area	1	0.02%
	fabric costing ppt	1	0.02%
	acknowledgement on enviornmental study	1	0.02%
	environmental valuation	1	0.02%
	research grants from epa	1	0.02%
	consequences of human activities on the environment	1	0.02%
	consequences of human activity on the environment	1	0.02%
	nanocomposites and human health	1	0.02%
	funding research projects on portability of water	1	0.02%
	concequences of human activities regarding environment	1	0.02%
12. yahoo uk & ireland	2009 rfp on biodiversity	2	0.04%
	epa pool address	2	0.04%
	market mechanism	1	0.02%
13. altavista	sample research proposal environment economics	2	0.04%
	risk assessment biology toxicology	1	0.02%
	nanotechnology futures	1	0.02%
14. google austria	bad water quality consequences	1	0.02%
	incentives case study	1	0.02%
	sinte gleska doctoral planned	1	0.02%
15. netscape	health	2	0.04%
	good topic to do research in microbiology for master student	1	0.02%
16. google japan	please click here for more information about	1	0.02%
	usepa formation	1	0.02%
	image of public health	1	0.02%
17. yahoo taiwan	season change allergic	1	0.02%
	procurement management ppt	1	0.02%
18. yahoo spain	biomarkers	2	0.04%
19. yahoo japan	epaâ€™particulate matter distribution	1	0.02%
	epa label 2005 cfr title40	1	0.02%
20. mamma	for the social sciences area of interest to you, how will you know about opportunities to have research funded?	1	0.02%

Activity by Search Engines with Keywords Detail

Engines	Keywords	Referrals	%
1. google	epa	957	17.46%
	of	540	9.85%
	research	477	8.70%
	environmental	431	7.86%
	star	394	7.19%
	for	389	7.10%
	grants	334	6.09%
	funding	328	5.98%
	in	327	5.96%
	the	321	5.86%
	grant	251	4.58%
	health	243	4.43%
	change	217	3.96%
	fellowship	203	3.70%
	2008	192	3.50%
	climate	181	3.30%
	to	176	3.21%
	2009	174	3.17%
	air	136	2.48%
	on	127	2.32%
2. yahoo	in	63	1.15%
	of	49	0.89%
	environmental	45	0.82%
	the	40	0.73%
	epa	40	0.73%
	research	34	0.62%
	for	33	0.60%
	pollution	23	0.42%
	to	20	0.36%
	funding	16	0.29%
	protection	14	0.26%
	grant	14	0.26%
	star	14	0.26%
	prevention	12	0.22%
	cambodia	12	0.22%
	opportunities	11	0.20%
	business	10	0.18%
	grants	10	0.18%
	air	10	0.18%

3. google uk	science	9	0.16%
	forms	47	0.86%
	health	42	0.77%
	change	35	0.64%
	of	29	0.53%
	the	27	0.49%
	climate	25	0.46%
	for	18	0.33%
	environmental	14	0.26%
	ecosystem	13	0.24%
	in	13	0.24%
	funding	13	0.24%
	to	13	0.24%
	research	12	0.22%
	how	11	0.20%
	air	10	0.18%
	on	8	0.15%
	children	8	0.15%
	achieve	7	0.13%
	effects	6	0.11%
	human	6	0.11%
4. google canada	of	29	0.53%
	in	15	0.27%
	research	13	0.24%
	health	13	0.24%
	change	13	0.24%
	for	12	0.22%
	forms	12	0.22%
	environmental	11	0.20%
	climate	9	0.16%
	the	8	0.15%
	on	8	0.15%
	what	8	0.15%
	to	7	0.13%
	an	7	0.13%
	human	7	0.13%
	application	6	0.11%
	are	6	0.11%
	air	5	0.09%
	approach	5	0.09%
	time	5	0.09%
5. google australia	change	32	0.58%

	climate	24	0.44%
	of	22	0.40%
	health	12	0.22%
	the	12	0.22%
	in	10	0.18%
	ecosystem	8	0.15%
	to	8	0.15%
	forms	8	0.15%
	environmental	7	0.13%
	for	7	0.13%
	on	6	0.11%
	pollution	5	0.09%
	project	5	0.09%
	how	5	0.09%
	what	5	0.09%
	an	4	0.07%
	consequences	4	0.07%
	risk	4	0.07%
	methods	4	0.07%
6. msn	epa	16	0.29%
	for	15	0.27%
	of	14	0.26%
	environmental	9	0.16%
	on	7	0.13%
	funding	7	0.13%
	the	5	0.09%
	to	5	0.09%
	what	4	0.07%
	an	4	0.07%
	letter	4	0.07%
	requirements	4	0.07%
	student	4	0.07%
	in	4	0.07%
	fellowships	4	0.07%
	tom	3	0.05%
	opportunities	3	0.05%
	research	3	0.05%
	that	3	0.05%
	grant	3	0.05%
7. aol netfind	epa	11	0.20%
	of	8	0.15%
	research	7	0.13%

	grants	7	0.13%
	the	6	0.11%
	in	6	0.11%
	climate	4	0.07%
	change	4	0.07%
	grant	3	0.05%
	for	3	0.05%
	fall	3	0.05%
	environmental	3	0.05%
	fellowship	2	0.04%
	solving	2	0.04%
	between	2	0.04%
	when	2	0.04%
	start	2	0.04%
	problem	2	0.04%
	national	2	0.04%
	decision	2	0.04%
8. google germany	climate	3	0.05%
	biomarker	3	0.05%
	processes	2	0.04%
	research	2	0.04%
	rfa	2	0.04%
	removal	2	0.04%
	human	2	0.04%
	star	2	0.04%
	of	2	0.04%
	on	2	0.04%
	arsenic	2	0.04%
	change	2	0.04%
	drinking	2	0.04%
	ecosystem	2	0.04%
	exploratories	1	0.02%
	states	1	0.02%
	citizen	1	0.02%
	diseases	1	0.02%
	only	1	0.02%
	window	1	0.02%
9. google italy	in	6	0.11%
	biomarkers	4	0.07%
	for	4	0.07%
	funding	4	0.07%
	health	3	0.05%

	effects	3	0.05%
	environmental	3	0.05%
	human	3	0.05%
	2009	3	0.05%
	of	3	0.05%
	exposure	2	0.04%
	water	2	0.04%
	indicators	2	0.04%
	hazardous	2	0.04%
	statistical	2	0.04%
	removal	2	0.04%
	biological	2	0.04%
	assessment	2	0.04%
	disrupters	2	0.04%
	application	2	0.04%
10. google france	of	4	0.07%
	research	4	0.07%
	endocrine	3	0.05%
	types	2	0.04%
	epa	2	0.04%
	2008	2	0.04%
	funding	2	0.04%
	grants	2	0.04%
	on	2	0.04%
	incentives	2	0.04%
	biomarkers	2	0.04%
	market	2	0.04%
	toxicology	2	0.04%
	grant	2	0.04%
	health	2	0.04%
	small	2	0.04%
	firms	1	0.02%
	ph	1	0.02%
	assessing	1	0.02%
	effect	1	0.02%
11. yahoo india	of	6	0.11%
	on	5	0.09%
	human	4	0.07%
	the	3	0.05%
	environment	3	0.05%
	activities	2	0.04%
	pollution	2	0.04%

	tropospheric	2	0.04%
	consequences	2	0.04%
	research	2	0.04%
	activity	1	0.02%
	epa	1	0.02%
	study	1	0.02%
	water	1	0.02%
	regarding	1	0.02%
	effects	1	0.02%
	valuation	1	0.02%
	costing	1	0.02%
	an	1	0.02%
	environmental	1	0.02%
12. yahoo uk &ireland	2009	2	0.04%
	epa	2	0.04%
	rfp	2	0.04%
	address	2	0.04%
	pool	2	0.04%
	biodiversity	2	0.04%
	on	2	0.04%
	mechanism	1	0.02%
	market	1	0.02%
13. altavista	proposal	2	0.04%
	research	2	0.04%
	economics	2	0.04%
	environment	2	0.04%
	sample	2	0.04%
	biology	1	0.02%
	risk	1	0.02%
	assessment	1	0.02%
	futures	1	0.02%
	toxicology	1	0.02%
	nanotechnology	1	0.02%
14. google austria	study	1	0.02%
	quality	1	0.02%
	water	1	0.02%
	bad	1	0.02%
	planned	1	0.02%
	case	1	0.02%
	incentives	1	0.02%
	consequences	1	0.02%
	doctoral	1	0.02%

15. netscape	gleska	1	0.02%
	sinte	1	0.02%
	health	2	0.04%
	do	1	0.02%
	student	1	0.02%
	topic	1	0.02%
	master	1	0.02%
	microbiology	1	0.02%
	to	1	0.02%
	in	1	0.02%
	research	1	0.02%
	for	1	0.02%
	good	1	0.02%
16. google japan	about	1	0.02%
	information	1	0.02%
	more	1	0.02%
	for	1	0.02%
	here	1	0.02%
	click	1	0.02%
	please	1	0.02%
	health	1	0.02%
	public	1	0.02%
	usepa	1	0.02%
	formation	1	0.02%
	of	1	0.02%
	image	1	0.02%
17. yahoo taiwan	season	1	0.02%
	management	1	0.02%
	change	1	0.02%
	allergic	1	0.02%
	ppt	1	0.02%
	procurement	1	0.02%
18. yahoo spain	biomarkers	2	0.04%
19. yahoo japan	2005	1	0.02%
	title40	1	0.02%
	label	1	0.02%
	distribution	1	0.02%
	epaã€œparticulate	1	0.02%
	matter	1	0.02%
	cfr	1	0.02%
	epa	1	0.02%
20. mamma	to	2	0.04%

area	1	0.02%
sciences	1	0.02%
the	1	0.02%
have	1	0.02%
you,	1	0.02%
how	1	0.02%
will	1	0.02%
know	1	0.02%
you	1	0.02%
of	1	0.02%
about	1	0.02%
research	1	0.02%
funded?	1	0.02%
opportunities	1	0.02%
interest	1	0.02%
social	1	0.02%
for	1	0.02%

Activity by Search Engine – Help Card

? **Top Search Engines Table**

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who were referred by the search engine specified.

Top Search Engines with Search Phrases Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the phrase in the adjacent column.

Phrases – The search phrases being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. A search phrase is the entire search string entered by a visitor, which can include one or more individual keywords.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified phrase in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and phrase.

Top Search Engines with Keywords Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the keyword in the

adjacent column.

Keywords – The search keywords being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified keywords in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.



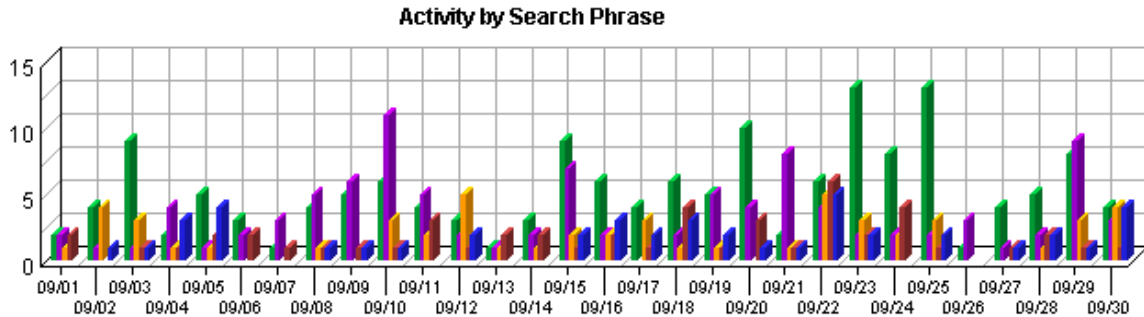
—
This information can give you an idea how your meta tags are performing with each search engine.

Activity by Search Phrase

The threshold set for this section in the wtm_wtx.ini file was reached. Results shown in tables and graphs do not reflect the entire contents of the log file(s).

The first table identifies search phrases that led the most visitors to your site, regardless of the search engine they used.

The second table identifies, for each phrase, which search engines led visitors to the site.



Activity by Search Phrase

	Phrases	Referrals	%
1.	forms	156	2.85%
2.	health	102	1.86%
3.	epa grants	54	0.99%
4.	epa funding	51	0.93%
5.	epa	45	0.82%
6.	change	43	0.78%
7.	epa star fellowship 2009	36	0.66%
8.	climate change	35	0.64%
9.	epa star fellowship	33	0.60%
10.	research grants	33	0.60%
11.	epa star	30	0.55%
12.	star	28	0.51%
13.	rfa	23	0.42%
14.	epa gro	22	0.40%
15.	market mechanisms	21	0.38%
16.	epa star grant	21	0.38%
17.	environmental grants	20	0.36%
18.	future environmental issues	18	0.33%
19.	interdisciplinary approach	18	0.33%
20.	epa star grants	17	0.31%
	Subtotal	806	14.70%
	Total	5,482	100.00%

Activity by Search Phrase with Engines Detail

Phrases	Engines	Referrals	%
1. forms	google	90	1.64%
	google uk	45	0.82%
	google canada	12	0.22%
	google australia	8	0.15%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
2. health	google	59	1.08%
	google uk	28	0.51%
	google canada	6	0.11%
	google australia	5	0.09%
	google france	2	0.04%
	netscape	2	0.04%
3. epa grants	google	49	0.89%
	aol netfind	3	0.05%
	searchalot	1	0.02%
	yahoo	1	0.02%
4. epa funding	google	50	0.91%
	google uk	1	0.02%
5. epa	google	43	0.78%
	aol netfind	2	0.04%
6. change	google	30	0.55%
	google uk	6	0.11%
	google australia	3	0.05%
	google canada	3	0.05%
	aol netfind	1	0.02%
7. epa star fellowship 2009	google	36	0.66%
8. climate change	google	16	0.29%
	google uk	10	0.18%
	google australia	8	0.15%
	google germany	1	0.02%
9. epa star fellowship	google	31	0.57%
	yahoo	2	0.04%
10. research grants	google	31	0.57%
	aol netfind	2	0.04%
11. epa star	google	30	0.55%
12. star	google	28	0.51%
13. rfa	google	23	0.42%
14. epa gro	google	22	0.40%
15. market mechanisms	google	20	0.36%

	aol netfind	1	0.02%
16. epa star grant	google	21	0.38%
17. environmental grants	google	20	0.36%
18. future environmental issues	google	16	0.29%
	google canada	1	0.02%
	yahoo	1	0.02%
19. interdisciplinary approach	google	12	0.22%
	google uk	3	0.05%
	google canada	3	0.05%
20. epa star grants	google	16	0.29%
	google france	1	0.02%

Activity by Search Phrase – Help Card

? **Top Search Phrases Table**

Phrases – The specific search phrases being analyzed. A search phrase is the entire search string entered by a visitor. It can include one or more keywords.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site who used the specified search phrase, regardless of the search engine they used.

% – Percentage of referred visitors who used the specified search phrase.

Top Search Phrases with Engines Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the phrase in the adjacent column.

Phrase – The search phrase a visitor used to find your site.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified phrase in their search.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and phrase.

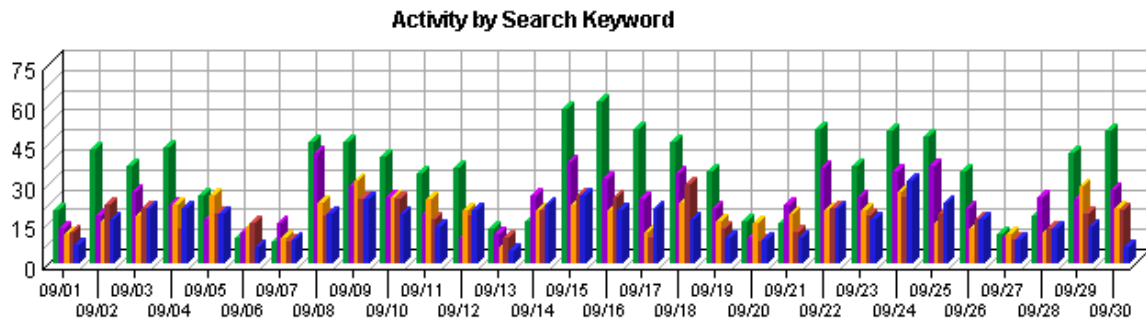


How are people getting to your site? Use these tables to find out if your visitors are using the search phrases you expect. Do you need to use different keywords in page titles to make it easier for people to find your site with search engines?

Activity by Search Keyword

The first table identifies keywords that led the most visitors to the site (regardless of the search engine).

The second table identifies, for each keyword, which search engines led visitors to the site.



Activity by Search Keyword

	Keywords	Referrals	%
1.	epa	1,043	4.47%
2.	of	708	3.03%
3.	research	561	2.40%
4.	environmental	526	2.25%
5.	for	487	2.09%
6.	in	445	1.91%
7.	the	425	1.82%
8.	star	423	1.81%
9.	funding	375	1.61%
10.	grants	358	1.53%
11.	health	325	1.39%
12.	change	312	1.34%
13.	grant	277	1.19%
14.	climate	256	1.10%
15.	to	235	1.01%
16.	fellowship	218	0.93%
17.	2008	214	0.92%
18.	2009	188	0.81%
19.	forms	187	0.80%
20.	on	178	0.76%
	Subtotal	7,741	33.16%
	Total	23,347	100.00%

Activity by Search Keyword with Engines Detail

Keywords	Engines	Referrals	%
1. epa	google	957	4.10%
	yahoo	40	0.17%
	msn	16	0.07%
	aol netfind	11	0.05%
	google uk	4	0.02%
	google canada	3	0.01%
	yahoo uk &ireland	2	0.01%
	google france	2	0.01%
	yandex	1	0.00%
	ninemsn	1	0.00%
	yahoo mexico	1	0.00%
	google germany	1	0.00%
	yahoo germany	1	0.00%
	yahoo india	1	0.00%
	searchalot	1	0.00%
	yahoo japan	1	0.00%
2. of	google	540	2.31%
	yahoo	49	0.21%
	google uk	29	0.12%
	google canada	29	0.12%
	google australia	22	0.09%
	msn	14	0.06%
	aol netfind	8	0.03%
	yahoo india	6	0.03%
	google france	4	0.02%
	google italy	3	0.01%
	google germany	2	0.01%
	mamma	1	0.00%
	google japan	1	0.00%
3. research	google	477	2.04%
	yahoo	34	0.15%
	google canada	13	0.06%
	google uk	12	0.05%
	aol netfind	7	0.03%
	google france	4	0.02%
	msn	3	0.01%
	google germany	2	0.01%
	altavista	2	0.01%
	google australia	2	0.01%

	yahoo india	2	0.01%
	mamma	1	0.00%
	google italy	1	0.00%
	netscape	1	0.00%
4. environmental	google	431	1.85%
	yahoo	45	0.19%
	google uk	14	0.06%
	google canada	11	0.05%
	msn	9	0.04%
	google australia	7	0.03%
	google italy	3	0.01%
	aol netfind	3	0.01%
	yahoo germany	1	0.00%
	yahoo india	1	0.00%
	google germany	1	0.00%
5. for	google	389	1.67%
	yahoo	33	0.14%
	google uk	18	0.08%
	msn	15	0.06%
	google canada	12	0.05%
	google australia	7	0.03%
	google italy	4	0.02%
	aol netfind	3	0.01%
	google france	1	0.00%
	netscape	1	0.00%
	mamma	1	0.00%
	ninemsn	1	0.00%
	google japan	1	0.00%
	google germany	1	0.00%
6. in	google	327	1.40%
	yahoo	63	0.27%
	google canada	15	0.06%
	google uk	13	0.06%
	google australia	10	0.04%
	aol netfind	6	0.03%
	google italy	6	0.03%
	msn	4	0.02%
	netscape	1	0.00%
7. the	google	321	1.37%
	yahoo	40	0.17%
	google uk	27	0.12%
	google australia	12	0.05%

	google canada	8	0.03%
	aol netfind	6	0.03%
	msn	5	0.02%
	yahoo india	3	0.01%
	mamma	1	0.00%
	google italy	1	0.00%
	ninemsn	1	0.00%
8. star	google	394	1.69%
	yahoo	14	0.06%
	google uk	6	0.03%
	google canada	4	0.02%
	google germany	2	0.01%
	google france	1	0.00%
	msn	1	0.00%
	aol netfind	1	0.00%
9. funding	google	328	1.40%
	yahoo	16	0.07%
	google uk	13	0.06%
	msn	7	0.03%
	google italy	4	0.02%
	google france	2	0.01%
	google canada	1	0.00%
	aol netfind	1	0.00%
	google australia	1	0.00%
	yahoo india	1	0.00%
	google germany	1	0.00%
10. grants	google	334	1.43%
	yahoo	10	0.04%
	aol netfind	7	0.03%
	google france	2	0.01%
	google australia	1	0.00%
	google uk	1	0.00%
	google canada	1	0.00%
	searchalot	1	0.00%
	yahoo india	1	0.00%
11. health	google	243	1.04%
	google uk	42	0.18%
	google canada	13	0.06%
	google australia	12	0.05%
	google italy	3	0.01%
	netscape	2	0.01%
	msn	2	0.01%

	yahoo	2	0.01%
	google france	2	0.01%
	yahoo india	1	0.00%
	google japan	1	0.00%
	aol netfind	1	0.00%
	google germany	1	0.00%
12. change	google	217	0.93%
	google uk	35	0.15%
	google australia	32	0.14%
	google canada	13	0.06%
	aol netfind	4	0.02%
	yahoo	3	0.01%
	google germany	2	0.01%
	msn	2	0.01%
	google italy	1	0.00%
	yahoo taiwan	1	0.00%
	google france	1	0.00%
	yahoo canada	1	0.00%
13. grant	google	251	1.08%
	yahoo	14	0.06%
	msn	3	0.01%
	aol netfind	3	0.01%
	google france	2	0.01%
	google canada	1	0.00%
	google germany	1	0.00%
	google italy	1	0.00%
	google uk	1	0.00%
14. climate	google	181	0.78%
	google uk	25	0.11%
	google australia	24	0.10%
	google canada	9	0.04%
	yahoo	4	0.02%
	aol netfind	4	0.02%
	google germany	3	0.01%
	msn	2	0.01%
	google italy	1	0.00%
	yahoo india	1	0.00%
	google france	1	0.00%
	yahoo canada	1	0.00%
15. to	google	176	0.75%
	yahoo	20	0.09%
	google uk	13	0.06%

	google australia	8	0.03%
	google canada	7	0.03%
	msn	5	0.02%
	aol netfind	2	0.01%
	mamma	2	0.01%
	google italy	1	0.00%
	netscape	1	0.00%
16. fellowship	google	203	0.87%
	yahoo	5	0.02%
	google canada	4	0.02%
	msn	2	0.01%
	aol netfind	2	0.01%
	google germany	1	0.00%
	google italy	1	0.00%
17. 2008	google	192	0.82%
	yahoo	6	0.03%
	google uk	4	0.02%
	google canada	3	0.01%
	msn	3	0.01%
	google france	2	0.01%
	google germany	1	0.00%
	ninemsn	1	0.00%
	aol netfind	1	0.00%
	google australia	1	0.00%
18. 2009	google	174	0.75%
	yahoo	7	0.03%
	google italy	3	0.01%
	yahoo uk &ireland	2	0.01%
	google france	1	0.00%
	google australia	1	0.00%
19. forms	google	114	0.49%
	google uk	47	0.20%
	google canada	12	0.05%
	google australia	8	0.03%
	yahoo	5	0.02%
	aol netfind	1	0.00%
20. on	google	127	0.54%
	yahoo	9	0.04%
	google uk	8	0.03%
	google canada	8	0.03%
	msn	7	0.03%
	google australia	6	0.03%

yahoo india	5	0.02%
yahoo uk & ireland	2	0.01%
google france	2	0.01%
google germany	2	0.01%
aol netfind	1	0.00%
yahoo germany	1	0.00%

Activity by Search Keyword – Help Card

? **Top Search Keywords Table**

Keywords – The keyword being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. To see the entire search strings entered by visitors, see the Top Search Phrases page.

Referrers – Number of visitors referred to your site with the specified keywords.

% – Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

Top Search Keywords Table with Engines Detail Table

Engines – Specific search engine being analyzed in conjunction with the keyword in the adjacent column.

Keywords – The keyword being analyzed in conjunction with the search engine in the adjacent column. To see the entire search strings entered by visitors, see the Top Search Phrases page.

Referrals – Number of visitors referred to your site from the specified search engine who used the specified keywords in their search.

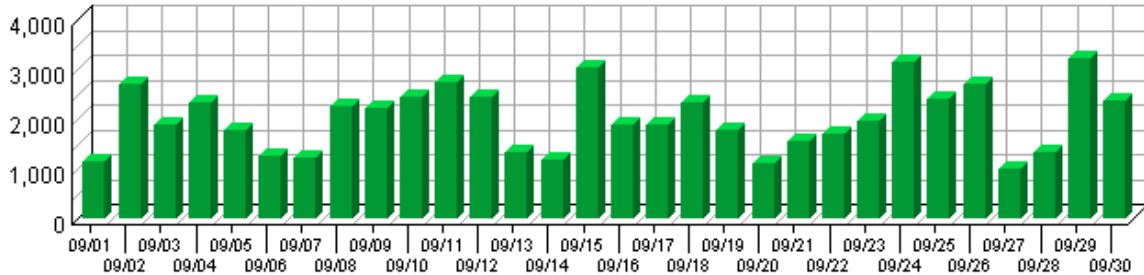
% Percentage of visitors referred from search engines who used the specified search engine and keyword.

—
💡 At the most basic level, this section tells you which search engines are being used most frequently to find your site. You also may find that some search engines are referring visitors to your site with the keywords you expect and that other search engines are not.

Technical Dashboard

This dashboard summarizes important information related to online technical activity.

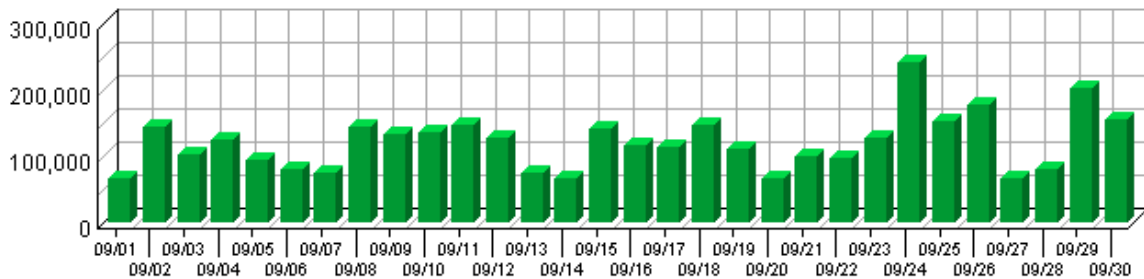
Hits Trend



Hit Summary

Successful Hits for Entire Site	60,390
Average Hits per Day	2,013
Home Page Hits	6,975

Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend

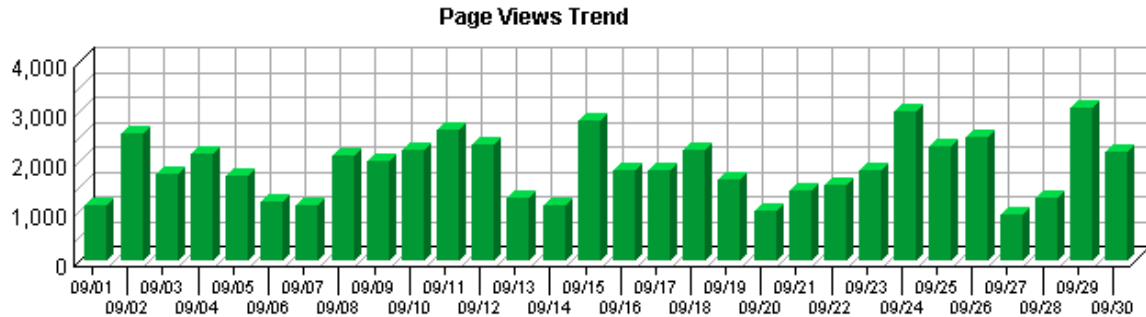


Technical Statistics

Total Hits	67,688	100%
Successful Hits	60,390	89.22%
Failed Hits	7,298	10.78%
Cached Hits	8,529	12.60%

Page Views Trend

This report helps you determine the bandwidth requirements of your web site by tracking page views over the course of the report period.




Page Views Trend

Time Interval	Page Views	%
09/01	1,097	1.94%
09/02	2,570	4.54%
09/03	1,727	3.05%
09/04	2,138	3.78%
09/05	1,713	3.03%
09/06	1,178	2.08%
09/07	1,112	1.97%
09/08	2,112	3.73%
09/09	1,997	3.53%
09/10	2,222	3.93%
09/11	2,635	4.66%
09/12	2,344	4.14%
09/13	1,260	2.23%
09/14	1,107	1.96%
09/15	2,817	4.98%
09/16	1,808	3.20%
09/17	1,814	3.21%
09/18	2,215	3.92%
09/19	1,626	2.88%
09/20	1,012	1.79%
09/21	1,422	2.51%
09/22	1,530	2.71%
09/23	1,801	3.18%
09/24	3,007	5.32%
09/25	2,314	4.09%

09/26	2,496	4.41%
09/27	940	1.66%
09/28	1,261	2.23%
09/29	3,079	5.44%
09/30	2,202	3.89%
Total	56,556	100.00%


Page Views Trend – Help Card

 **Page** – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Page View – A hit to any file classified as a page. In order to view a web page with embedded images, for example, a browser must retrieve multiple files. The page and its embedded files counts as a single page view.

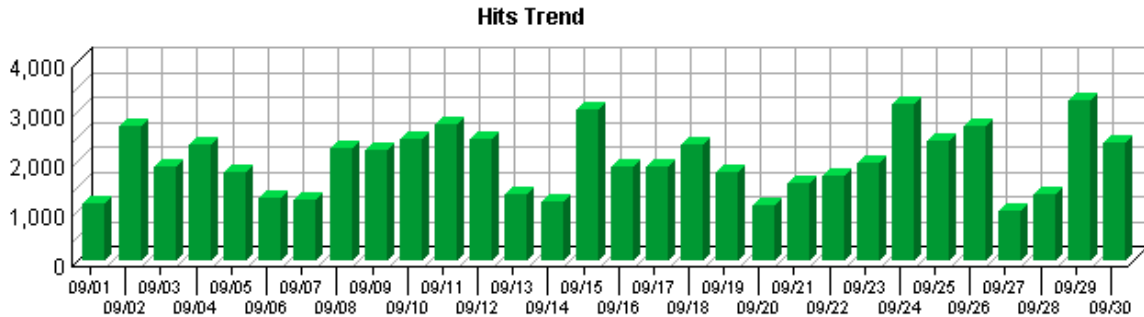
Time Interval – A one-year report displays monthly time increments. A one-quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one-month report or a one-week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour-long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

% – Percentage of total page views that occurred during the specified time interval.

 Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

Hits Trend

This report helps you learn the bandwidth requirements of your site by tracking hits over the course of the report period.




Hits Trend

Time Interval	Hits	%
09/01	1,155	1.91%
09/02	2,717	4.50%
09/03	1,876	3.11%
09/04	2,336	3.87%
09/05	1,785	2.96%
09/06	1,268	2.10%
09/07	1,206	2.00%
09/08	2,251	3.73%
09/09	2,207	3.65%
09/10	2,439	4.04%
09/11	2,726	4.51%
09/12	2,445	4.05%
09/13	1,325	2.19%
09/14	1,174	1.94%
09/15	3,040	5.03%
09/16	1,903	3.15%
09/17	1,904	3.15%
09/18	2,337	3.87%
09/19	1,770	2.93%
09/20	1,102	1.82%
09/21	1,555	2.57%
09/22	1,686	2.79%
09/23	1,979	3.28%
09/24	3,146	5.21%
09/25	2,416	4.00%


09/26	2,696	4.46%
09/27	1,010	1.67%
09/28	1,340	2.22%
09/29	3,213	5.32%
09/30	2,383	3.95%
Total	60,390	100.00%

Hits Trend – Help Card

 **Hits** – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

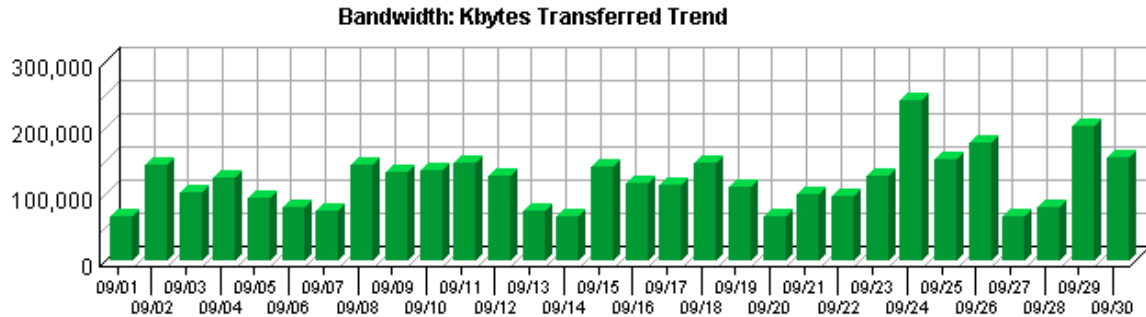
Time Interval – A one-year report displays monthly time increments. A one-quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one-month report or a one-week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour-long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

% – Percentage of hits that occurred during the specified time interval.

 Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend

This report helps you see the bandwidth requirements of your site by tracking kilobytes transferred over the course of the report period.




Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend

Time Interval	Kbytes Transferred	%
09/01	67,535	1.87%
09/02	143,902	3.98%
09/03	101,591	2.81%
09/04	123,834	3.42%
09/05	93,086	2.57%
09/06	80,322	2.22%
09/07	75,095	2.07%
09/08	144,521	3.99%
09/09	133,436	3.69%
09/10	135,707	3.75%
09/11	147,482	4.07%
09/12	126,942	3.51%
09/13	75,225	2.08%
09/14	67,528	1.87%
09/15	142,209	3.93%
09/16	117,184	3.24%
09/17	113,733	3.14%
09/18	146,206	4.04%
09/19	111,697	3.09%
09/20	67,586	1.87%
09/21	101,331	2.80%
09/22	96,261	2.66%
09/23	128,897	3.56%
09/24	241,346	6.67%
09/25	151,619	4.19%


09/26	178,652	4.94%
09/27	67,541	1.87%
09/28	80,899	2.23%
09/29	203,469	5.62%
09/30	154,820	4.28%
Total	3,619,643	100.00%

Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend – Help Card

 **Kbytes Transferred** – Number of kilobytes of data transferred during the specified time interval.

Time Interval – A one-year report displays monthly time increments. A one-quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one-month report or a one-week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour-long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

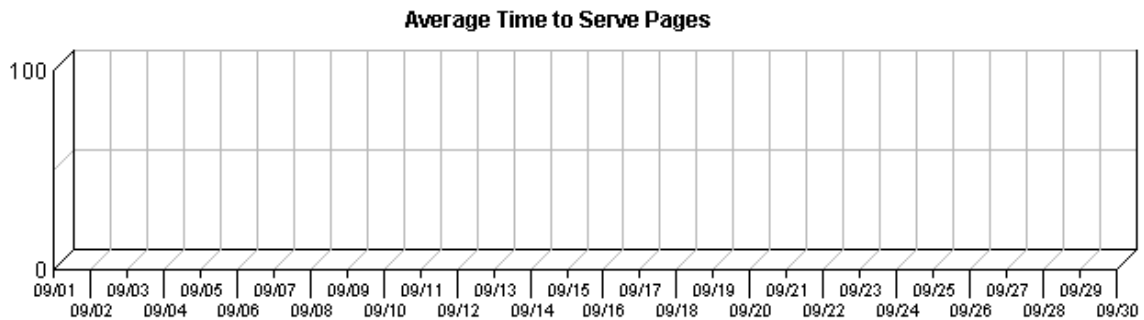
% – Percentage of total kilobytes of data transferred that were transferred during the specified time interval.

 Periods of less activity can be considered good times for maintenance and content improvement.

Average Time to Serve Pages

This report displays the average amount of time (in milliseconds) it takes to serve pages.

Note: Not all web servers log the information necessary to create this report.



Average Time to Serve Pages

Time Interval	Total Time to Serve	Pages Served	Average Time to Serve
09/01	0	1,097	0
09/02	0	2,570	0
09/03	0	1,727	0
09/04	0	2,138	0
09/05	0	1,713	0
09/06	0	1,178	0
09/07	0	1,112	0
09/08	0	2,112	0
09/09	0	1,997	0
09/10	0	2,222	0
09/11	0	2,635	0
09/12	0	2,344	0
09/13	0	1,260	0
09/14	0	1,107	0
09/15	0	2,817	0
09/16	0	1,808	0
09/17	0	1,814	0
09/18	0	2,215	0
09/19	0	1,626	0
09/20	0	1,012	0
09/21	0	1,422	0
09/22	0	1,530	0
09/23	0	1,801	0
09/24	0	3,007	0
09/25	0	2,314	0

09/26	0	2,496	0
09/27	0	940	0
09/28	0	1,261	0
09/29	0	3,079	0
09/30	0	2,202	0
Total	0	56,556	0.0

Average Time to Serve Pages – Help Card

? Pages – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Time Interval – A one-year report displays monthly time increments. A one-quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one-month report or a one-week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour-long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Total Time to Serve – The total amount of time the server spent serving documents during the specified time interval.

Pages Served – Number of pages served to visitors during the specified time interval.

Average Time to Serve – Average amount of time (in milliseconds) it took to serve each document during the specified time interval. The time to serve spans from the time the server got a page request until it transmitted all the data.

Note: Zero values in this column probably indicates that your web server is not logging Time to Serve information.

💡 Consider increasing your available bandwidth if the times to serve spike at rates disproportionate to the number of documents served during the same time interval. If you see this problem and have enough bandwidth, your server power may be a factor.

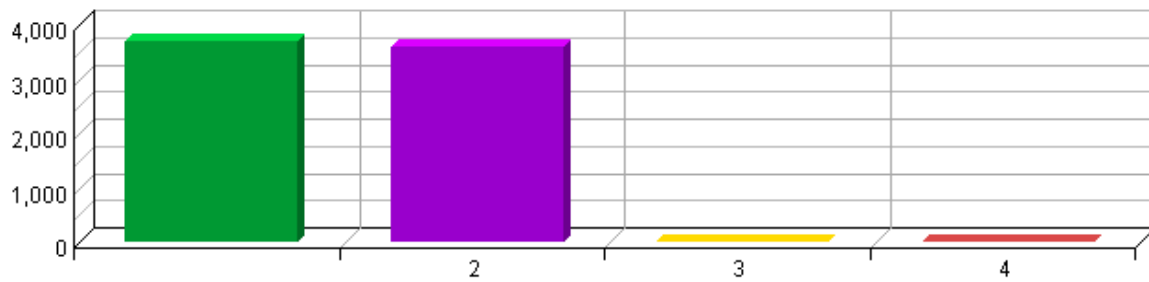
Errors Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Errors chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

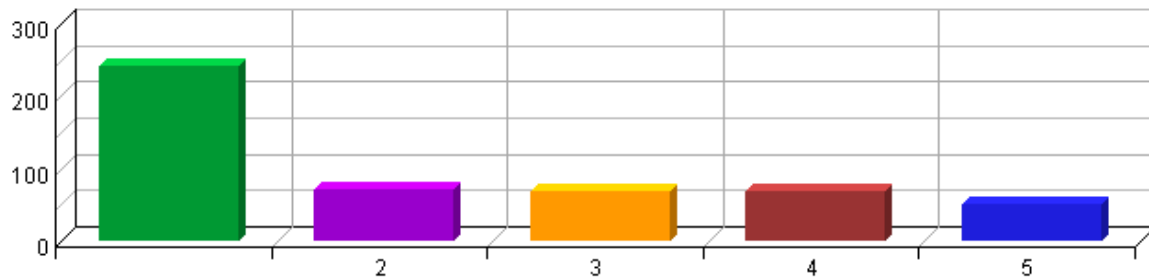
Technical Statistics

Total Hits	67,688	100%
Successful Hits	60,390	89.22%
Failed Hits	7,298	10.78%
Cached Hits	8,529	12.60%

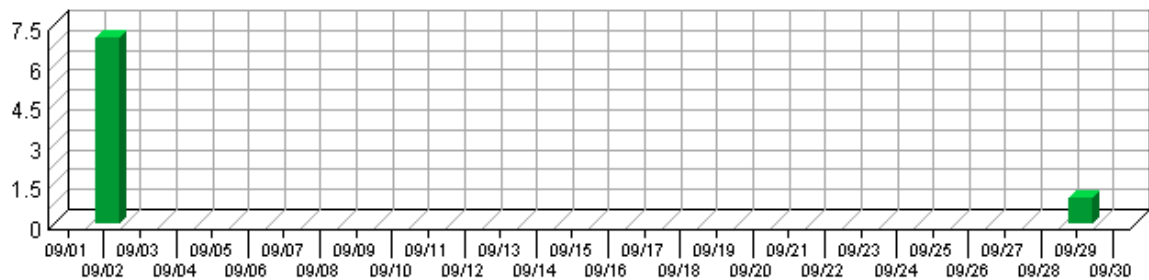
Client Errors



File Not Found Errors



Server Errors Trend



Client Errors

This report identifies the error codes from the browsers accessing your server.



Client Errors

	HTTP Status Codes	Hits	%
1.	404 Not Found	3,689	50.60%
2.	403 Forbidden	3,584	49.16%
3.	400 Bad Request	13	0.18%
4.	408 Request Timeout	4	0.05%
	Total	7,290	100.00%

Client Errors – Help Card

? Client Errors – An error caused by a problem on your visitor's end of the web site connection. The server is not responsible for client errors.

Hits – Number of failed hits that returned this status code.

HTTP Status Codes – The status code for the specific error that occurred.

% – Percentage of total failed hits that returned this status code.

💡 Use this page to determine what maintenance is necessary.

File Not Found Errors

This report identifies files that returned "404 – Not Found" or "410 – Gone" errors from your server.




File Not Found Errors

	Files Not Found and Referring URL	Hits	%
1.	/ncer/rfa/2006/PicExportError/ (no referrer)	242	6.56%
2.	/ncer/rfa/ncer/styles/ epafiles_epastyles.css (no referrer)	70	1.90%
3.	/ncer/rfa/futures.html (no referrer)	68	1.84%
4.	/ncer/rfa/2002stargradfellann. html (no referrer)	68	1.84%
5.	/ncer/rfa/kids2000.html (no referrer)	50	1.36%
6.	/ncer/rfa/forms/downlf.html (no referrer)	44	1.19%
7.	/ncer/rfa/99fellow.html (no referrer)	33	0.89%
8.	/ncer/rfa/undgrad.html (no referrer)	28	0.76%
9.	/ncer/rfa/empact.html (no referrer)	26	0.70%
10.	/ncer/rfa/water.html (no referrer)	25	0.68%
11.	/ncer/rfa/bfutur.html (no referrer)	23	0.62%
12.	/ncer/rfa/02dmvep.html (no referrer)	23	0.62%
13.	/ncer/rfa/market2000.html (no referrer)	23	0.62%
14.	/ncer/rfa/gradfellows01.html (no referrer)	23	0.62%
15.		22	0.60%


	/ncer/rfa/kidsvalue.html (no referrer)		
16.	/ncer/rfa/2008/2008_star_gcwg.html (no referrer)	22	0.60%
17.	/ncer/rfa/00humanrfa.html (no referrer)	21	0.57%
18.	/ncer/rfa/02ecohab.html (no referrer)	21	0.57%
19.	/ncer/rfa/empact99.html (no referrer)	21	0.57%
20.	/ncer/rfa/ecohab.html (no referrer)	21	0.57%
	Subtotal	874	23.69%
	Other	2,815	76.31%
	Total	3,689	100.00%

File Not Found Errors – Help Card

 **Hits** – Number of times a request for this file returned a "404 – Not Found" error or a "410 – Gone" error from your server.

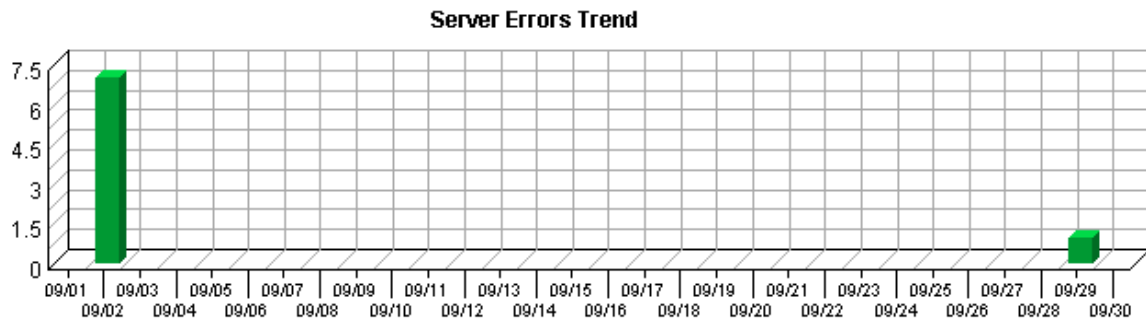
Files – This column lists the file that could not be found and the URL of the referrer (if known).

% – Percentage of the total 404 and 410 errors that were for this file.

 Check the links to all pages and files listed in this table. The files were either moved or they no longer exist, and the links are no longer successful.

Server Errors

This report lists the errors which occurred on the server.



Server Errors

HTTP Status Codes		Hits	%
1.	500 Internal Error	8	100.00%
Total		8	100.00%

Server Errors – Help Card

? Hits – Number of failed hits of the type specified in the "Pages" column. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

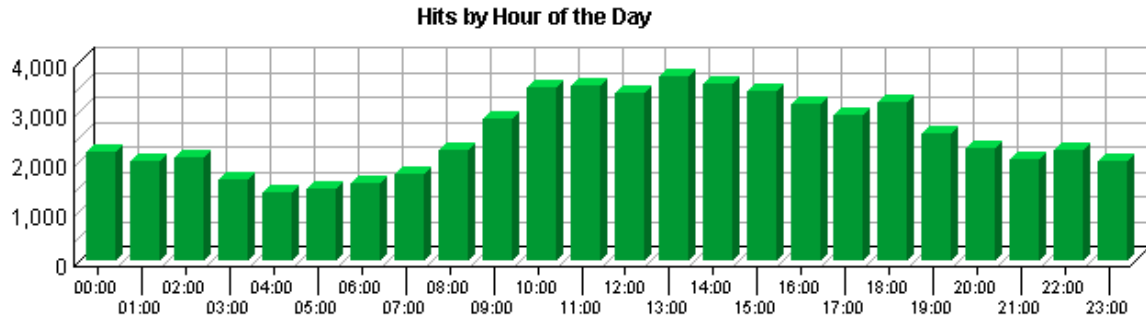
HTTP Status Codes – The status code for the specific error that occurred.

% – Percentage of failed hits that were of the specified type.

💡 Use this page to determine what maintenance is necessary.

Activity Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Activity chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

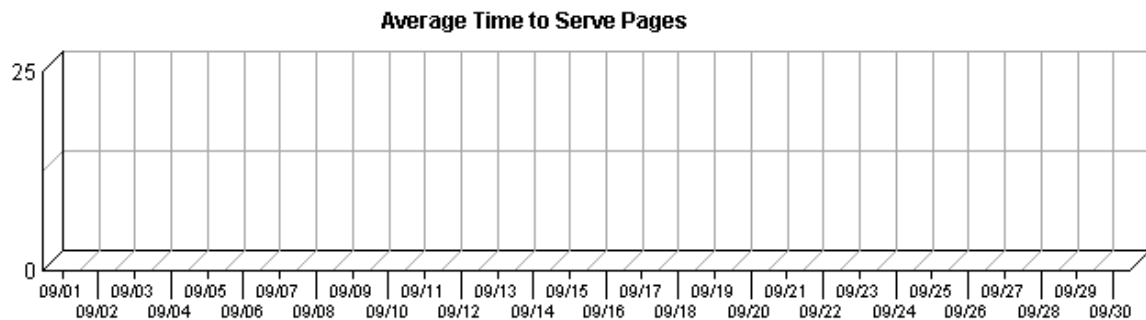


Most Active Summary

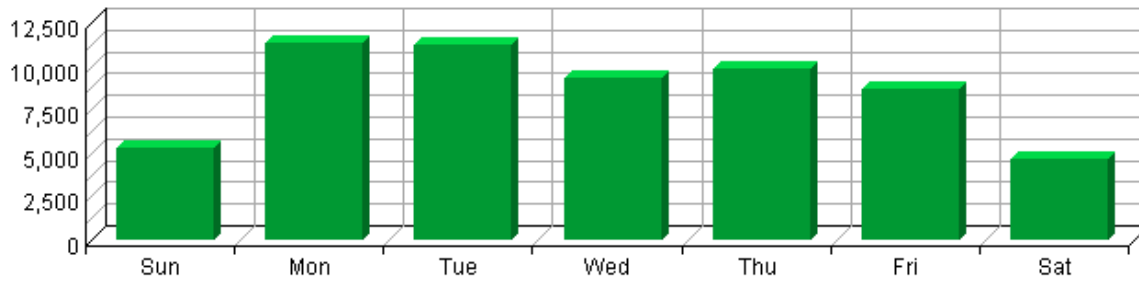
Most Active Date	September 29, 2008
Number of Hits on Most Active Date	3,213
Most Active Day of the Week	Mon
Most Active Hour of the Day	13:00–13:59

Activity on Weekdays Summary

Total Hits Weekdays	50,410
Total Visits Weekdays	25,081
Average Number of Visits per day on Weekdays	1,140
Average Number of Hits per day on Weekdays	2,291



Hits by Day of the Week



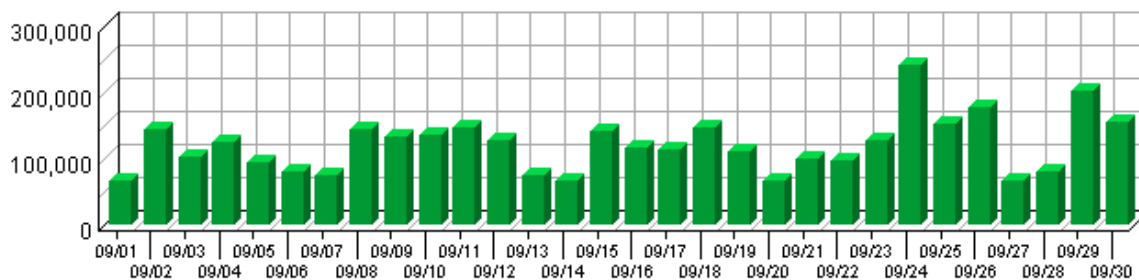
Least Active Summary

Least Active Date	September 27, 2008
Number of Hits on Least Active Date	1,010
Least Active Day of the Week	Sat
Least Active Hour of the Day	04:00–04:59

Activity on Weekends Summary

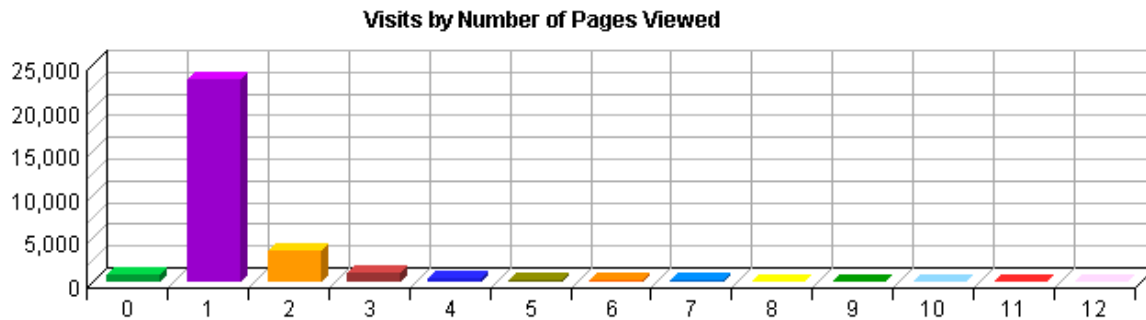
Total Hits Weekend	9,980
Total Visits Weekend	5,196
Average Number of Visits per Weekend	1,299
Average Number of Hits per Weekend	2,495

Bandwidth: Kbytes Transferred Trend



Visits by Number of Pages Viewed

This report shows you how many times visitors viewed one page, how many viewed two pages, etc.



Visits by Number of Pages Viewed

Number of Pages Viewed	Visits	%
0	844	2.79%
1	23,391	77.27%
2	3,500	11.56%
3	1,117	3.69%
4	427	1.41%
5	198	0.65%
6	108	0.36%
7	142	0.47%
8	65	0.21%
9	43	0.14%
10	38	0.13%
11	28	0.09%
12	22	0.07%
Subtotal	29,923	98.84%
Other	350	1.16%
Total	30,273	100.00%

Visits by Number of Pages Viewed – Help Card

? Number of Pages Viewed – The number of pages viewed during a visit. If the visitor viewed only non-page files such as a .gif or a .jpeg, the count of pages viewed is zero for that visit.

Visits – Number of visits by visitors who viewed the specified number of pages. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default

idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

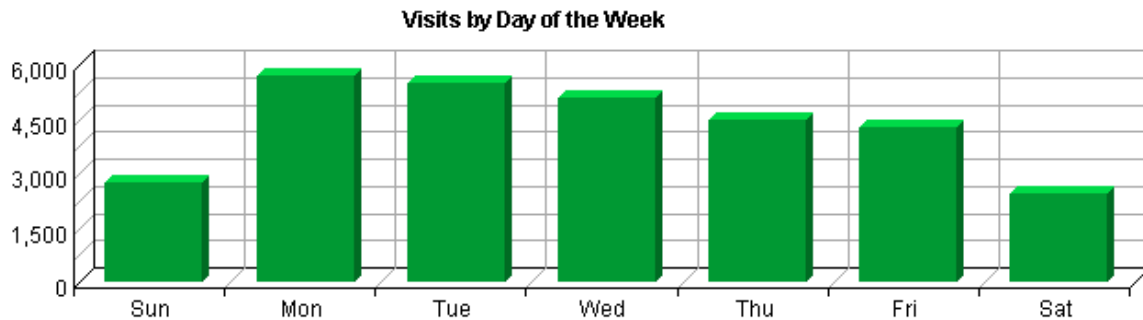
% – Percentage of total visits by people who viewed the specified number of pages.



You can use this information to quickly find out the number and percentages of viewers who read a given number of pages on your site. If most visitors only view a few pages, it may indicate that they cannot find the content they are looking for.

Visits by Day of the Week

This report shows the activity for each day of the week within the reporting period. Unsuccessful hits are not included.



Visits by Day of the Week

Day	Visits	%
Sun	2,732	9.02%
Mon	5,697	18.82%
Tue	5,510	18.20%
Wed	5,089	16.81%
Thu	4,498	14.86%
Fri	4,287	14.16%
Sat	2,464	8.14%
Total Weekend	5,196	17.16%
Total Weekdays	25,081	82.84%
Total	30,277	100.00%

Visits by Day of the Week – Help Card

? Day – Specified day of the week being tracked.

Visits – Number of visits on the specified day of the week. If the report period is longer than one week, and there are, for example, two Mondays, the value represented includes the combined total of both Mondays. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

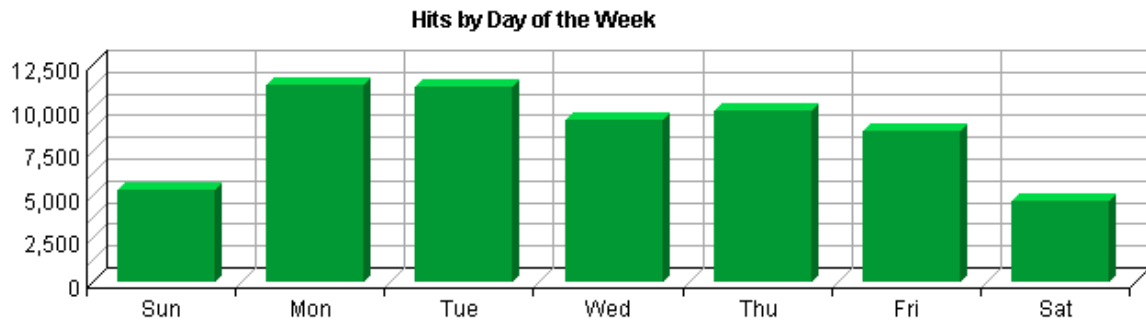
% – Percentage of total visits that occurred on the specified day of the week.

💡 Number of visits on the specified day of the week. If the report period is longer than one

week, and there are, for example, two Mondays, the value represented includes the combined total of both Mondays. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

Hits by Day of the Week

This report shows the activity for each day of the week within the reporting period. Unsuccessful hits are not included.



Hits by Day of the Week

Day	Hits	%
Sun	5,275	8.73%
Mon	11,345	18.79%
Tue	11,189	18.53%
Wed	9,365	15.51%
Thu	9,815	16.25%
Fri	8,696	14.40%
Sat	4,705	7.79%
Total Weekend	9,980	16.53%
Total Weekdays	50,410	83.47%
Total	60,390	100.00%

Hits by Day of the Week – Help Card

? Day – Specified day of the week being tracked.

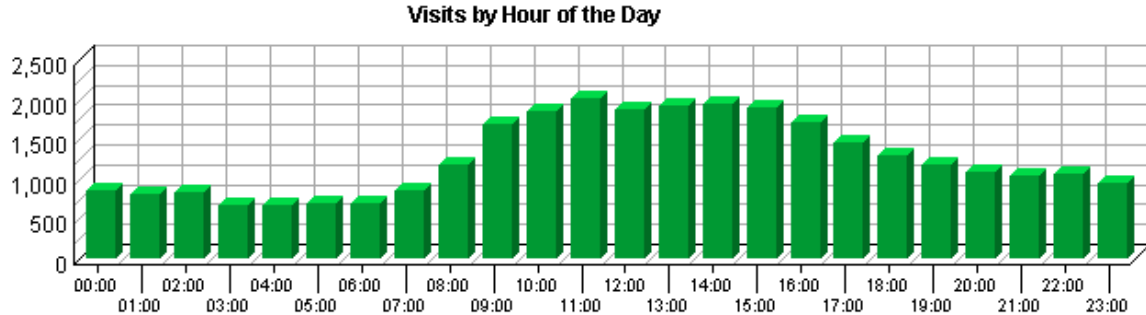
Hits – Number of hits on the specified day of the week. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

% – Percentage of total hits that occurred on the specified day of the week.

💡 Days of less activity should be considered good days for maintenance and content improvement.

Visits by Hour of the Day

This report shows activity for each hour of the day. It also shows the most and the least active hours of the day for the report period.



Visits by Hour of the Day

Hour	Visits	%
00:00	852	2.81%
01:00	821	2.71%
02:00	832	2.75%
03:00	667	2.20%
04:00	673	2.22%
05:00	687	2.27%
06:00	700	2.31%
07:00	858	2.83%
08:00	1,181	3.90%
09:00	1,689	5.58%
10:00	1,852	6.12%
11:00	2,009	6.64%
12:00	1,872	6.18%
13:00	1,923	6.35%
14:00	1,953	6.45%
15:00	1,900	6.28%
16:00	1,717	5.67%
17:00	1,453	4.80%
18:00	1,290	4.26%
19:00	1,183	3.91%
20:00	1,097	3.62%
21:00	1,040	3.43%
22:00	1,072	3.54%
23:00	956	3.16%
Total Visits during Work Hours (8:00am–5:00pm)	16,096	53.16%

Total Visits during After Hours (5:01pm–7:59am)	14,181	46.84%
Total	30,277	100.00%

Summary of Visits by Hour of the Day

Most Active Hour of the Day	11:00–11:59
Least Active Hour of the Day	03:00–03:59

Visits by Hour of the Day – Help Card

? Hour – Specified hour of the day being tracked. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Least Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the fewest number of hits.

Most Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the largest number of visits.

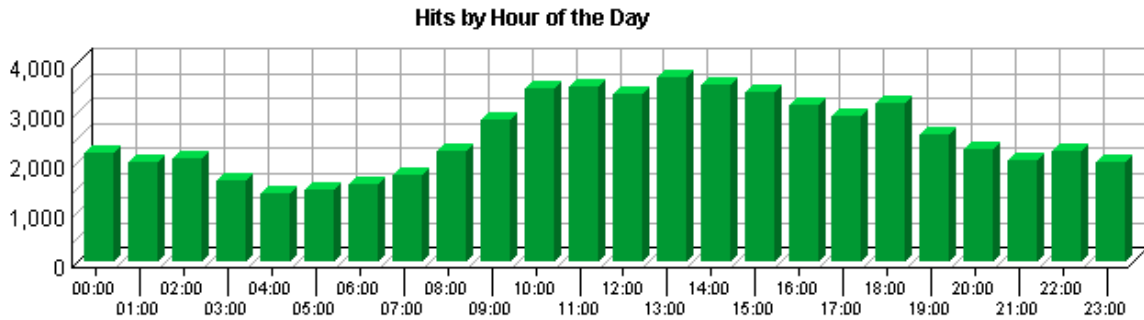
Visits – Number of visits to your site during the specified hour. If there are several days in the report period, the value presented is the sum of all visits during that hour for all days. All times are referenced to the location of the system running the analysis. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visits to your site that occurred during the specified hour.

💡 This information can be used to determine which hour of the day is best for system maintenance.

Hits by Hour of the Day

This report shows the most and the least active hour of the day for the report period. The second table breaks down activity for the given report period to show the average activity for each individual hour of the day. If there are several days in the report period, the value presented is the sum of all hits during that period of time for all days. All times are referenced to the location of the system running the analysis.



Hits by Hour of the Day

Hour	Hits	%
00:00	2,176	3.60%
01:00	1,988	3.29%
02:00	2,059	3.41%
03:00	1,616	2.68%
04:00	1,369	2.27%
05:00	1,445	2.39%
06:00	1,540	2.55%
07:00	1,734	2.87%
08:00	2,220	3.68%
09:00	2,870	4.75%
10:00	3,493	5.78%
11:00	3,532	5.85%
12:00	3,375	5.59%
13:00	3,701	6.13%
14:00	3,564	5.90%
15:00	3,390	5.61%
16:00	3,154	5.22%
17:00	2,929	4.85%
18:00	3,192	5.29%
19:00	2,563	4.24%
20:00	2,245	3.72%
21:00	2,030	3.36%
22:00	2,208	3.66%
23:00	1,997	3.31%

Total Hits during Work Hours (8:00am–5:00pm)	29,299	48.52%
Total Hits during After Hours (5:01pm–7:59am)	31,091	51.48%
Total	60,390	100.00%

Summary of Hits by Hour of the Day

Most Active Hour of the Day	13:00–13:59
Least Active Hour of the Day	04:00–04:59

Hits by Hour of the Day – Help Card



Hour – Specified hour of the day being tracked. An hour–long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.

Hits – Number of hits to your site during the specified hour. If there are several days in the report period, the value presented is the sum of all visits during that hour for all days. All times are referenced to the location of the system running the analysis. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Least Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the fewest number of hits.

Most Active Hour of the Day – The specific hour of the day that had the largest number of hits.

% – Percentage of hits to your site that occurred during the specified hour.



This information can be used to determine which hour of the day is best for system maintenance.

Visit Duration by Visits


This report shows the number and percentages of visits over selected visit lengths.



Visit Duration by Visits

Visit Duration in Minutes	Visits	%
0-1	25,964	85.77%
1-2	636	2.10%
2-3	412	1.36%
3-4	317	1.05%
4-5	222	0.73%
5-6	190	0.63%
6-7	156	0.52%
7-8	115	0.38%
8-9	123	0.41%
9-10	92	0.30%
10-11	99	0.33%
11-12	89	0.29%
12-13	78	0.26%
13-14	75	0.25%
14-15	72	0.24%
15-16	74	0.24%
16-17	72	0.24%
17-18	67	0.22%
18-19	70	0.23%
19-20	55	0.18%
Subtotal	28,978	95.72%
Other	1,295	4.28%
Total	30,273	100.00%

Visit Duration by Visits – Help Card

 **Visit Duration (minutes)** – The number of minutes your web site was viewed.

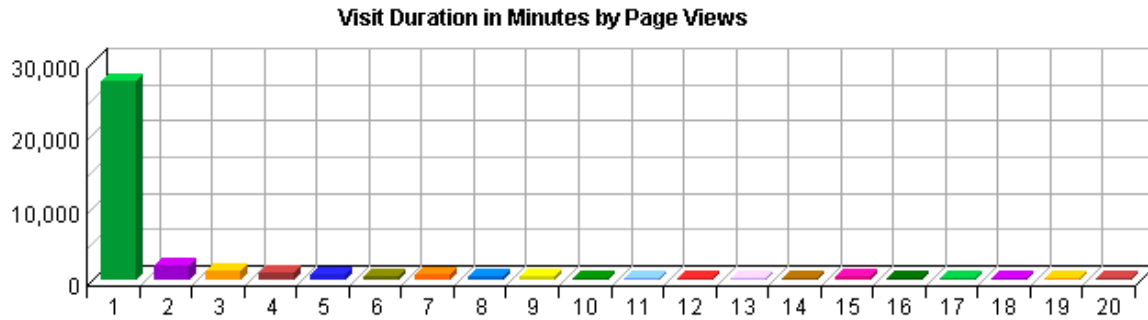
Visits – Number of visitors who viewed your page for the specified duration of time. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of visitors who viewed your page for the specified duration of time.

 This information tells you how many visitors view your site for specific intervals of time.

Visit Duration by Page Views


This report shows the number and percentages of pages views over selected visit lengths.



Visit Duration by Page Views

Visit Duration in Minutes	Views	%
0-1	27,475	48.57%
1-2	1,937	3.42%
2-3	1,187	2.10%
3-4	1,034	1.83%
4-5	717	1.27%
5-6	592	1.05%
6-7	801	1.42%
7-8	426	0.75%
8-9	409	0.72%
9-10	342	0.60%
10-11	345	0.61%
11-12	274	0.48%
12-13	276	0.49%
13-14	247	0.44%
14-15	402	0.71%
15-16	244	0.43%
16-17	254	0.45%
17-18	227	0.40%
18-19	212	0.37%
19-20	183	0.32%
Subtotal	37,584	66.44%
Other	18,984	33.56%
Total	56,568	100.00%

Visit Duration by Page Views – Help Card

 **Page** – Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator. Any URL containing a question mark is considered a dynamic page.

Visit Duration (minutes) – The number of minutes your web site was viewed.

Views – A page view is A hit to any file classified as a page. Contrast page views with hits, which counts files of every type.

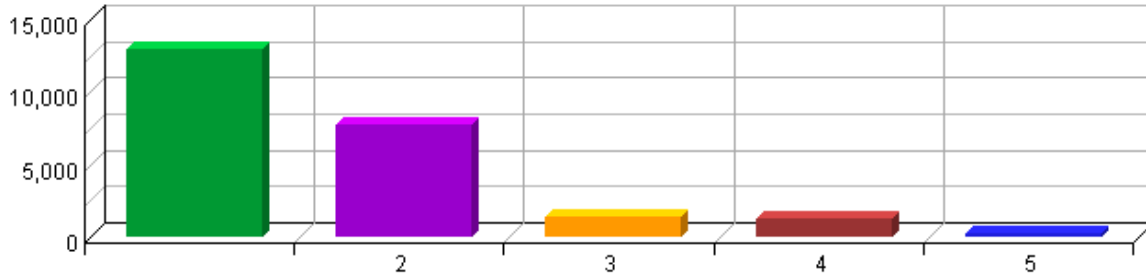
% – Percentage of visitors who viewed your page for the specified duration of time.

 This information tells you how many visitors view your site for specific intervals of time.

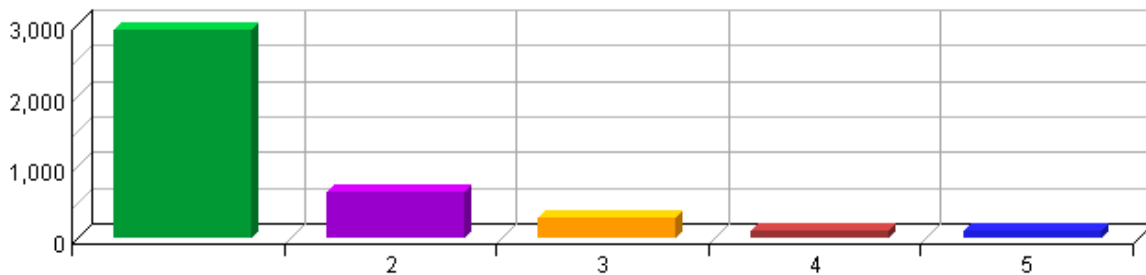
Browsers and Platforms Dashboard

This displays key graphs and tables that provide an overview of the Browsers and Platforms chapter. Click on the title of a graph or table to navigate to the corresponding page.

Top Browsers by Visits



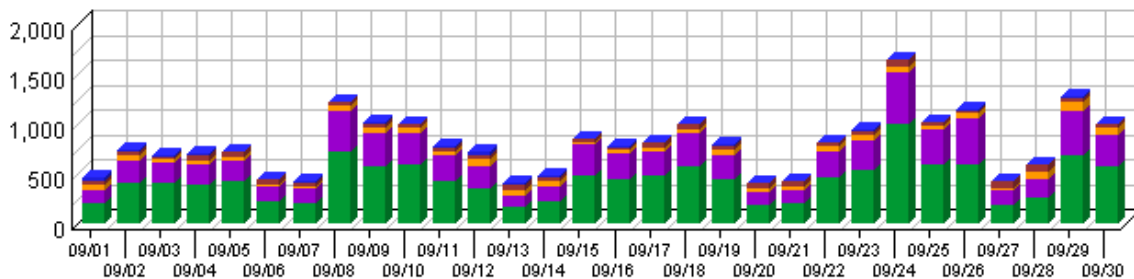
Top Spiders by Visits

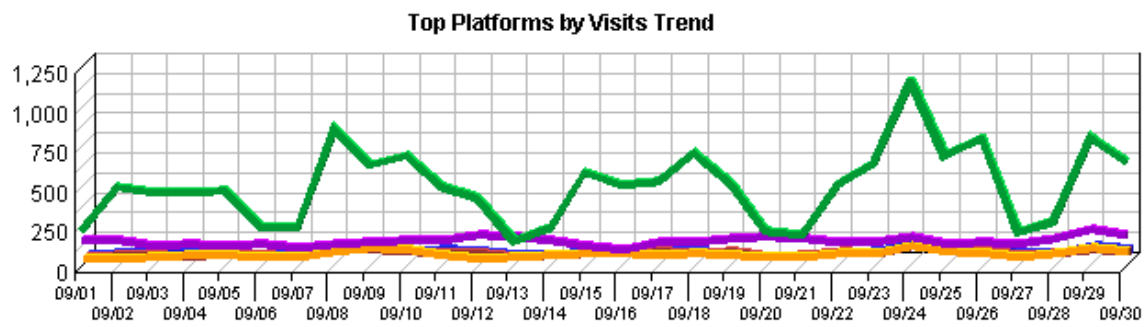


Top WAP Browsers by Visits



Top Browsers by Visits Trend

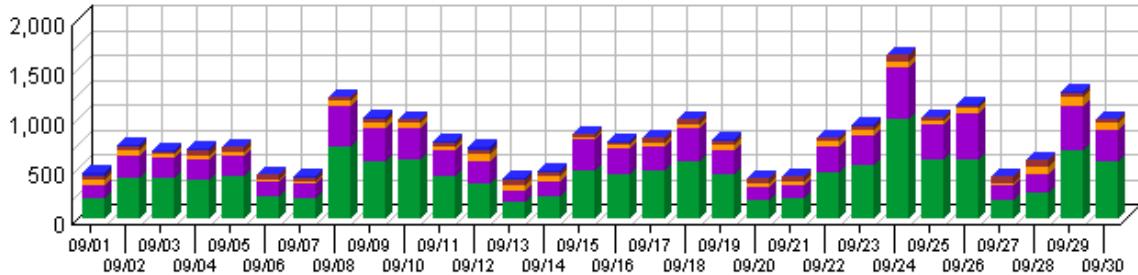




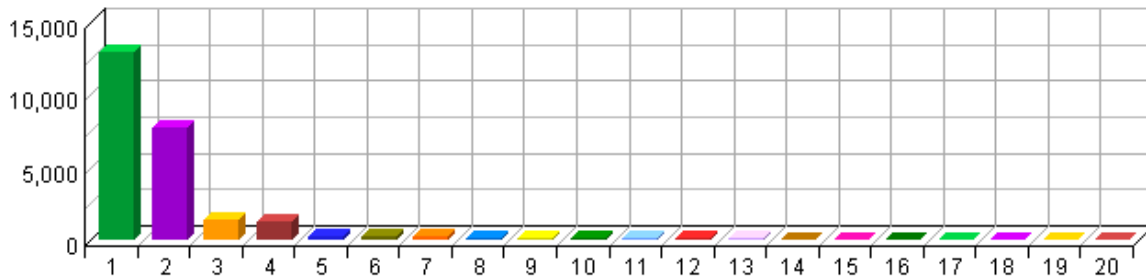
Top Browsers

This report identifies the most popular browsers used by visitors to your site. This information will only be displayed if your server is logging the browser/platform information.

Top Browsers by Visits Trend



Top Browsers by Visits



Top Browsers

	Browser	Visits	%	Hits
1.	Microsoft Internet Explorer	13,000	50.89%	18,736
2.	Mozilla	7,734	30.27%	10,854
3.	msnbot/1.1 (http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	1,378	5.39%	1,963
4.	Other Netscape Compatible	1,325	5.19%	3,326
5.	Others	311	1.22%	451
6.	Netscape	229	0.90%	355
7.	Jakarta Commons-HttpClient/3.0.1	192	0.75%	1,089
8.	libwww-perl/5.812	156	0.61%	390
9.	Yanga WorldSearch Bot v1.1/beta (http://www.yanga.co.uk/)	155	0.61%	1,049
10.	libwww-perl/5.808	141	0.55%	311
11.	msnbot-media/1.1 (http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	123	0.48%	136
12.	Opera	81	0.32%	113
13.	Safari	69	0.27%	93
14.	NLESE USEPA	58	0.23%	98
15.	www.dlese.org.support@dlese.org	54	0.21%	54
16.	Java/1.5.0_12	48	0.19%	60

17.	Konqueror	33	0.13%	2,135
18.	eZ publish Link Validator	26	0.10%	27
19.	Lynx	25	0.10%	51
20.	larbin_2.6.3 larbin2.6.3@unspecified.mail	24	0.09%	41
	Subtotal	25,162	98.50%	41,332
	Other	384	1.50%	2,094
	Total	25,546	100.00%	43,426

Top Browsers – Help Card



Browser – A program used to locate and view web pages. These include Netscape, Microsoft Internet Explorer, Opera and others.

Hits – Number of hits from visitors using the specified browser. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Total – The total activity based on the sort column (hits or visits) where there was sufficient information to identify the browser. This number may be less than the total visits or hits overall.

Visits – The total visits where there was sufficient information to identify the browser. This number may be less than the total visits overall. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total for the sort column (hits or visits) by those using the specified browser.



Browser data can help you determine how to configure your site for optimal viewing.

Note: Any hits identified as originating from a spider (an automated program that searches the Internet) are not counted in this table. Also, if a browser does not identify itself in its request to the Web server, it will get counted on this page as an "Other."

Top Browsers by Version

This report lists the browser versions most common among your visitors.

Top Browsers by Version



Top Browsers by Version

	Browser	Version	Visits	%	Hits
1.	Microsoft Internet Explorer	7.0	7,741	30.30%	11,261
		6.0	5,078	19.88%	7,133
		5.5	56	0.22%	81
		5.0	35	0.14%	142
		8.0	30	0.12%	31
		5.01	28	0.11%	50
		3.02	13	0.05%	15
		5.14	6	0.02%	6
		mutant	5	0.02%	6
		5.23	2	0.01%	2
		6.0b	2	0.01%	4
		999.1	1	0.00%	2
		or	1	0.00%	1
		5.17	1	0.00%	1
		6.0–	1	0.00%	1
		Other	0	0.00%	0
2.	Mozilla	2008070208	2,558	10.01%	3,839
		Version Unknown	1,199	4.69%	1,539
		20080702	1,005	3.93%	1,440
		20070308	663	2.60%	929
		2008070206	439	1.72%	616
		2008091620	309	1.21%	417
		2008092417	227	0.89%	297
		20080829	165	0.65%	214
		20080404	104	0.41%	142

20071127	91	0.36%	114
2008052906	80	0.31%	106
2008091618	75	0.29%	96
20080201	69	0.27%	146
2008092414	51	0.20%	60
20070508	50	0.20%	65
20070725	43	0.17%	61
20061010	40	0.16%	48
20080109	40	0.16%	48
20070515	37	0.14%	42
20080311	28	0.11%	34
20080721	24	0.09%	46
2008072820	24	0.09%	28
20070914	21	0.08%	28
20050915	21	0.08%	26
20070309	21	0.08%	29
20071025	19	0.07%	27
20080623	16	0.06%	16
20061204	16	0.06%	19
2008061004	11	0.04%	11
20080219	11	0.04%	12
20071008	10	0.04%	12
20051111	10	0.04%	19
20050716	10	0.04%	12
20050511	9	0.04%	12
20080826	8	0.03%	9
2008090514	7	0.03%	7
20060508	7	0.03%	9
20070713	7	0.03%	10
20060426	6	0.02%	6
20070809	6	0.02%	9
20050414	5	0.02%	15
20080716	5	0.02%	5
20071115	5	0.02%	7
2008090512	5	0.02%	8
20041107	4	0.02%	6
20060909	4	0.02%	4
20060728	4	0.02%	4
2008072310	4	0.02%	7
	4	0.02%	7
20070219	4	0.02%	4
20080330	4	0.02%	6

2008071615	4	0.02%	4
20060111	4	0.02%	5
20080416	3	0.01%	3
2008051202	3	0.01%	3
2008080100	3	0.01%	3
20080715	3	0.01%	3
20061206	3	0.01%	3
20080703	3	0.01%	6
20061108	3	0.01%	4
2008032620	3	0.01%	3
20060308	3	0.01%	3
20080803	3	0.01%	5
20050920	2	0.01%	2
2008071018	2	0.01%	4
2008020514	2	0.01%	2
20050524	2	0.01%	2
2008071616	2	0.01%	2
20061208	2	0.01%	2
20080718	2	0.01%	2
20040301	2	0.01%	2
20040218	2	0.01%	2
20061025	2	0.01%	2
20041001	2	0.01%	4
20050225	2	0.01%	2
20071128	2	0.01%	3
20060418	2	0.01%	2
20070815	2	0.01%	3
2008061015	2	0.01%	2
20040913	2	0.01%	2
20071010	1	0.00%	2
20060719	1	0.00%	1
2008050509	1	0.00%	1
2008022910	1	0.00%	1
20030922	1	0.00%	1
20050328	1	0.00%	2
20050427	1	0.00%	1
20070118	1	0.00%	1
20070417	1	0.00%	1
20050512	1	0.00%	2
20061201	1	0.00%	2
20070223	1	0.00%	1
20040517	1	0.00%	4

2008041514	1	0.00%	1
20071102	1	0.00%	1
2008082713	1	0.00%	2
20041002	1	0.00%	1
20080915	1	0.00%	1
2008072212	1	0.00%	1
20050908	1	0.00%	2
20080924	1	0.00%	1
20061223	1	0.00%	1
20080922	1	0.00%	2
20080410	1	0.00%	1
20080313	1	0.00%	1
20071105	1	0.00%	1
20020924	1	0.00%	1
2008092313	1	0.00%	1
20060911	1	0.00%	1
20021207	1	0.00%	1
20040614	1	0.00%	1
20021126	1	0.00%	1
20070313	1	0.00%	1
2008052519	1	0.00%	1
2008030714	1	0.00%	1
20050222	1	0.00%	1
2008070400	1	0.00%	3
2008071618	1	0.00%	1
20080328	1	0.00%	1
20070822	1	0.00%	2
20061030	1	0.00%	1
20040416	1	0.00%	1
20040514	1	0.00%	1
2008061510	1	0.00%	1
20071205	1	0.00%	1
20060723	1	0.00%	2
2008041515	1	0.00%	1
20060425	1	0.00%	1
20080206	1	0.00%	1
20041110	1	0.00%	1
20080317	1	0.00%	1
20070820	1	0.00%	1
20080211	1	0.00%	2
20060612	1	0.00%	1
20040803	1	0.00%	1

			2008032600	1	0.00%	1
			20071206	1	0.00%	3
			20060414	1	0.00%	1
			2008092510	1	0.00%	1
			20050717	1	0.00%	2
			20060214	1	0.00%	1
			2007121120	1	0.00%	1
			2008092418	1	0.00%	1
			20080710	1	0.00%	1
			20080208	1	0.00%	1
			2008052912	1	0.00%	1
			20080227	1	0.00%	1
			20020923	1	0.00%	1
			20060328	1	0.00%	1
			20021212	1	0.00%	1
			20071001	1	0.00%	1
			20071030	1	0.00%	1
			20050609	1	0.00%	2
			20050319	1	0.00%	1
			20080203	1	0.00%	1
			20060731	1	0.00%	1
			20050711	1	0.00%	1
			Other	0	0.00%	0
3.	msnbot/1.1 (http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	Version Unknown		1,378	5.39%	1,963
			Other	0	0.00%	0
4.	Other Netscape Compatible	Version Unknown		1,325	5.19%	3,326
			Other	0	0.00%	0
5.	Others	Version Unknown		311	1.22%	451
			Other	0	0.00%	0
6.	Netscape	4.5		127	0.50%	127
			7.2	30	0.12%	60
			4.74	30	0.12%	31
			4.7	6	0.02%	6
			8.1.3	6	0.02%	6
			8.0.4	6	0.02%	10
			7.1	5	0.02%	5
			7.0	3	0.01%	3
			8.1.2	3	0.01%	4
			Version Unknown	3	0.01%	42

		6.2.1	3	0.01%	3
		8.0.3.3	2	0.01%	2
		Nutch-0.9	1	0.00%	1
		4.79	1	0.00%	1
		4.04	1	0.00%	1
		4.61	1	0.00%	1
		4.0	1	0.00%	52
		Other	0	0.00%	0
7.	Jakarta Commons-HttpClient/3.0.1	Version Unknown	192	0.75%	1,089
		Other	0	0.00%	0
8.	libwww-perl/5.812	Version Unknown	156	0.61%	390
		Other	0	0.00%	0
9.	Yanga WorldSearch Bot v1.1/beta (http://www.yanga.co.uk/)	Version Unknown	155	0.61%	1,049
		Other	0	0.00%	0
10.	libwww-perl/5.808	Version Unknown	141	0.55%	311
		Other	0	0.00%	0
11.	msnbot-media/1.1 (http://search.msn.com/msnbot.htm)	Version Unknown	123	0.48%	136
		Other	0	0.00%	0
12.	Opera	9.52	23	0.09%	39
		9.50	14	0.05%	15
		9.51	9	0.04%	10
		9.27	8	0.03%	18
		9.23	4	0.02%	4
		9.25	4	0.02%	7
		9.24	3	0.01%	3
		8.01	2	0.01%	2
		9.00	2	0.01%	2
		7.11	2	0.01%	2
		7.0	2	0.01%	2
		9.20	2	0.01%	2
		8.50	1	0.00%	1
		6.0	1	0.00%	1
		9.21	1	0.00%	1
		9.02	1	0.00%	1
		9.22	1	0.00%	2
		9.26	1	0.00%	1
		Other	0	0.00%	0
13.	Safari	419.3	32	0.13%	43

		312.6	20	0.08%	23
		YY/ADOBE	5	0.02%	5
		2.0	4	0.02%	4
		417.9.2	2	0.01%	2
		125.12	2	0.01%	3
		416.12	1	0.00%	5
		YY	1	0.00%	5
		312.3.3	1	0.00%	1
		412.2	1	0.00%	2
		Other	0	0.00%	0
14.	NLESE USEPA	Version Unknown	58	0.23%	98
		Other	0	0.00%	0
15.	www.dlese.org,support@dlese.org	Version Unknown	54	0.21%	54
		Other	0	0.00%	0
16.	Java/1.5.0_12	Version Unknown	48	0.19%	60
		Other	0	0.00%	0
17.	Konqueror	3.2	22	0.09%	2,124
		3.5	8	0.03%	8
		3.1	3	0.01%	3
		Other	0	0.00%	0
18.	eZ publish Link Validator	Version Unknown	26	0.10%	27
		Other	0	0.00%	0
19.	Lynx	2.8.6DEV.11	25	0.10%	51
		Other	0	0.00%	0
20.	larbin_2.6.3 larbin2.6.3@unspecified.mail	Version Unknown	24	0.09%	41
		Other	0	0.00%	0
	Subtotal		25,162	98.50%	41,332
	Other		384	1.50%	2,094
	Total		25,546	100.00%	43,426

Top Browsers by Version – Help Card

? Browser – A program used to locate and view web pages. These include Netscape, Microsoft Internet Explorer, Opera and others.

Visits – Number of visits to this page. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views the first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can

be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of the total visits in which the visitor viewed this page at least once.

Hits – Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

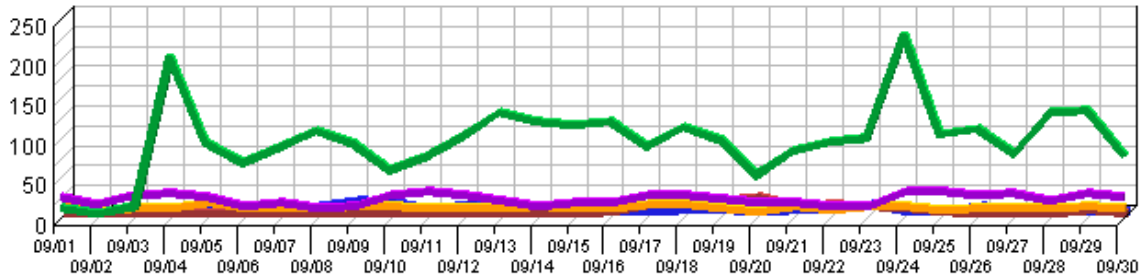


—
This information can help you decide which technology to implement on your site. You can determine whether the majority of your visitors are ready to benefit from the latest technologies (DHTML, Flash, etc.) available with the most recent versions of the main browsers.

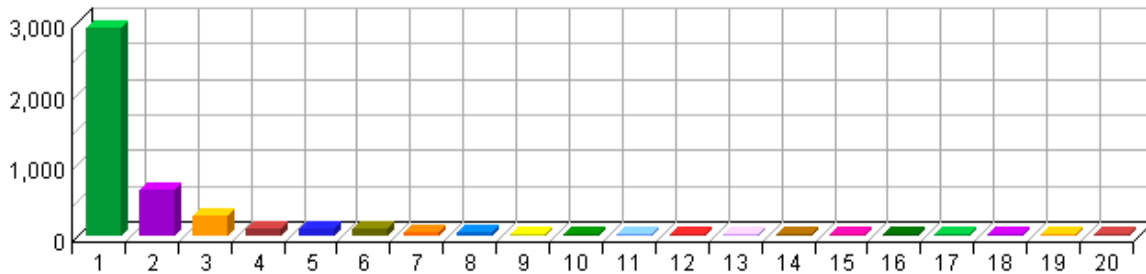
Top Spiders

This report identifies robots, spiders, crawlers and search services visiting your site. The spiders shown in this report are based on a configured list in the product code. If your site uses JavaScript tagging to monitor traffic (for example, WebTrends SmartSource Data Collector), only spiders that use JavaScript will appear in this report.

Top Spiders by Visits Trend



Top Spiders by Visits



Top Spiders

	Spider	Visits	%	Hits
1.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; http://www.google.com/bot.html)	2,924	61.81%	3,394
2.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)	653	13.80%	6,158
3.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp China; http://misc.yahoo.com.cn/help.html)	294	6.21%	297
4.	Mozilla/5.0 (Twiceler-0.9 http://www.cuil.com/twiceler/robot.html)	114	2.41%	295
5.	Yeti	114	2.41%	120
6.	Gigabot	109	2.30%	548
7.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Yahoo! Slurp/3.0; http://help.yahoo.com/help/us/ysearch/slurp)	64	1.35%	296
8.	MSR-ISRCCrawler	48	1.01%	194
9.	FAST Enterprise Crawler 6	35	0.74%	84
10.	WebAlta Crawler	34	0.72%	219
11.	Morning Paper 1.0 (robots.txt compliant!)	26	0.55%	26
12.	ichiro	25	0.53%	502
13.		23	0.49%	49

	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 4.01; Windows NT; MS Search 5.0 Robot)			
14.	Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1; maxamine.com-robot)	22	0.47%	158
15.	Gaisbot	20	0.42%	21
16.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; YodaoBot/1.0; http://www.yodao.com/help/webmaster/spider/;)	19	0.40%	22
17.	TurnitinBot	19	0.40%	207
18.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; heritrix/1.15.1-200807172326 http://www.accelobot.com)	17	0.36%	48
19.	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; heritrix/1.14.1 http://crawler.archive.org)	17	0.36%	673
20.	ia_archiver (http:	17	0.36%	30
	Subtotal	4,594	97.10%	13,341
	Other	137	2.90%	3,623
	Total	4,731	100.00%	16,964

Top Spiders – Help Card



Hits – Number of times the specified spider hit your site. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Spider – An automated program which searches the Internet.

Visits – Number of times the specified spider visited your site. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of total spider visits or hits by the specified spider.

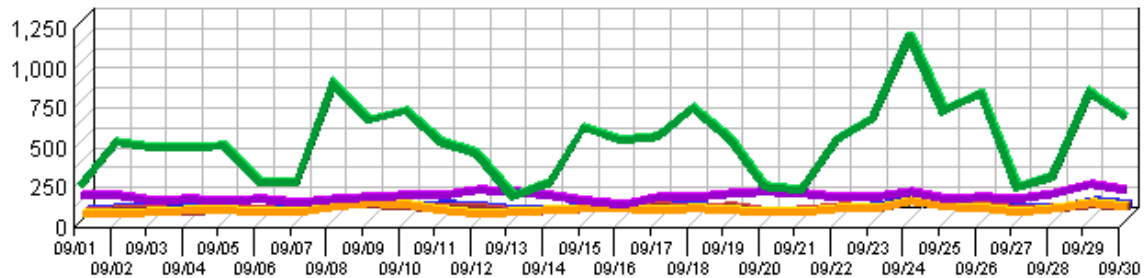


This information is important for a Webmaster trying to block spiders that tax the server. It also tells you what kind of automated attention you have attracted to your site.

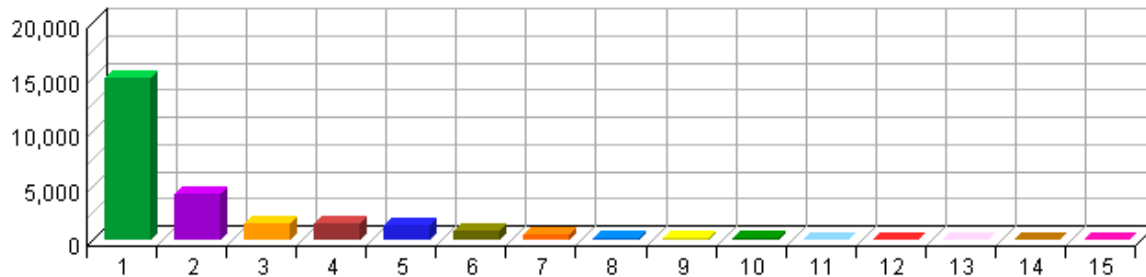
Top Platforms

This report identifies the operating systems most used by the visitors to the site. This information will only be displayed if your server is logging the browser/platform information.

Top Platforms by Visits Trend




Top Platforms by Visits



Top Platforms

	Platform	Visits	%	Views
1.	Windows XP	14,959	58.56%	21,495
2.	Others	4,245	16.62%	10,352
3.	Windows NT	1,531	5.99%	2,180
4.	Windows 2000	1,451	5.68%	2,081
5.	Macintosh	1,426	5.58%	1,871
6.	Linux	917	3.59%	1,239
7.	Macintosh PowerPC	527	2.06%	715
8.	Windows 98	183	0.72%	200
9.	Windows 2003	123	0.48%	191
10.	Windows Win32s	103	0.40%	193
11.	FreeBSD	23	0.09%	2,126
12.	Windows ME	21	0.08%	46
13.	Windows 95	17	0.07%	17
14.	Windows 3.x	14	0.05%	649
15.	SunOS	6	0.02%	71
	Total	25,546	100.00%	43,426

Top Platforms – Help Card

 **Hits** – Number of hits by visitors using the specified platform. Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.

Platform – The specified platform being analyzed. The operating system used by the visitor to your site.

Total – The total hits or visits that were not identified as from a spider. This number may be less than the total overall.

Visits – Number of visits by visitors using the specified platform. A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle–time limit. The default idle–time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.

% – Percentage of hits or visits by those using the specified platform.



—
This information is useful when determining what content to include on your web site.

Glossary

The following terms are used in Reporting Center reports, and some are used throughout the World Wide Web in general.

Glossary

Active Campaign	The Active Campaign is one that a visitor has seen or received that has not reached the end of its duration.
Active Campaigns	The Active Campaign is one that a visitor has seen or received that has not reached the end of its duration.
Ad	A graphic or banner which takes a visitor to another web site when clicked.
Ad Click	A click on an advertisement which takes a visitor to another web site.
Ad View	Occurs when an ad is displayed to a visitor. Once visitors have viewed an ad, they can click on it (see Ad Click). There may be more than one ad on an ad view.
Authenticated Username	A unique visitor tracked by user name and password rather than by IP address. You may find more authenticated user names than total visitors because several persons may be using the same IP address. Since many ISPs dynamically assign IP addresses, and since multiple visitors may use a single IP address, authentication is a much more accurate way to identify visitors.
Authentication	Technique that limits access to Internet or intranet resources to visitors who identify themselves by entering a user name and password.
Avg. Frequency	This measure is the average number of times these visitors have visited your site over their lifetime.
Avg. Latency	This measure is the average number of days between visits for visitors over their lifetime. Note: A zero latency means the average time between visits is less than 24 hours.
Avg. Lifetime Value	The average lifetime value is the average of the sum of all order values.
Avg. Most Recent Purchase Amt.	The average most recent purchase amount for this group of visitors.
Avg. Recency	The number of days since the last visit is averaged for each visit in the reporting timeframe. Note: A zero recency means you have visited within the last 24 hours, or that the average value is less than one day.
Bandwidth	Measure of the traffic on a site. Bandwidth is expressed as the amount of data transferred in a specified unit of time.
Browser	A program used to locate and view web pages. These include Netscape, Mosaic, Microsoft Internet Explorer, and others.
Campaign Lifetime Value	The total order value associated to the campaign.
Click Through Rate	Percentage of visitors who viewed an ad and also clicked on it. This is a good indication of an ad's effectiveness.
Client	A computer that accesses resources provided by another computer, called a server.
Client Errors	An error occurring due to an invalid request by the visitor's browser. Client errors are in the 400-range. See the "Status Code" glossary entry for more information.

Company Database	The database installed and used by Reporting Center to look up the company name, city, state, and country corresponding to a specific domain name.
Cookies	Files containing information about web site visitors. This information can include the visitor's user name, preferences, etc. The information is provided by visitors during their first visit to a web site. The server records this information in a text file and stores it on the visitor's hard drive. At the beginning of later visits, the server looks for a cookie and configures itself based on the information provided.
Days Since First Purchase	The number of days since the first purchase since these visitors have been tracked.
Days Since Most Recent Purchase	The number of days since the last purchase for the campaign.
Destination Page	A page chosen by the system administrator for Path Analysis. The Path Analysis pages track which clicks brought each visitor to the selected Destination Page.
Domain Name	The text name corresponding to the IP address of a computer on the Internet. For example, www.webtrends.com is a domain name.
Domain Name Lookup	The process of converting an IP address into a text name (for example, 204.245.240.194 is converted to www.webtrends.com).
Entry File	The first file requested by a visitor during a visit to your web site.
Entry Page	The first page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non-page files, that visit has no entry page. This can cause the total number of entry pages to be less than the total number of visits.
Exit Page	The last page viewed during a visit to your web site. If a visit consists only of hits to non-page files, that visit has no exit page. This can cause the total number of exit pages to be less than the total number of visits.
FTP	File Transfer Protocol. It is a standard method of sending files from one computer to another over the Internet.
File Type	Identifies types of files by their file extension. For example, a file named graphic.gif is identified as type "gif."
Filters	A means of narrowing the scope of a report by specifying ranges or types of data to include or exclude.
First Campaign	The First Campaign is the one that originally drove a visitor to your site.
First Campaign Lifetime Value	The lifetime value is the sum of all order values.
First Campaign Type	User-defined category shown for the first campaign for a visitor. Examples include online banner ads, e-marketing newsletters, and direct mail campaigns.
Frequency	Frequency is the number of times this visitor has visited your site since this visitor has been tracked.
GIF	Graphics Interchange Format. It is a graphics file format commonly used in HTML documents.
Geography	Geography indicates the world region, country, state/province, and city.
HTML	Hypertext Markup Language. It is the programming language for static web pages. It usually includes hypertext links between related objects and documents.
HTTP	Hypertext Transfer Protocol. It is a standard method of transferring data between a Web server and a Web browser.
Hit	Each file requested by a visitor registers as a hit. There can be several hits on each page. While the volume of hits reflects the amount of server traffic, it is not an accurate reflection of the number of pages viewed.
Home Page	The main or introductory page of a web site. The home page provides visitors with an

overview and links to the rest of the site. It often contains or links to a Table of Contents.

Home Page URL	The URL for the home page of the site analyzed in the report.
IP Address	Internet Protocol Address. It is a series of four one- to three-digit numbers separated by periods. It is used to identify a computer connected to the Internet. For example, 212.6.125.76 is an IP address.
JPEG	Joint Photographic Expert Group. It is a compressed graphics format common on the Internet.
Latency	This measure is the average number of days between visits for visitors over their lifetime. Note: A zero latency means the average time between visits is less than 24 hours.
Lifetime Value	This is the maximum value for all orders for this period.
Log File	A file created by a Web or proxy server which contains information about the activity of the server.
Most Recent Campaign	The Most Recent Campaign is the last one that a visitor has seen or received that has not reached the end of its duration.
New Users	Visitors who didn't have a cookie on their first visit, but had one during later visits.
No Referrer	Indicates visits to your web site that did not originate from any other site. For example, any visitor who types the URL of your site directly into their browser window fits into this category.
Order Count	This measure reflects the number of orders from completed purchases.
Order Value	This measure reflects the monetary amount generated from completed purchases.
Other	In tables showing a variable-length list of items, the number of items may exceed the number that can be viewed at one time. The values for the items not currently shown are added together and shown in the row named "Other."
Page	Any document, dynamic page, or form. Different types of profiles have different default settings for which file extensions qualify a file as a page. These settings can be changed by the Reporting Center system administrator.
Page View	A hit to any file classified as a page. Contrast the value for "page views" with the value for "hits," which includes hits to files of every type.
Palm Browser	A program used on a Palm device to display site content, similar to Netscape or Internet Explorer on PCs.
Palm Device	A portable personal computer small enough to fit in the palm of a person's hand. Reporting Center reports only include Palm devices if the log files shows the device used a Palm browser.
Path Through Site	The sequence of pages a visitor views, from the entry page to the exit page and all pages in between.
Paths from Start	The sequence of pages a visitor views, excluding the entry page.
Paths to Destination	The sequence of pages a visitor views before arriving at a selected Destination Page.
Platform	Refers to the operating system, such as Linux or Windows 98.
Protocol	An established method of exchanging data over the Internet.
Purchase Conversion Funnel	Analysis of the conversion process through a four-step purchase process.
Purchase Count	The total number of purchase transactions (not units ordered) for this visitor since the visitor has been tracked.
Recency	This measure is the number of days since the most recent visit for a visitor.

Referrer	URL of a web page that refers visitors to your site.
Report Period	The dates covered in the report. You may select a report period of any day, week, month, quarter, or year within the data provided by the log analysis.
Returning Visitors	Visitors who already had a cookie from your site before they visited.
Scenario Analysis Step	The name of the step in the defined scenario. The step marks progress on the path that is being monitored.
Script	A simple programming language used to execute specific or limited tasks. Scripts are often used for pages on the Internet to serve dynamic content and to tailor pages for individual visitors.
Search Keywords	A keyword is a single word from within a search phrase. In the phrase "cordless phone" the individual keywords are "cordless" and "phone".
Search Phrase	The search phrase a visitor used to find your site.
Server	A computer that hosts information available to anyone accessing the Internet or an internal intranet.
Server Error	An error occurring on the server. Web server errors have codes in the 500 range.
Single Access Page	A page on your web site that visitors open, then exit from, without viewing any other page. To qualify, the visit must be to a page with a valid document type. If the visit is to a document with a different type (such as a graphic or sound file), the file does not count as a single access page, and the visit is not included in the total. Such visits are often the result of other sites referencing a specific downloadable file or graphic on your site. In these cases, a visit may have a single hit to a non-document type file, and will not be counted in the percentage calculations.
Spider	An automated program which searches the internet.
Status Code	The HTTP status code of a file request specifies whether the transfer was successful or not, and why. These codes are defined in RFC 2616, section 6.1.1.

"Success" codes:

100 = Success: Continue
101 = Success: Switching Protocols
200 = Success: OK
201 = Success: Created
202 = Success: Accepted
203 = Success: Non-Authoritative Information
204 = Success: No Content
205 = Success: Reset Content
206 = Success: Partial Content
300 = Success: Multiple Choices
301 = Success: Moved Permanently
302 = Success: Found
303 = Success: See Other
304 = Success: Not Modified
305 = Success : Use Proxy
307 = Success : Temporary Redirect

"Failed" codes:

400 = Failed: Bad Request
401 = Failed: Unauthorized
402 = Failed: Payment Required
403 = Failed: Forbidden

404 = Failed: Not Found
405 = Failed: Method Not Allowed
406 = Failed: Not Acceptable
407 = Failed: Proxy Authentication Required
408 = Failed: Request Time-out
409 = Failed: Conflict
410 = Failed: Gone
411 = Failed: Length Required
412 = Failed: Precondition Failed
413 = Failed: Request Entity Too Large
414 = Failed: Request-URI Too Large
415 = Failed: Unsupported Media Type
416 = Failed: Requested range not satisfiable
417 = Failed: Expectation Failed
500 = Failed: Internal Server Error
501 = Failed: Not Implemented
502 = Failed: Bad Gateway
503 = Failed: Service Unavailable
504 = Failed: Gateway Time-out
505 = Failed: HTTP Version Not Supported

Subtotal	In tables showing a variable length list of items, the number of items may exceed the number that can be viewed at one time. The values for the items currently shown are added together and shown in the row named "Subtotal."
Suffix (Domain Name)	See "Top-Level Domain."
Time Interval	A one-year report displays monthly time increments. A one-quarter report displays weekly time increments. A one-month report or a one-week report displays daily time increments. A daily report displays hourly time increments. An hour-long interval marked 12:00, for example, includes all activity between 12:00 and 12:59.
Time before Order	The number of days between a new buyer's first visit and first purchase.
Time between Purchases	The number of days between a visitor's previous purchase and most recent purchase in this report period.
Top-Level Domain	The suffix of a domain name. A top-level domain can be based on the type of organization (.com, .edu, .museum, .name, etc) or it can be a country code (.uk, .de, .jp, .us, etc.). The top-level domain can be used to identify the type of web site. The following is a partial list of how this report categorizes top-level domains:

ARPANET: .arpa

Commercial: .com .co .com.[country code] .co.[country code] .firm.co .firm.ve .ltd.uk .info .biz

Education: .edu .edu.[country-code] .ed.[country code] .ac.[country code] .school.[country code] .k12.[country code] .re.kr .sch.uk .edunet.tn

International: .int .int.co .int.ve .intl.tn

Government: .gov .gov.[country code] .gove.[country code] .go.[country code]

Military: .mil .mil.[country code]

Network: .net .ad.jp .ne.kr .net.[country code]

Organization: .org .or .org.[country code] .or.[country code]

Personal: .name

Total	This table row gives the sum of all of the items for the current table during this report period. If the number of items for the table exceeds the number that can be viewed at one time, then a "Subtotal" row and an "Other" row will also be provided, and their sum will equal the Total row.
Traffic	The quantity of data transferred.
URL	Uniform Resource Locator. It is a means of identifying an exact location on the Internet. For example, http://www.webtrends.com/html/info/default.htm is the URL which defines the location of the page Default.htm in the /html/info/ directory on the NetIQ Corporation web site. As the previous example shows, a URL is comprised of four parts: Protocol Type (HTTP), Machine Name (webtrends.com), Directory Path (/html/info/), and File Name (default.htm).
Unique Visitors	Individuals who visited your site during the report period. If someone visits more than once, they are counted only the first time they visit.
User Agent	Portion of a log file that identifies the browser and platform used by a visitor.
Users Without Cookies	Visitors who come to your site with cookies disabled. There is no way to determine if these visitors are new or returning.
Visit	A visit is a series of actions that begins when a visitor views their first page from the server, and ends when the visitor leaves the site or remains idle beyond the idle-time limit. The default idle-time limit is thirty minutes. This time limit can be changed by the system administrator.
Visit Duration (Minutes)	The number of minutes your web site was viewed by a visitor.
Visitor Minutes	Total number of minutes your site was viewed by all visitors during the report period.
Visits with Clicks	Visits to your site where at least one ad was clicked on.
WAP Browser	A program used on a WAP device to display site content, similar to Netscape or Internet Explorer on PCs.
WAP Carrier	A server that acts as an intermediary and relays requests from visitors with WAP devices to your site.
WAP Device	A wireless device using Wireless Application Protocol (WAP), such as a cellular telephone or radio transceiver, that can be used to access the Internet. Reporting Center reports only include WAP devices if the log file shows the device used a WAP browser.
WTLS	Acronym for Wireless Transport Layer Security protocol, which is the security layer endorsed by the WAP Forum (www.wapforum.org). Its primary goal is to provide privacy, data integrity, and authentication for WAP applications.